

21st International  
Radiance Workshop  
in Innsbruck/Austria

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**Radzilla 3.33**

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# Introduction / Looking back



Berlin Ostkreuz Station  
Lighting Design: E. Schlaefle  
Rendering C. Bauer (2001)

2001

# Introduction / Looking back

2000/2001

Started working with / developing for Radiance parallel impl. with PVM library, add. geometry/material primitives, material modelling w. funct. lang., ...

2001

Direct Cache

'radiosity approximation', calc. speed up by 3x-4x for scenes w. many light sources

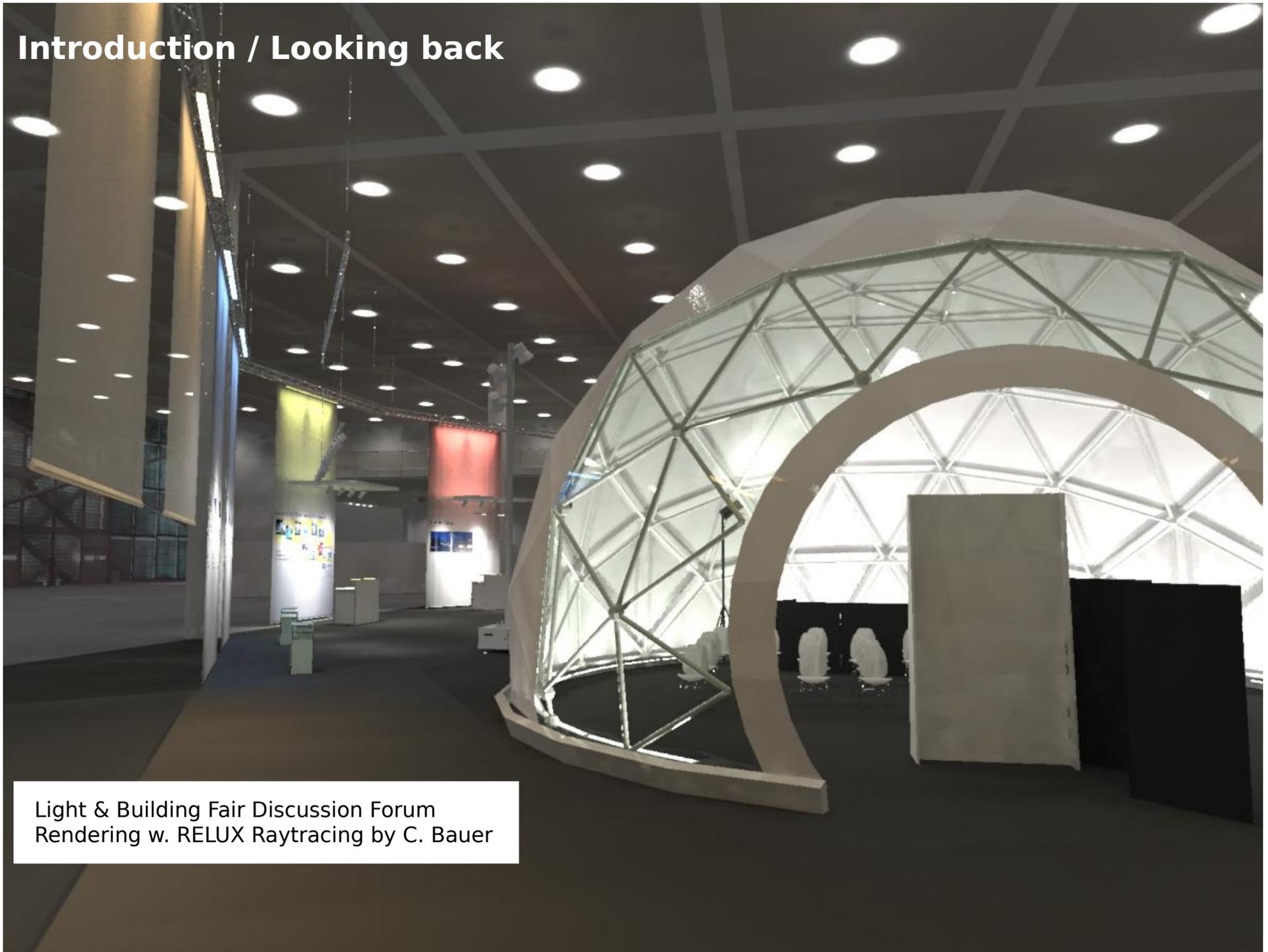
2004

Start of the Radzilla Project

C++ port, new source part. schemes, inclusion of own and 3<sup>rd</sup> party features (e.g. Photon Map), ...

