

16th International Radiance Workshop / 8.21-25.2017 / Portland Kevin G. Van Den Wymelenberg, PhD, IES





## UNIVERSITY OF OREGON

Kevin Van Den Wymelenberg

@Wymelenberg kevinvdw@uoregon.edu





## **OUR CURRENT TEAM**

### **Full Time**

- 1. Ashkaan Fahimipour
- 2. Sue Ishaq
- 3. Jeff Kline
- 4. Stephanie Luiere
- 5. Alen Mahic
- 6. Alejandro Manzo
- 7. Dale Northcutt
- 8. Jason Stenson
- 9. Roo Vandegrift
- 10. Hannah Wilson

#### Co-PI

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- 4. Susan Sokolowski UO
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- 6. C. Huttenhower Harvard
- 7. R.Halden ASU
- 8. D. Johnson-Sheltin ORI
- 9. M. Riggio OSU
- 10. A. Barbosa OSU
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- 6. Daniel Hundley
- 7. Serena Lim
- 8. Andew Loia
- 9. Ryan McGowan
- 10. Gwynne Mhuireach
- 11. Amir Nezamdoost
- 12. Daniel Roth
- 13. Maria Sarao
- 14. Paul Ward











## ESBL @ UO since 1977!

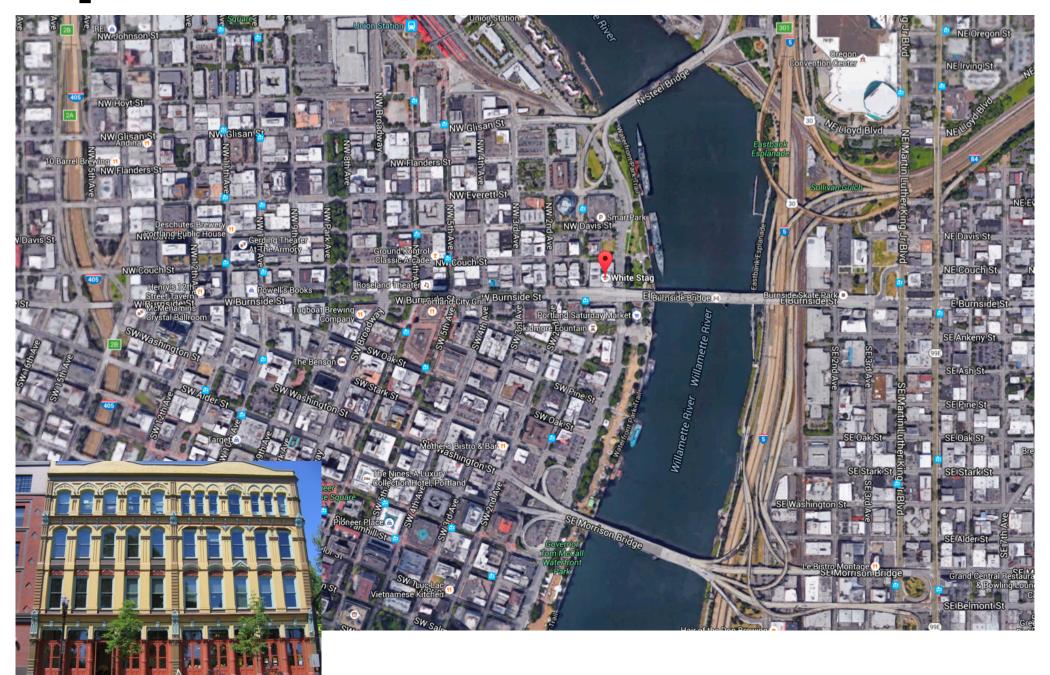
thank you GZB



## eugene



# portland





### thank you NEEA

## daylighting market transformation

via project-based education

- - 625 buildings consulted
  - 50 buildings saved > 50%

























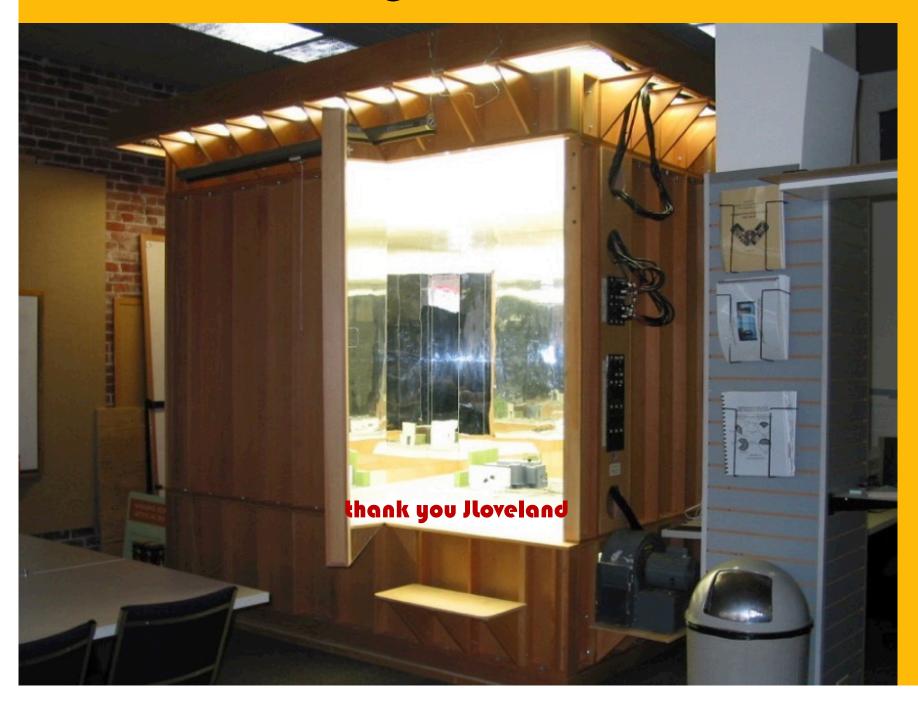




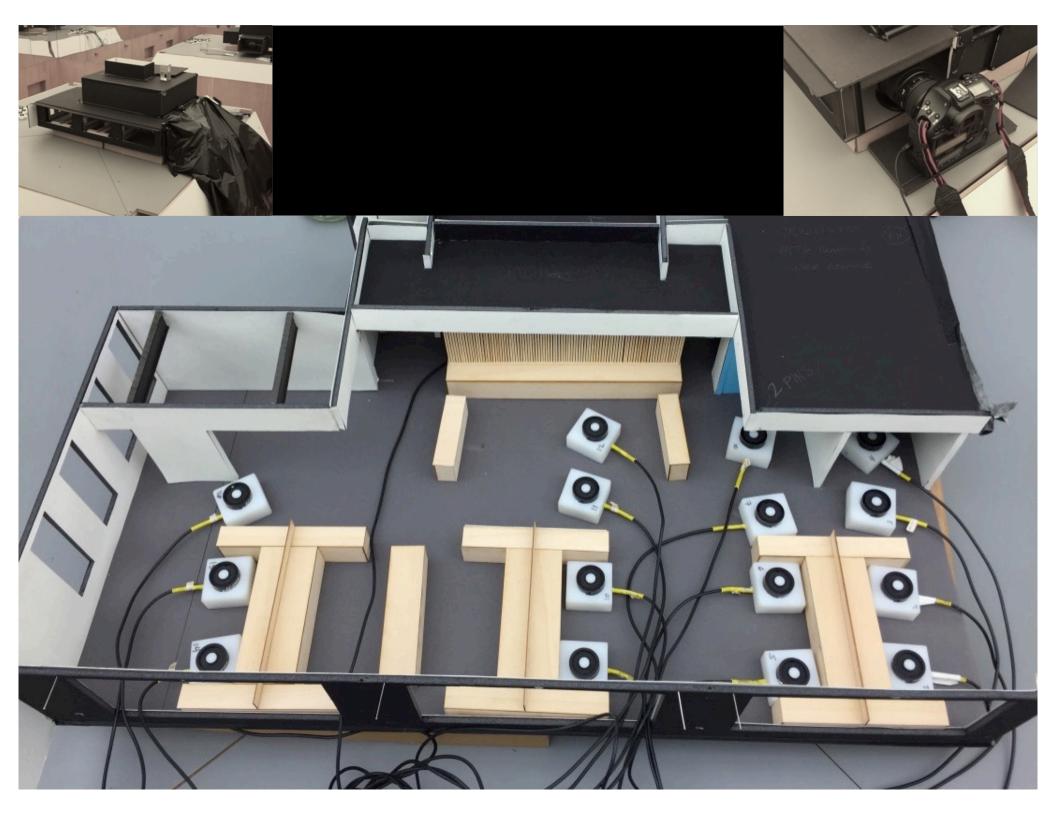




# overcast sky simulator



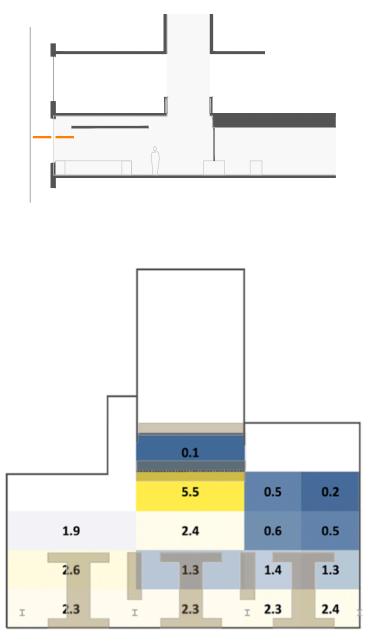








## Case A: Overhang at 8', Light Shelf at 8', W/ Skylight

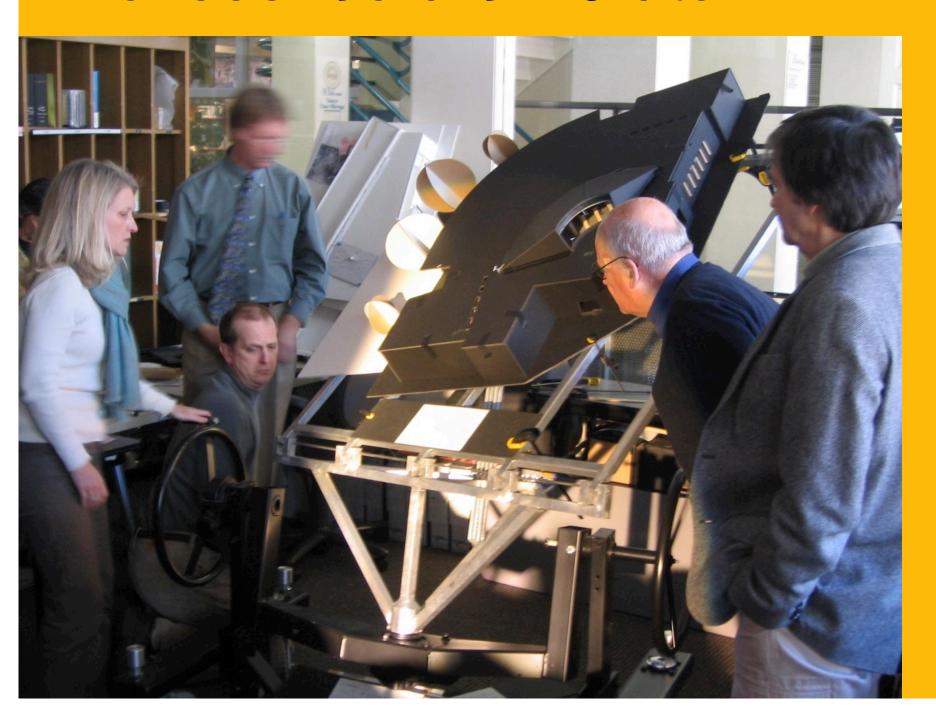




Daylight Factor
(Ratio of Outdoor Illuminance Indoors – Overcast Sky)

