

New *Radiance* “WGMDfunc”
Material Primitive

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The Reason

(It better be good...)

- Gap between basic types and BSDF materials
 - *plastic, metal, glass*, etc. have little flexibility
 - *plasfunc, metdata, BRTDfunc, aBSDF* require measurements and/or coding in beloved .cal files
- Spectral colors come in via pattern modifiers and are assigned based on material type
 - difficult to assign to different components
- *mixfunc* awkward for combining materials

The Concept

- Build on “physically plausible”
Ward-Geisler-Moroder-Dür reflectance model
 - anisotropic Gaussian lobe + Lambertian
 - includes Fresnel component if smooth (0 roughness)
- Provide functional control over each component
& separate modifier paths
 - compromise between simplicity and flexibility
 - direct mechanism to control spectra

Taoning Wang made initial suggestion

David Geisler-Moroder provided guidance/feedback

The Details

- Four independent modifiers for specular and diffuse reflectance and transmission
 - mixtures only other primitives with > 1 modifier path
- Expressions for specular parameters:
 - rs = specular reflection (front and back)
 - rs_urough, rs_vrough = anisotropic rs roughness
 - ts = specular transmission (front and back)
 - ts_urough, ts_vrough = anisotropic ts roughness
 - ux, uy, uz = anisotropic orientation vector

The Caveats

- Specular colors/spectra defined via modifiers
 - requires some outboard *colorfunc* primitives
- Not all functions are valid as parameters
 - variable coefficients and/or roughness often violate Helmholtz reciprocity
 - the same holds true for other BSDF primitive types
- Care required that extra light is not generated
 - sum of coefficients should be < 1.0

Basic Template

```
mod WGMDfunc id  
13+ rs_mod rs rs_rough rs_vrough  
    ts_mod ts ts_rough ts_vrough  
    td_mod  
    ux uy uz funcfile [transform]  
0  
9+  rfdif gfdif bfdif  
    rbdif gbdif bbdif  
    rtdif gtdif btdif  
    [A10 ..]
```

- The *rs* and *ts* expressions determine specular reflection and transmission components, respectively, and either or both may be 0
- The main modifier (*mod*) affects diffuse reflection, but any of the named modifiers may share it by specifying 'inherit'
- Similarly, a 'void' modifier equates to white

```

mod WGMDfunc id
13+ rs_mod rs rs_rough rs_vrough
    ts_mod ts ts_rough ts_vrough
    td_mod
    ux uy uz funcfile [transform]
0
9+ rfdif gfdif bfdif
    rbdif gbdif bbdif
    rtdif gtdif btdif
[A10 ..]

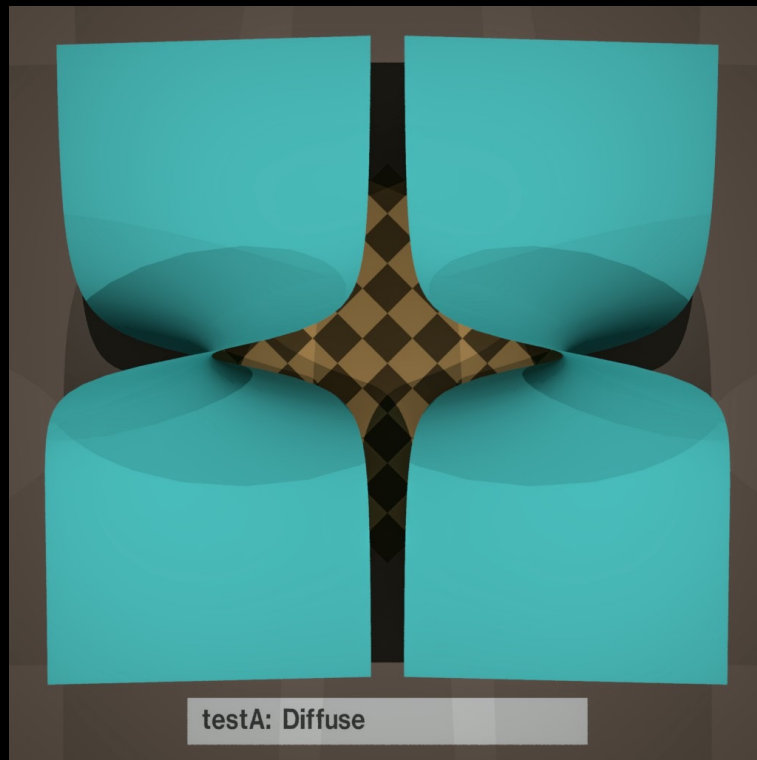
```