2001

## Introduction / Looking back



Light & Building Fair Discussion Forum  
Rendering w. RELUX Raytracing by C. Bauer

## Introduction / Looking back



2007-2012

Work at RELUX AG, Switzerland

Radzilla became Relux Raytracer Core  
Compilation works on Linux/Unix and Windoze  
NLM (New Luminare Model), comprehensive arch. for handling  
luminaire models with 3D geometry & LDC  
RTM mesh addons/improv., ambient cache opt. (smooth interpol.)  
many other devs and mods mainly of interest for the ALM(\*)

2011

BSDF support in RELUX  
based on Radiance 4.0 approach via mkillum

2012

RELUX Vivaldi (coop. w. ZUMTOBEL)  
HDR mixing for dynamic lighting simulation (semi-interactive,  
needs precalc.)

(\*) ALM : Artificial Lighting Mafia :-)

## Introduction / Looking back

2013	Start of the Radzilla Interactive Raytracer project cf. following pages
2014/15	New parallel implementation for execution on Multicore CPUs based on Intel TBB library
2015/16	Work at Lucerne Univ. (HSLU) Radiance classic intermezzo, EvalDRC (Photon Map integration, CFS simulation framework based on rtcontrib)
~2019	First release of Radzilla Interactive Raytracer / RELUX Dynamic Planning preliminary state, indirect part still missing
2020-23	Development pause only maintenance/bugfixing continued
2023 ff.	?

# Radzilla Interactive Raytracer

## Key features:

- interactive interface for convenient working on lighting design scenes
- quick preview calculation for providing immediate feedback, although at lower precision/quality. This includes an image calculation in several steps (direct/indirect light, spec. refl.)
- option to perform fully accurate background calculation in a separate run
- runs on Linux and Windows

## Basic implementation aspects:

- comprehensive interface between Raytracer Core and RELUX GUI (command and data transfer via pipes, shared memory and files)
- enhanced/adapted geometry and material handling to accept and process edit actions
- monolithic program architecture ("all inclusive", i.e. rzpict incorporates oconv, mkillum, pfilt, gensky, ...)
- parallel execution on Multicore CPUs with help of external library (Intel TBB)
- extensive data caching structures to handle the multi pass / several calc. steps approach
- inverted ambient cache algorithm with new interpolation scheme \*\*\*not yet ready :( \*\*\*

# Radzilla Image Formula

$$(B_d + B_a + ((B_{sd} + B_{sa}) * TR + TRD_d + TRD_a) * sc) * TV + TVD_d + TVD_a + TVD_{sd} + TVD_{sa} \rightarrow \text{Image}$$

meaning of the letters:

- B : 'base', contribution from opaque objects
- T : influence of / contribution from transparent objects on the rays path (either as factor or - in comb. with D - as additional luminance)
- R : reflected direction / ray path
- V : view direction / ray path
- D : diffuse contribution of transparent objects ('trans' material)
- sc : specular reflection coefficient