0.0 1.0 2.0 3.0 4.0 5.0 6.0 7.0

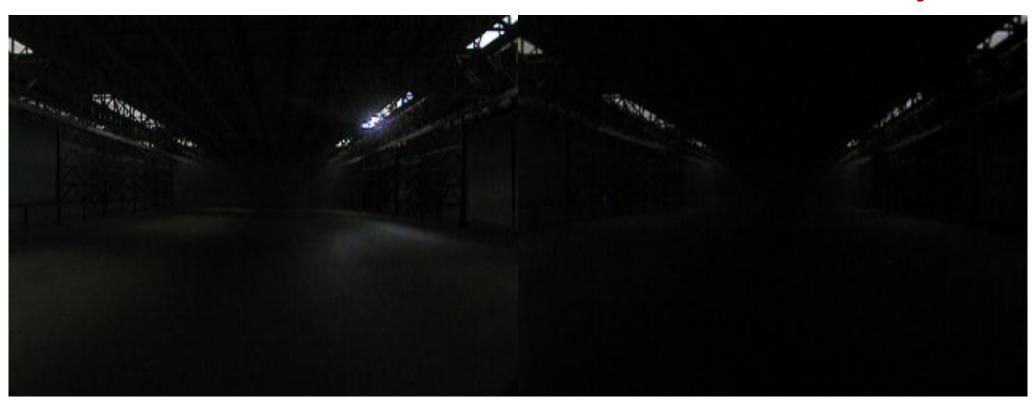
## heliodon solar simulator





September 21 Daylight Time

thank you UW



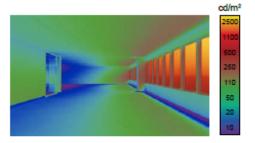
# digital daylight simulation

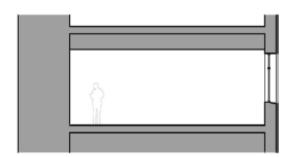


thank you NHubof

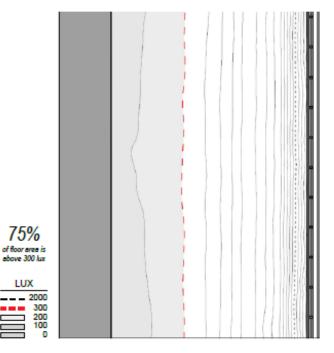
### Pattern 5.1: Interior Furniture Layout Open Volume

A horizontal band of windows at 40 percent of the opaque wall area provides daylight illumination that meets or exceeds commonly accepted minimum daylight illumination criteria at approximately 75 percent of the adjacent 26'-0" deep open office area.

























75%

LUX





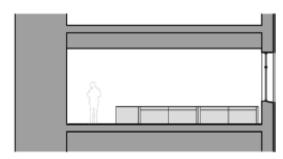




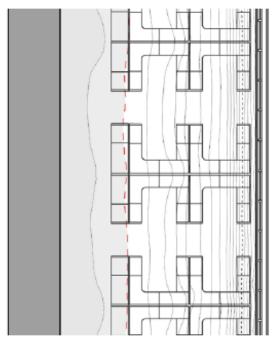
### Pattern 5.2: Interior Furniture Layout Desks Only

The inclusion of "open" desk workstations has limited impact on the daylight distribution across the horizontal workplane. Daylight levels exceed commonly accepted ambient illumination criteria at all areas except at the circulation aisle (at left).

























75% of floor area is above 300 lux LUX



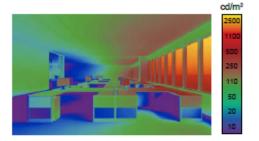


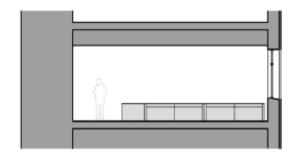




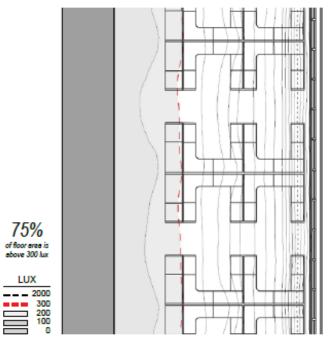
### Pattern 5.3: Interior Furniture Layout Low Panels

The inclusion of modesty panels below the 30" desk height has virtually no impact on the daylight distribution across the horizontal workplane. Daylight levels exceed commonly accepted ambient illumination criteria at all areas except the circulation aisle (at left).























75%

LUX





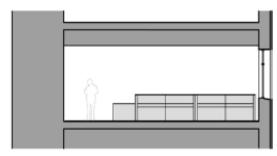




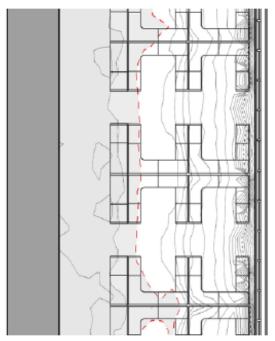
### Pattern 5.4: Interior Furniture Layout 42" Panels

The inclusion of 42" panels begin to create some shadowing at the horizontal workplane. However, ceiling brightness begins to diminish as the reflectance off of the floor and desk surfaces is reduced by the panels. Daylight levels continue to exceed commonly accepted ambient illumination criteria at nearly all workstations.

























65% of floor area is above 300 lux LUX \_\_\_ 2000





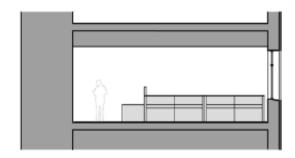




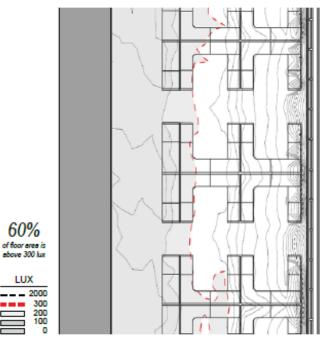
## Pattern 5.5: Interior Furniture Layout 42" Panels with Glass Partition (As-Built)

The addition of a glass partition between the aisle an the workstation area increases acoustic privacy while maintaining brightness at the "back" wall (at left). Horizontal daylight levels continue to exceed commonly accepted ambient illumination criteria at nearly all of the workstation areas.

