- The *rs_mod*, *ts_mod*, and *td_mod* identifiers specify independent reflected-specular, transmitted-specular, and transmitted-diffuse modifiers
- The *rs_rough* and *rs_vrough* roughnesses apply to reflected-specular
- The *ts_rough* and *ts_vrough* expressions apply to transmitted-specular
- The *ux*, *uy*, and *uz* expressions orient these roughness values
- Real parameters give diffuse RGB values, which may be modified by spectra

WGMDfunc Example (1)

WGMDfunc

```
void WGMDfunc wgmdf_mat
13
    void 0 0 0
    void 0 0 0
    void
    0 0 0 .
0
9
    .1 .4 .4
    .1 .4 .4
    0 0 0
```



Reference

```
void plastic ref_mat
0
0
5 .1 .4 .4 0 0
```


WGMDfunc Example (2)

WGMDfunc

```
void colorfunc cchecked
4 check(.7) check(.05)
check(.05) locheck.cal
0
0

cchecked WGMDfunc wgmdf_mat
13
    void 0 0 0
    void 0 0 0
    void
    0 0 0 .

0
9
    .8 .8 .8
    .8 .8 .8
    0 0 0
```



Reference

```
void colorfunc cchecked
4 check(.7) check(.05)
check(.05) locheck.cal
0
0

cchecked plastic ref_mat
0
0
5 .8 .8 .8 0 0
```

WGMDfunc Example (3)

WGMDfunc

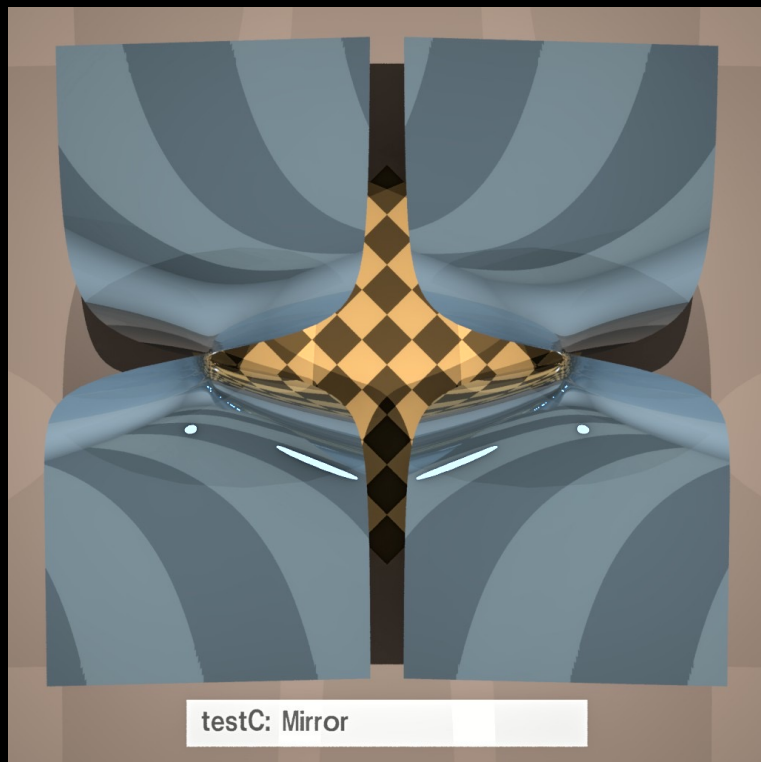
```
void colorfunc metal_color  
4 .3 .4 .5 .  
0  
0
```

```
metal_color WGMDfunc  
wgmdf_mat  
13
```

```
inherit .9 0 0  
void 0 0 0  
void  
0 0 0 .
```