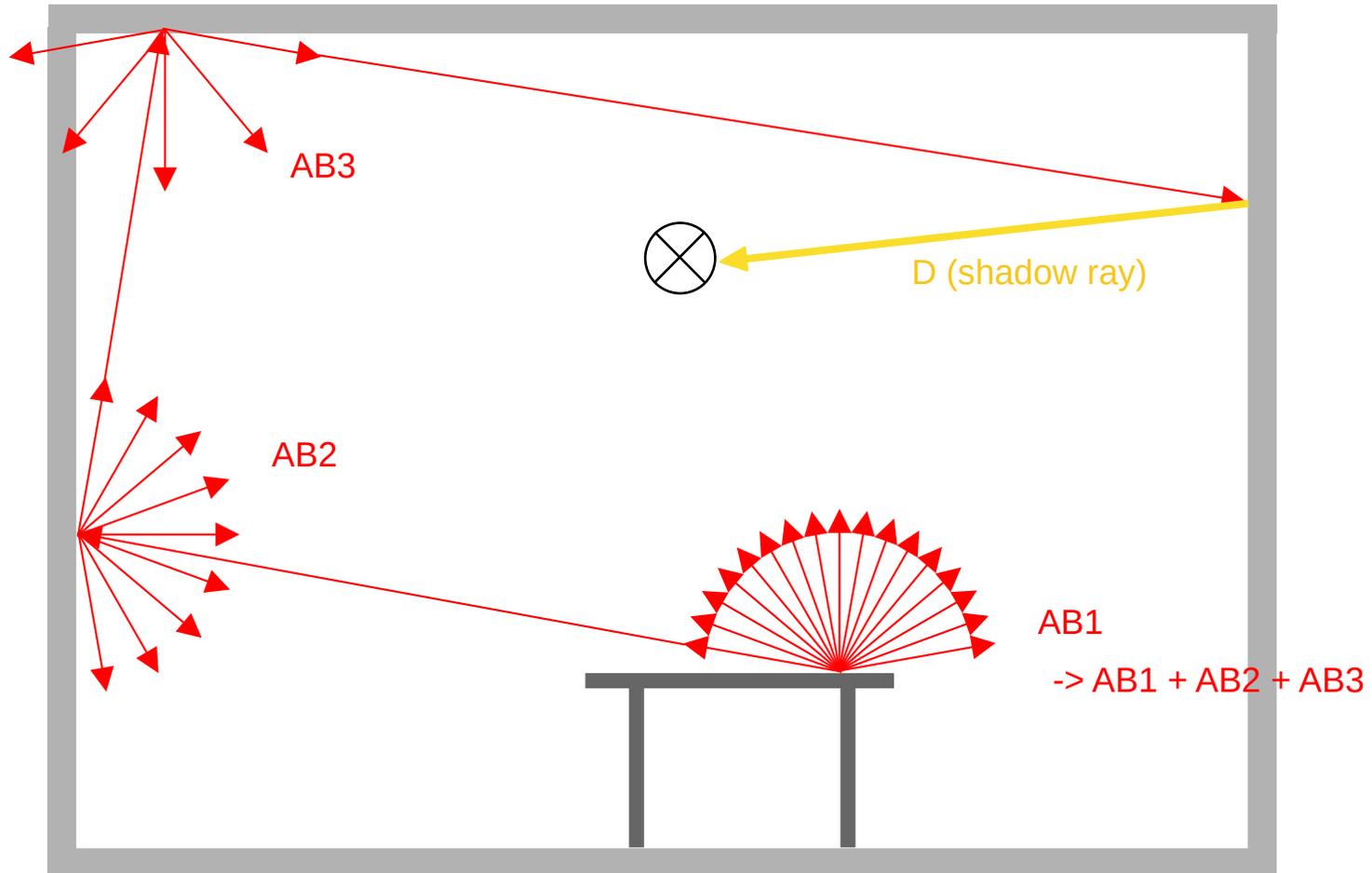
Suffixes:

- d : direct light
- a : ambient/indirect light
- sd/sa : direct/ambient light on reflected objects