60%

LUX







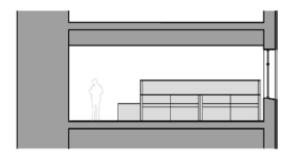


## Pattern 5.6: Interior Furniture Layout

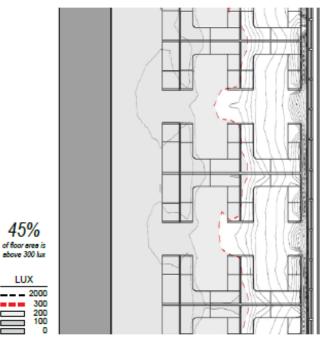
42" Panels with 60" Panels Perpendicular to Glazing

The addition of a 60" panel perpendicular to the window wall, increases both visual and acoustic privacy. Though diffuse daylight levels are reduced, views to the exterior remain largely unobstructed. Horizontal daylight levels continue to exceed commonly accepted ambient illumination criteria at 50 percent workstations.























45%

LUX







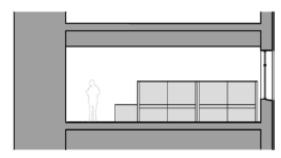




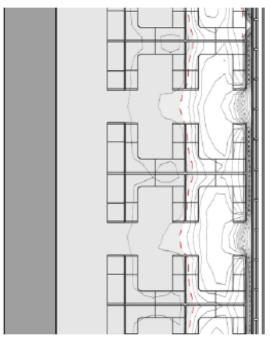
### Pattern 5.7: Interior Furniture Layout 60" Panels

The addition of 60" panels surrounding all workstations substantially reduce daylight levels at the back wall and beyond the workstations directly at the perimeter. Views to the exterior are constrained dramatically at all workstations. Horizontal daylight levels exceed commonly accepted ambient illumination criteria only directly adjacent to the perimeter glazing.























35% of floor area is above 300 lux LUX \_\_\_ 2000 300





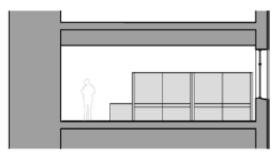




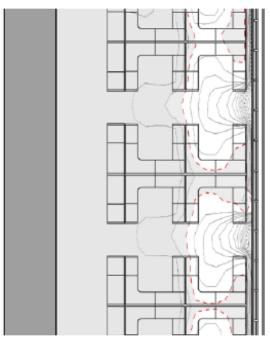
### Pattern 5.8: Interior Furniture Layout 72" Panels

72" panels surrounding all workstations reduce daylight levels even further, especially at the back wall. Even the perimeter workstations are marginally daylit. Views to the exterior are constrained dramatically at all workstations. Horizontal daylight levels exceed commonly accepted ambient illumination criteria only at aisle ways directly adjacent to the perimeter glazing.

























25% of floor area is above 300 lux LUX \_\_\_ 2000 300







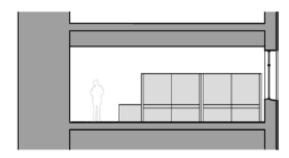


## Pattern 5.9: Interior Furniture Layout

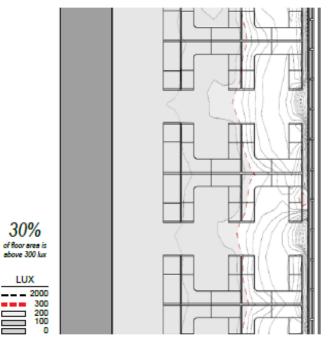
72" Panels with Glass Partitions

Changing the materiality of the workstaion panels parallel to the glazing to be transparent allows daylight distribution and views despite the 72° panel height. However, horizontal daylight levels exceed commonly accepted ambient illumination criteria only directly adjacent to the perimeter glazing.