0
9

```
.1 .1 .1  
.1 .1 .1  
0 0 0
```



Reference

```
void metal ref_mat  
0  
0  
5 .3 .4 .5 .9 0
```

WGMDfunc Example (4)

WGMDfunc

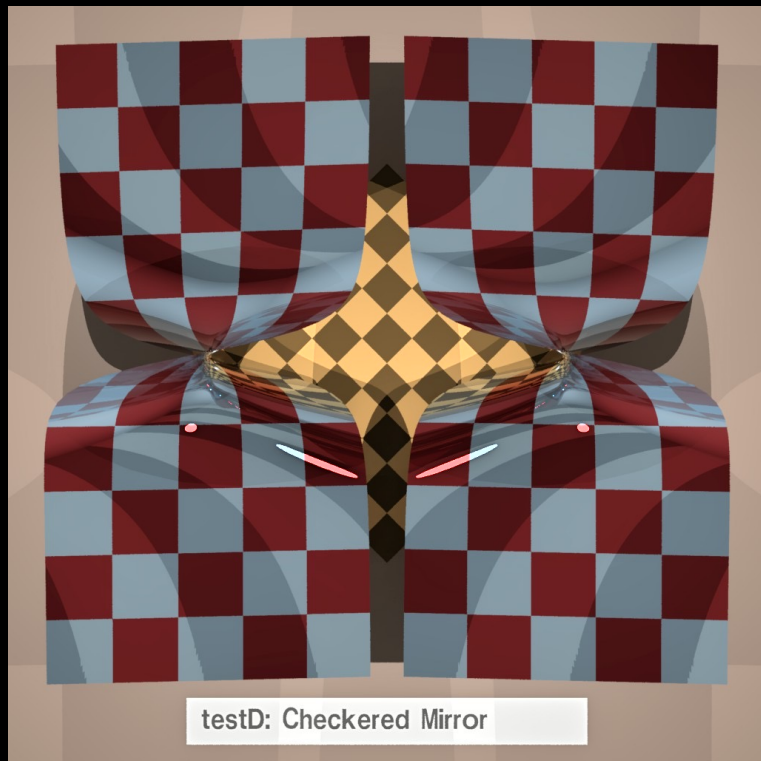
```
void colorfunc cchecked  
4 check(.7) check(.05)  
check(.05) locheck.cal  
0  
0
```

```
metal_color WGMDfunc  
wgmdf_mat  
13
```

```
inherit .9 0 0  
void 0 0 0  
void  
0 0 0 .
```

```
0  
9
```

```
.1 .1 .1  
.1 .1 .1  
0 0 0
```



Reference

```
void colorfunc cchecked  
4 check(.7) check(.05)  
check(.05) locheck.cal  
0  
0
```

```
void colorfunc cchecked  
4 check(.7) check(.05)  
check(.05) locheck.cal  
0  
0
```

```
cchecked metal ref_mat  
0  
0  
5 .3 .4 .5 .9 0
```

WGMDfunc Example (5)