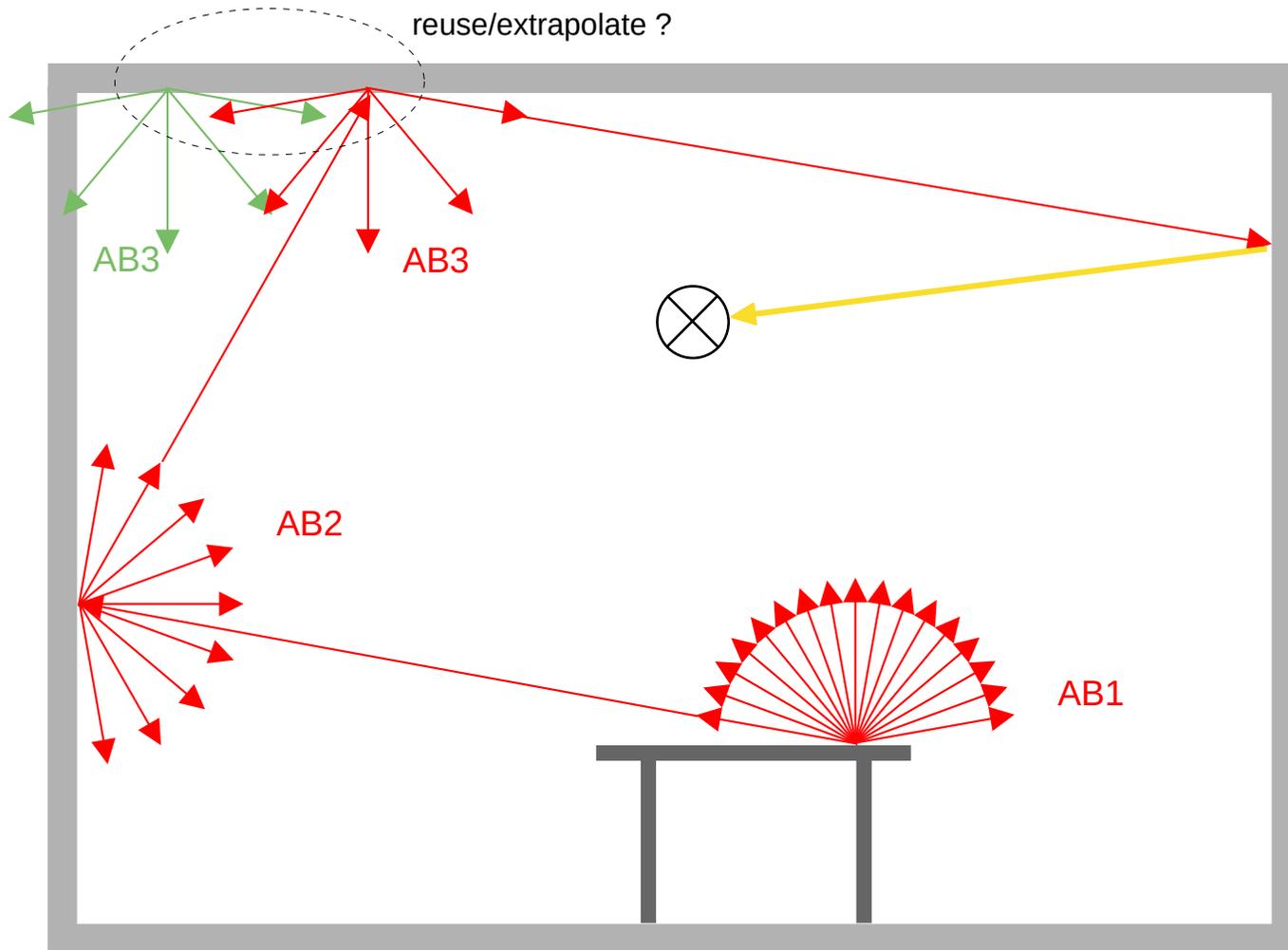
Approximation for only 1 specular reflection and separable ambient/specular contributions, resp. neglectable contribution of specular reflections to illumination

... sorting out the different contributions is left as exercise for the interested participant :)