30% of floor area is above 300 lux LUX





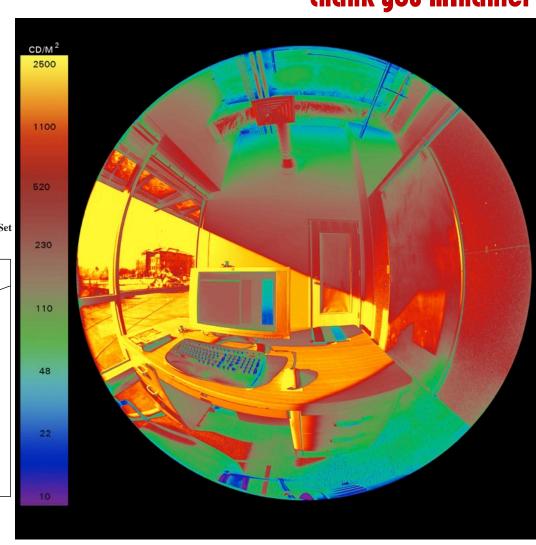


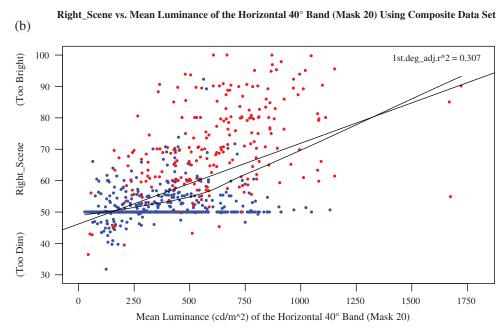




# high dynamic range imaging

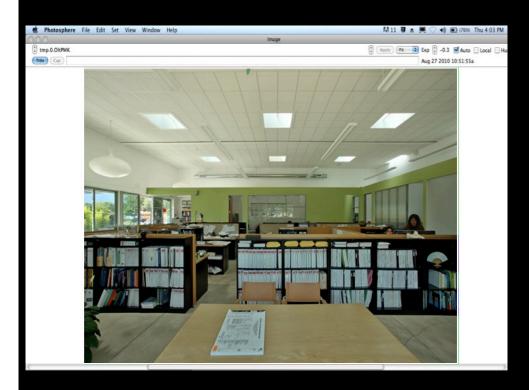
### thank you Minanici

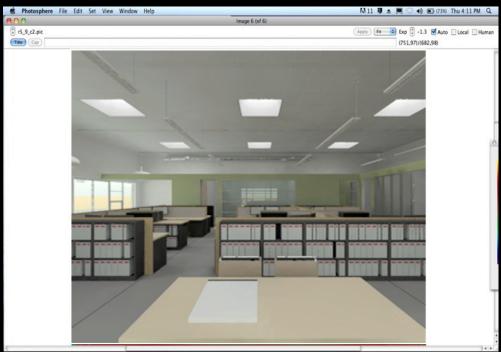




# high dynamic range imaging

Simulation/Validation Tool: IDeAs Office Building (EHDD Architects)





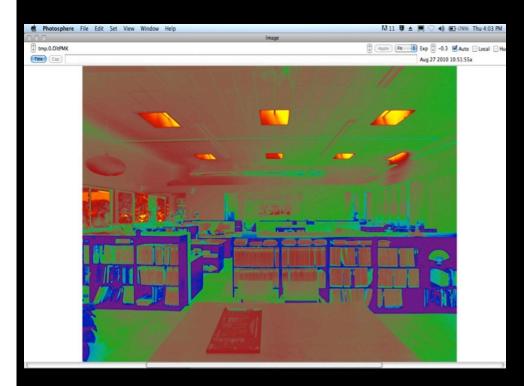
HDR Photo from Site Visit

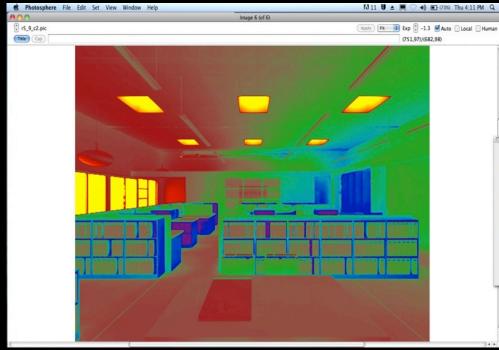
Visualization from Radiance Model

thank you CMeek

# high dynamic range imaging

Simulation/Validation Tool: IDeAs Office Building (EHDD Architects)





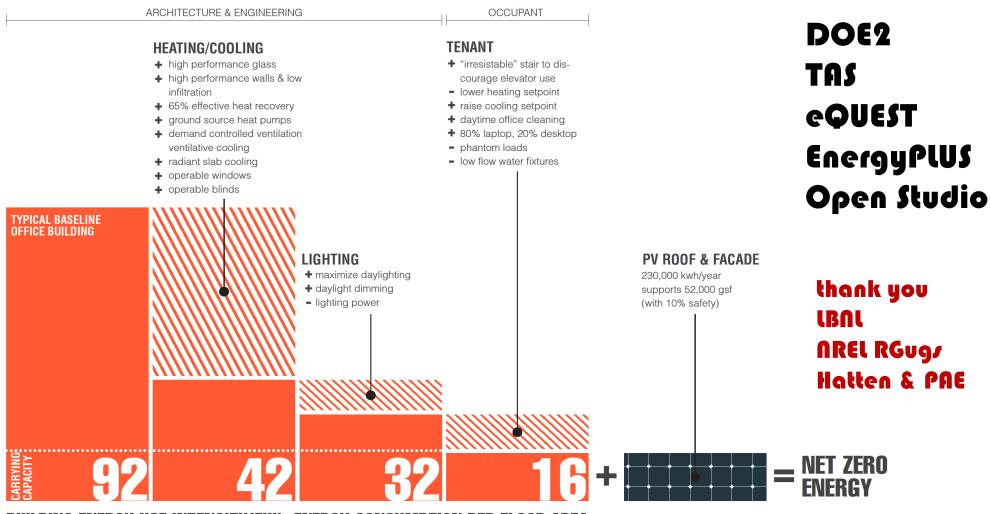
Luminance Data from Site Visit

Luminance Data from Radiance Model

(Images both scaled 10-2500 cd/m2)

**Courtesy Meek** 

# iterative energy simulation



BUILDING ENERGY USE INTENSITY(EUI): ENERGY CONSUMPTION PER FLOOR AREA

## THE PATH TO NET ZERO ENERGY

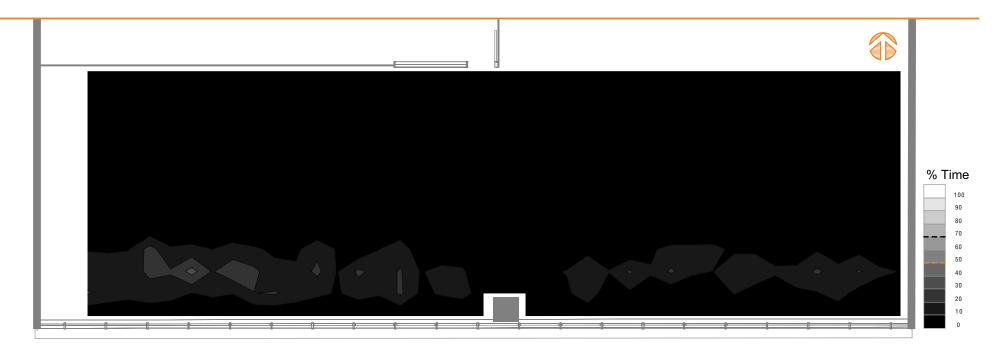
Courtesy: Meek / Bullitt Foundation / PAE

# coupled energy simulation

Daylight Autonomy - Banner Bank, pattern 2.1 Boise, ID - South orientation - No blinds operation

10% window to wall ratio







10% WWR 08:00-18:00

O'O of the sensors are above DA<sub>300</sub> at least 50% of the time.