WGMDfunc

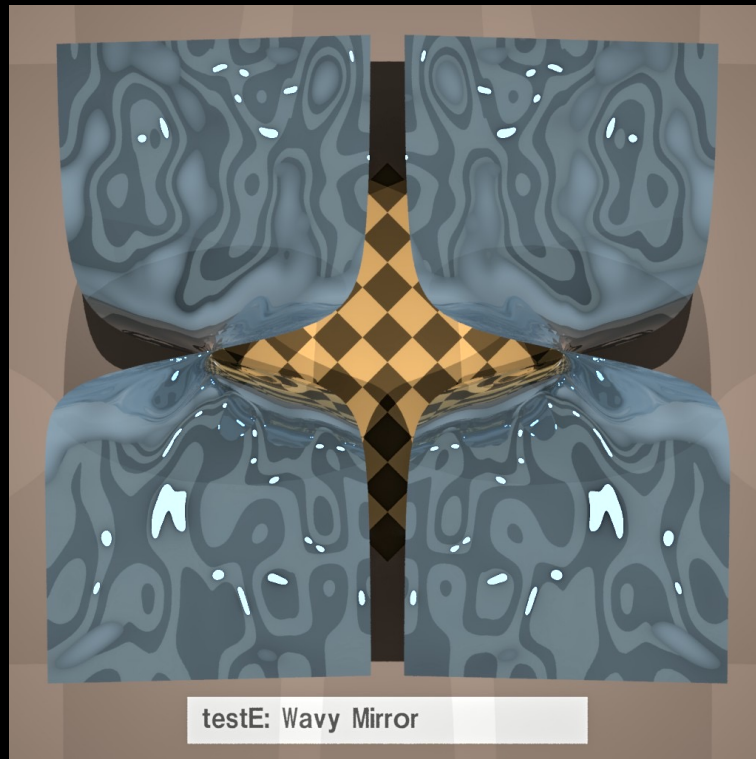
```
void texfunc wavy
4
.2*noise3a(8*Lu,4*Lv,Pz)
`if(Py,.2,-
.2)*noise3b(8*Lu,4*Lv,Pz)`
.2*noise3c(8*Lu,4*Lv,Pz) .
0
0

wavy colorfunc metal_color
4 .3 .4 .5 .
0
0
0

metal_color WGMDfunc wgmdf_mat
13
    inherit .9 0 0
    void 0 0 0
    void
    0 0 0 .

0
9

.1 .1 .1
.1 .1 .1
0 0 0
```



Reference

```
void texfunc wavy
4
.2*noise3a(8*Lu,4*Lv,Pz)
`if(Py,.2,-.2)*
noise3b(8*Lu,4*Lv,Pz)`
.2*noise3c(8*Lu,4*Lv,Pz) .
0
0

wavy metal ref_mat
0
0
5 .3 .4 .5 .9 0
```

WGMDfunc Example (6)

WGMDfunc

```
void colorfunc cchecked
4 check(.1) check(.05) check(.7)
locheck.cal
0
0

cchecked colorfunc trans_color
4 .85 .9 .8 .
0
0

void WGMDfunc wgmdf_mat
13
    void .07 0 0
    trans_color .93 0 0
    void
    0 0 0 .
0
9
    0 0 0
    0 0 0
    0 0 0
```



Reference

```
void colorfunc cchecked
4 check(.1) check(.05)
check(.7) locheck.cal
0
0

cchecked trans ref_mat
0
0
7 .85 .9 .8 .07 0 1 1
```

WGMDfunc Example (7)

WGMDfunc

```
void colorfunc cchecked
4 check(.1) check(.05) check(.7)
locheck.cal
0
0

cchecked WGMDfunc wgmdf_mat
13
    void .07 0 0
    void 0 0 0
    inherit
    0 0 0 .

0
9
0.39525 0.4185 0.372
0.39525 0.4185 0.372
0.39525 0.4185 0.372
```



Reference

```
void colorfunc cchecked
4 check(.1) check(.05)
check(.7) locheck.cal
0
0

cchecked trans ref_mat
0
0
7 .85 .9 .8 .07 0 .5 0
```