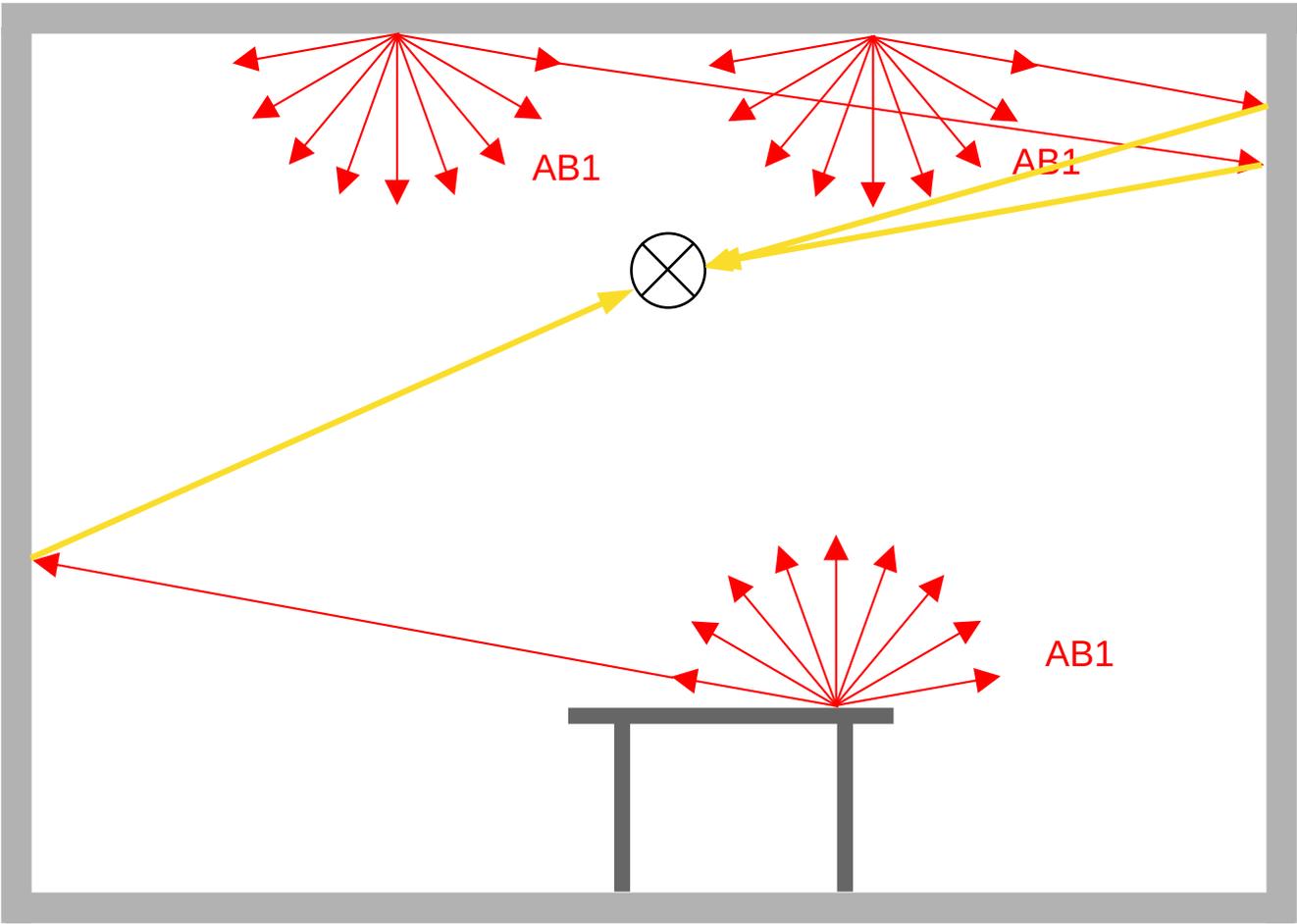
# Radiance ambient algorithm



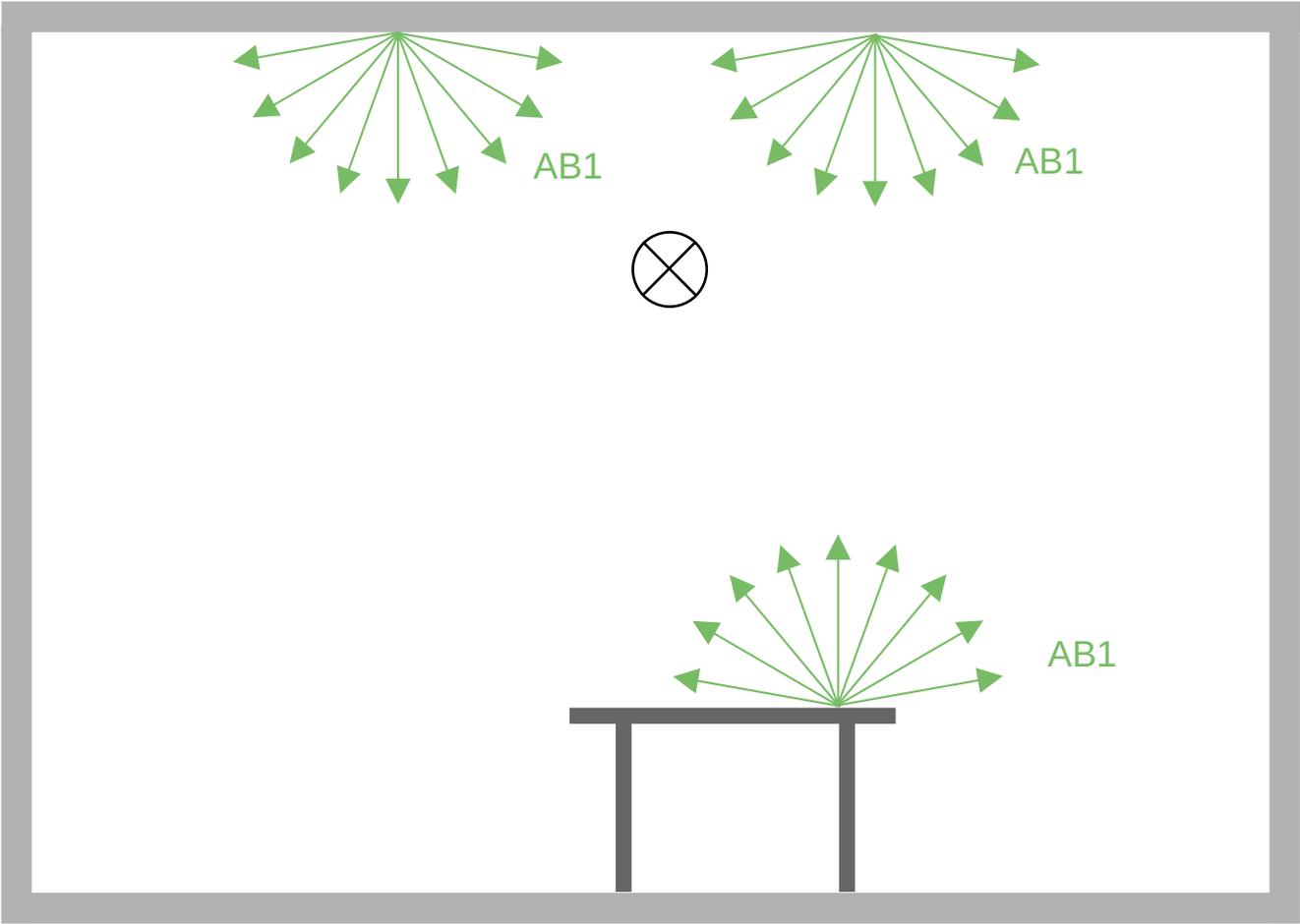