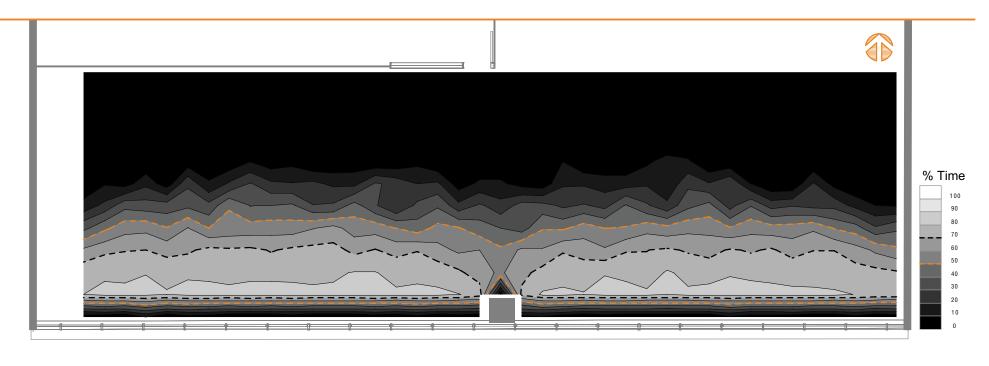
2.8% (Avg DA)

spatial Daylight Autonomy (no blinds)



Boise, ID - South orientation - No blinds operation 20% window to wall ratio







20% WWR 08:00-18:00

32.2% of the sensors are above DA<sub>300</sub> at least 50% of the time.

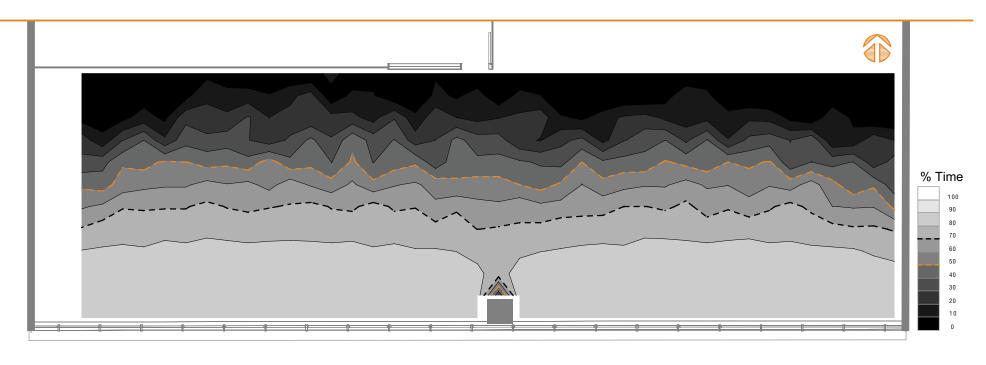
27.0% (Avg DA)

spatial Daylight Autonomy (no blinds)

EUI 47 kBTU/SF\* YR

Boise, ID - South orientation - No blinds operation 30% window to wall ratio







30% WWR 08:00-18:00

**57.5%** of the sensors are above DA<sub>300</sub> at least 50% of the time.

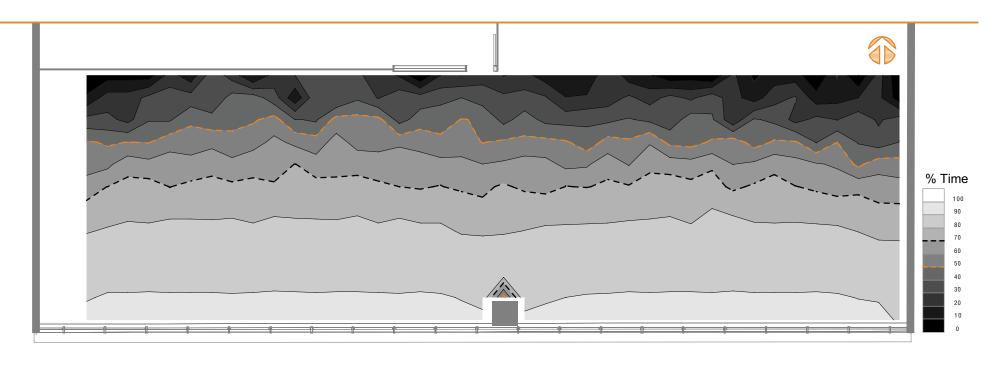
52.7% (Avg DA)

spatial Daylight Autonomy (no blinds)

EUI 47 kBTU/SF\* YR

Boise, ID - South orientation - No blinds operation 40% window to wall ratio







40% WWR 08:00-18:00

72.9% of the sensors are above DA<sub>300</sub> at least 50% of the time.

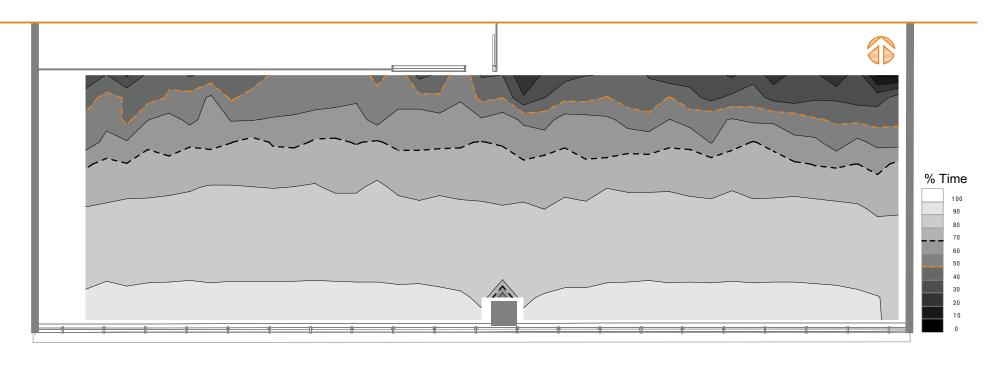
65.0% (Avg DA)

spatial Daylight Autonomy (no blinds)