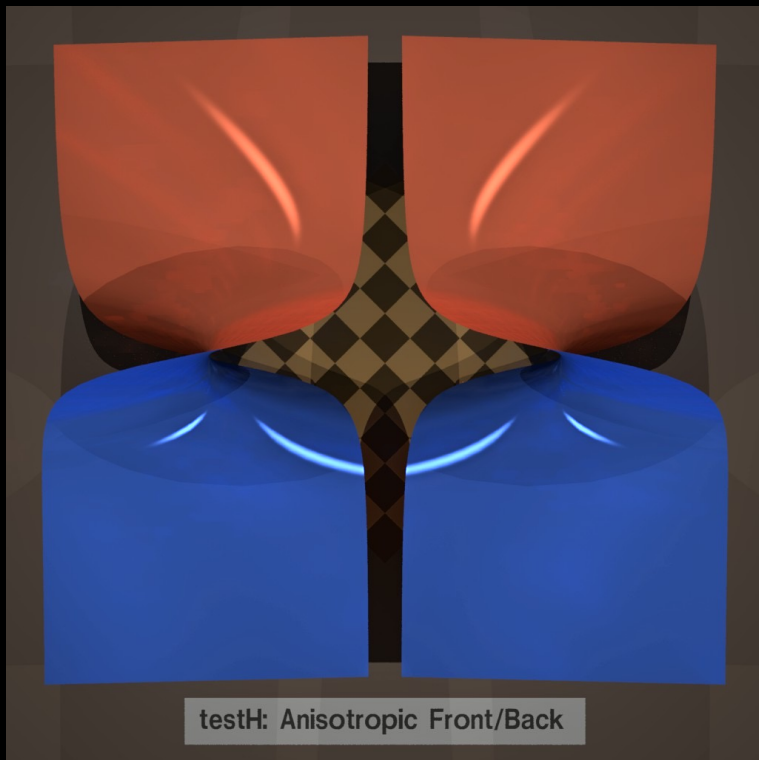
WGMDfunc Example (8)

WGMDfunc

```
void colorfunc mat_color
4 if(Rdot,.1,.9) .2
  if(Rdot,.9,.1) .
0
0

mat_color WGMDfunc wgmdf_mat
13
    inherit .5 .01 .08
    void 0 0 0
    void
    1 if(Rdot,1,-1) 0 .

0
9
    .5 .5 .5
    .5 .5 .5
    0 0 0
```



Reference

```
void metal2 ref_front
4 1 -1 0 .
0
6 .1 .2 .9 .5 .01 .08

void metal2 ref_back
4 1 1 0 .
0
6 .9 .2 .1 .5 .01 .08

void mixfunc ref_mat
4 ref_front ref_back
if(Rdot,1,0) .
0
0
```

More General Examples

- None of the foregoing really exercised the new capabilities of *WGMDfunc*
...because we wished to compare to existing materials to make sure there were no deviations
- The following scene is part of the regression test suite used during *Radiance* builds

WGMDfunc Examples (9-11)

```
void colorfunc check1
6 if(Check(12),.5,.1) if(Check(12),.1,.7)
if(Check(12),.4,.9)
    cylmods.cal -ry 90
```

```
0
0
```

```
void WGMDfunc wgmd_mat1
19
```

```
void if(Px,.08,0) 0 0
check1 .2 0 0
void
0 0 1
cylmods.cal -ry 90 -t -4 2.5 1.1
```

```
0
9
```

```
.01 .01 .01
.05 .2 .05
0 0 0
```

```
void texfunc pyramid2
12 Pyramid_dx(13) Pyramid_dy(13) Pyramid_dz(13)
    cylmods.cal -s .9 -rx 90 -t -4 2.5 1.1
```

```
0
0
```

```
void colorfunc check2
12 if(Check(9),.9,.1) .1 if(Check(9),.3,.1)
    cylmods.cal -s .9 -rx 90 -t -4 2.5 1.1
```

```
0
0
```

```
void WGMDfunc wgmd_mat2
17
```

```
pyramid2 .08 0 0
check2 .2 .02 .02
void
0 0 0
. -t -4 2.5 1.1
```

```
0
9
```

```
0 0 0
0 0 0
0 0 0
```

```
void colorfunc check3
10 if(Check(7),.9,.1) .1 if(Check(7),.3,.1)
    cylmods.cal -s .8 -t -4 2.5 1.1
```

```
0
0
```

```
check3 WGMDfunc wgmd_mat3
17
```