# Radiance ambient algorithm



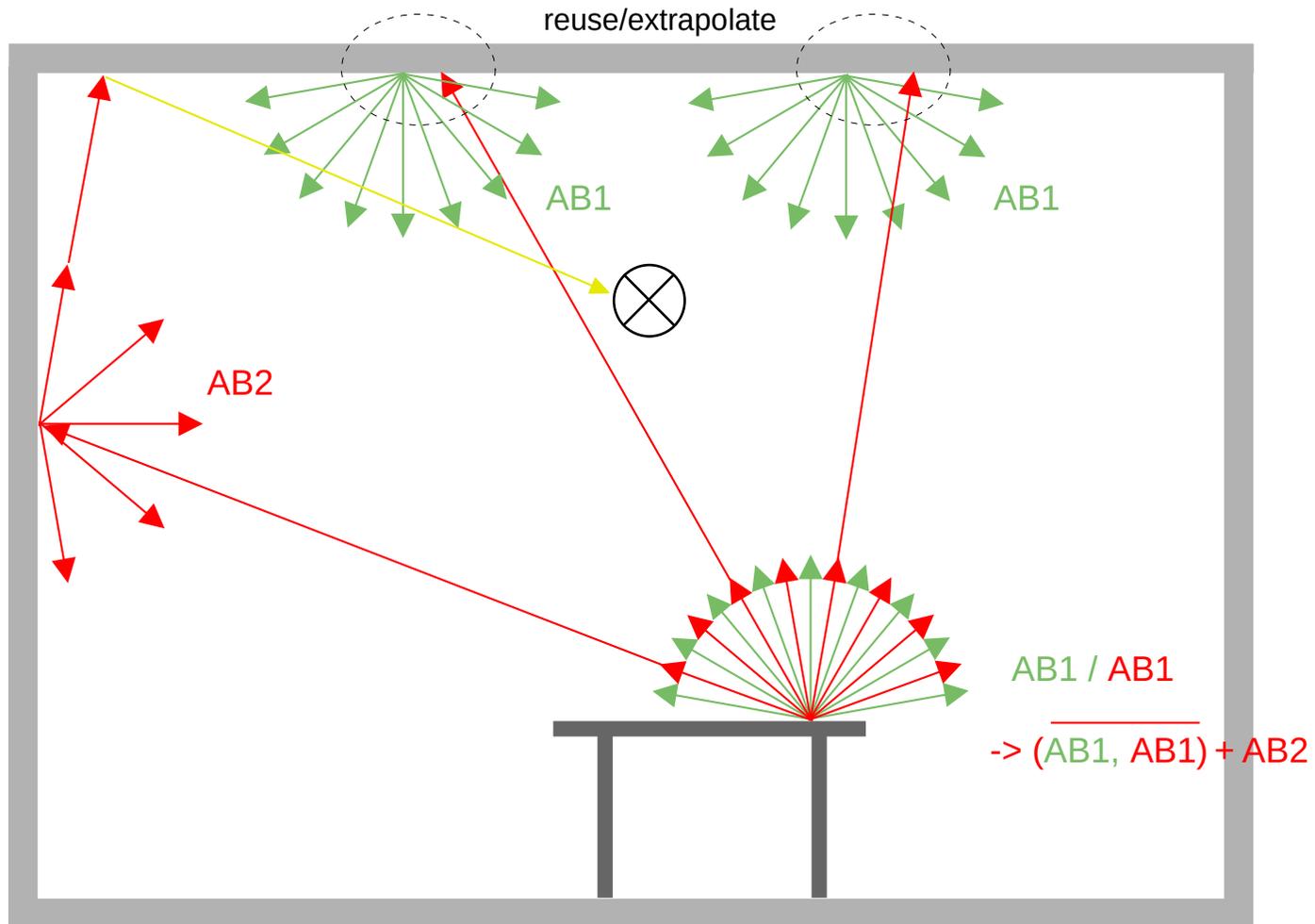
# Radzilla inverted ambient algorithm (preview/interact. mode)