EUI 47 kBTU/SF\* YR

Boise, ID - South orientation - No blinds operation 50% window to wall ratio







50% WWR 08:00-18:00

**87.3%** of the sensors are above DA<sub>300</sub> at least 50% of the time.

73.8% (Avg DA)

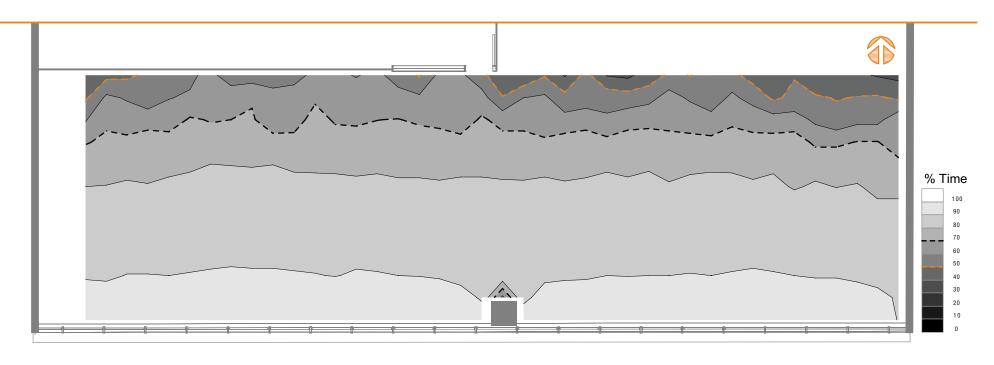
spatial Daylight Autonomy (no blinds)

EUI 48 kBTU/SF\* YR

## Daylight Autonomy - Banner Bank, pattern 2.1

Boise, ID - South orientation - No blinds operation 60% window to wall ratio







60% WWR 08:00-18:00

94.8% of the sensors are above DA<sub>300</sub> at least 50% of the time.

78.1% (Avg DA)

spatial Daylight Autonomy (no blinds)

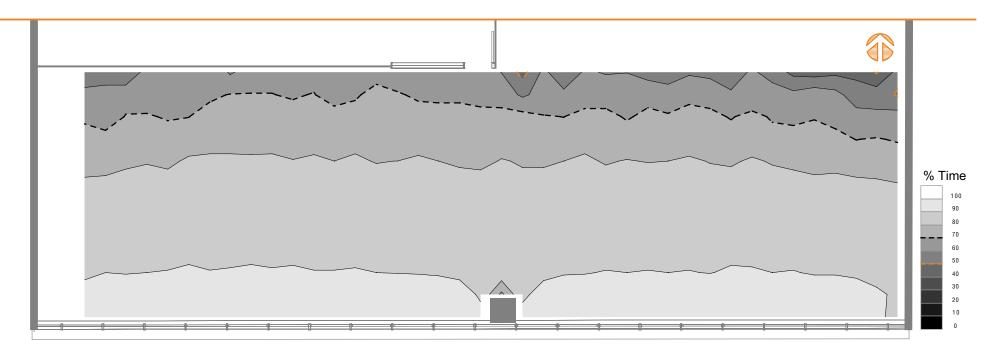


60

## Daylight Autonomy - Banner Bank, pattern 2.1

Boise, ID - South orientation - No blinds operation 75% window to wall ratio







75% WWR 08:00-18:00

98.3% of the sensors are above DA<sub>300</sub> at least 50% of the time.

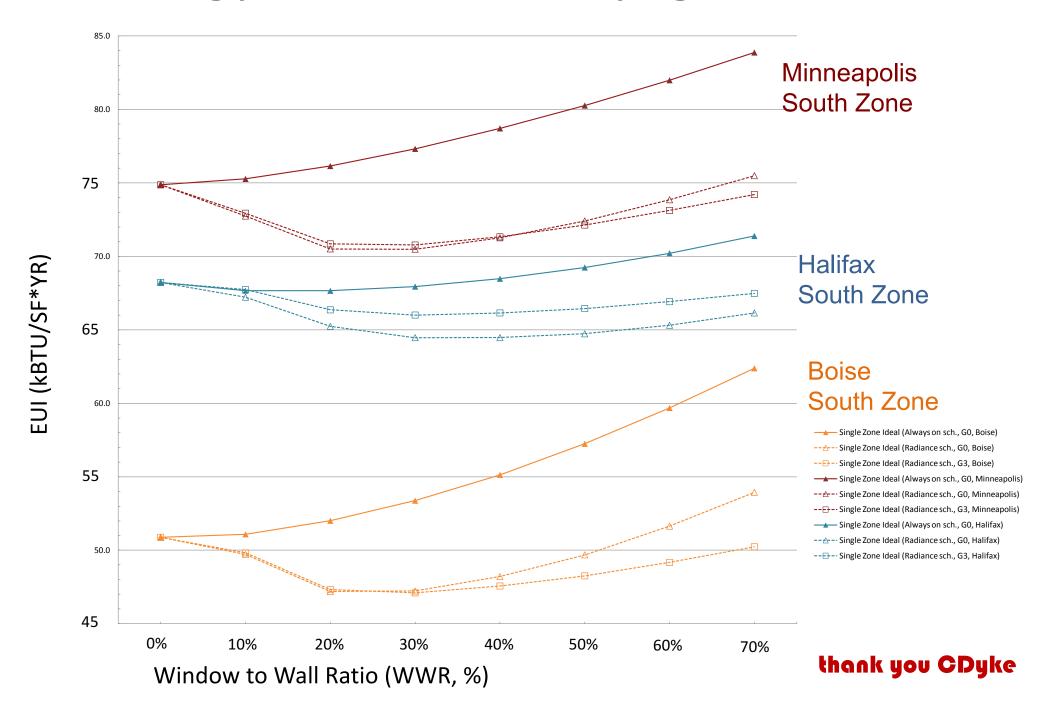
80.4% (Avg DA)