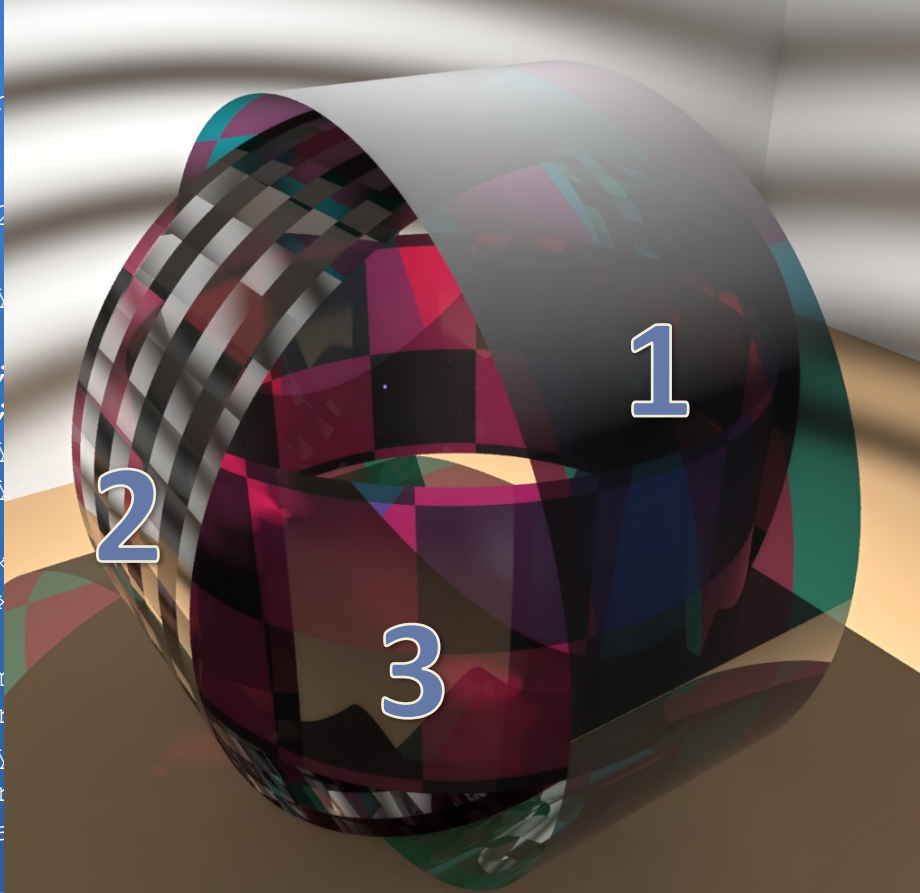
```
void .03 .08*max(Pz,0) .03*max(Pz,0)
void 0 0 0
inherit
0 0 1
. -t -4 2.5 1.1
```

```
0
9
```

```
0 0 0
.4 .1 .1
.3 .3 .4
```

WGMDfunc Examples (9-11)

```
{  
    Unit cylinder fur  
    for testing  
}  
posAngle(a):if(a,a,a+2  
  
Cx = posAngle(atan2(Py  
Cy = Pz;  
Rx(n) = n/(2*PI) * Cx;  
Ry(n) = n/(2*PI) * Cy;  
Sx(n) = .5*(Rx(n) - Ry  
Sy(n) = .5*(Rx(n) + Ry  
  
    { Check  
Check(n) = xor(frac(Rx  
  
    { Pyram  
Pyramid_dxy(n) = if(fr  
Pyramid_dx(n) = -Py*Py  
Pyramid_dy(n) = Px*Py  
Pyramid_dz(n) = if(fra
```



```
void WGMDfunc wgmd_mat2  
17
```

```
pyramid2 .08 0 0  
02 .02
```

```
1.1
```

```
eck3  
,.1) .1 if(Check(7),.3,.1)  
-s .8 -t -4 2.5 1.1
```

```
gmd_mat3
```

```
8*max(Pz,0) .03*max(Pz,0)
```

```
1.1
```

Conclusions

- New *WGMDfunc* material provides a general, flexible way to model surface interactions
- Adds programmable variables for specular, roughness parameters
- Enables multiple modifier paths - better for including spectral components

Could It Replace Other Materials?

- Maybe, but adds complexity where unneeded
- Also, *glass* and *dielectric* are simple materials that are not so simple
- No possibility of emission for light sources
- However, does provide a better translation target for general MGF materials (i.e., **mgf2rad -s**)