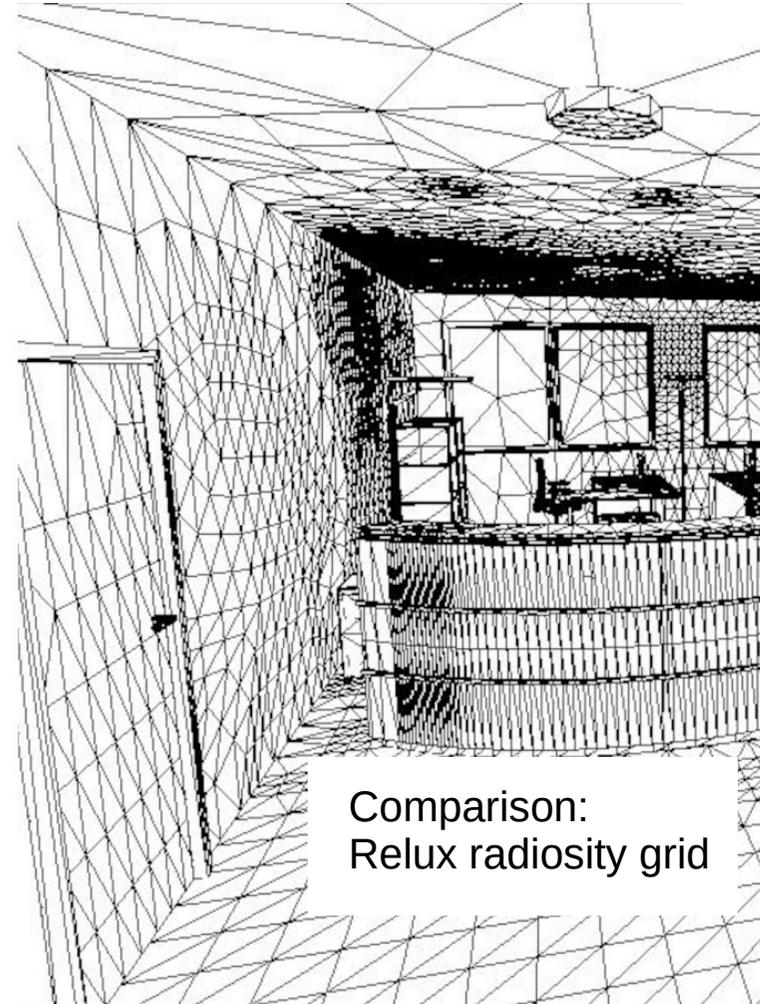
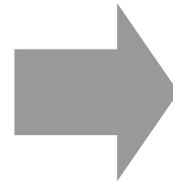
# Radzilla inverted ambient algorithm (preview/interact. mode)



# Radzilla inverted ambient algorithm (preview/interact. mode)



## Radzilla ambient interpolation (preview/interact. mode)



Task yet to accomplish:  
Organize / store ambient values in a mesh-like structure, comparable to a radiosity raster (ideally geometry-independent w. flexible resolution)

... left as exercise for the interested participant :)

**This is the end.**

I hope you enjoyed the show.

Any questions? No! Great, let's have coffee break!