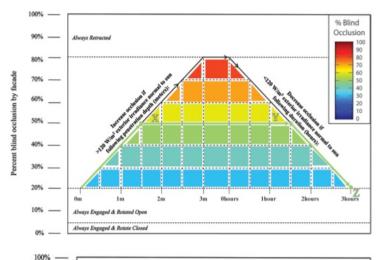
spatial Daylight Autonomy (no blinds)

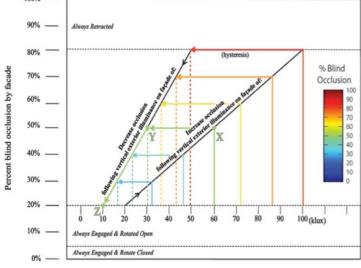


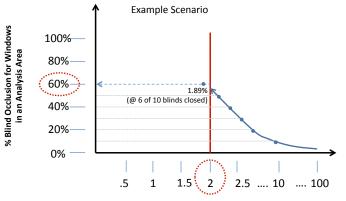
65

# Energy Use w/wo Daylight Harvest









% Sensor Points in Analysis Zone > 1000 LUX

### thank you ANezamdoost

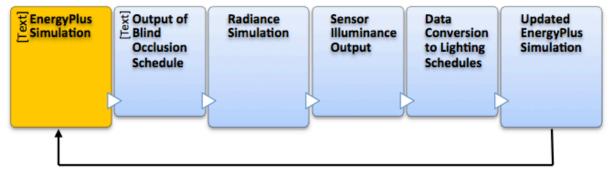


Figure 2-10: EnergyPlus/ Radiance integration workflow for Blindswitch-A

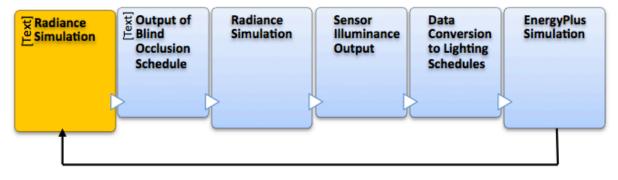


Figure 2-11: EnergyPlus/ Radiance integration workflow for Blindswitch-B

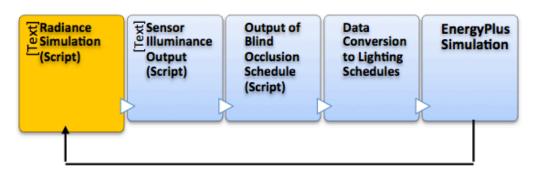
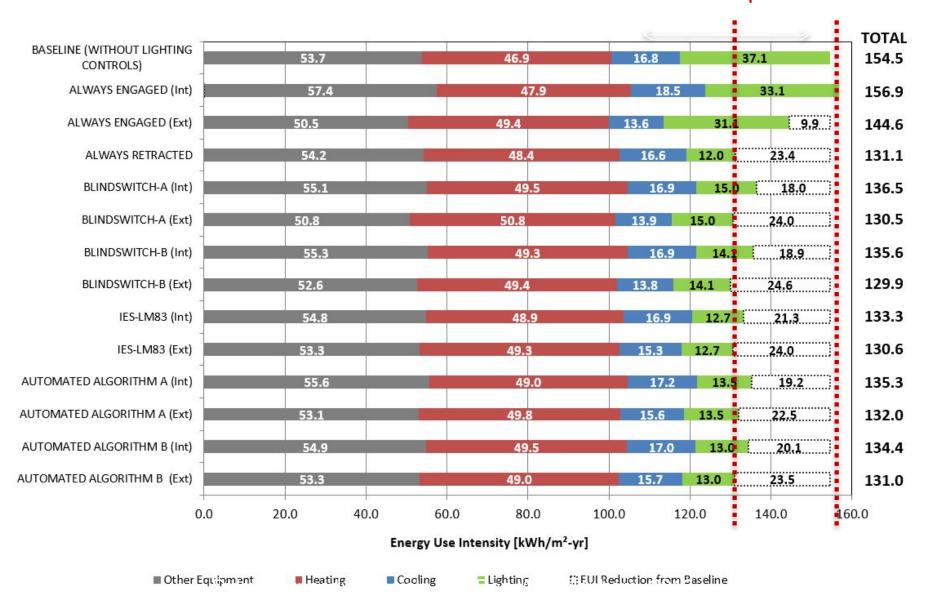


Figure 2-12: EnergyPlus/ Radiance integration workflow for LM-83

# Energy Impact? Up to 18%



### thank you IES-DMC & lileschong

## IES LM-83-12 Approved Method:

# **Spatial Daylight Autonomy (sDA)**

Is there enough daylight in the space? (measured using annual hourly illuminance):

- During analysis hours (8am-6pm)
- What % of floor area exceeds 300 lux for at least 50% of analysis hours?
- Exceed 55% of the floor area for "nominally acceptable daylight"
- Exceed 75% of the floor area for "preferred daylight"

# **Annual Sunlight Exposure (ASE)**

Is there excessive daylight in the space (measured using annual hourly illuminance):

- During analysis hours (8am-6pm)
- What % of the floor area exceeds 1000 lux "computational direct sunlight" (sun spots) for more than 250 annual analysis hours?
- Below 10% of the floor area for less discomfort, lower is better
- Exceeding 20% of the floor area suggests need for automated blinds or additional fixed shading strategies



IES LM-83-12

Approved Method: IES Spatial Daylight
Autonomy (sDA) and
Annual Sunlight Exposure
(ASE)

# Biology and the Built Environment Center BioBE Center University of Oregon

Jessica L. Green
Kevin Van Den Wymelenberg
Co-directors BioBE

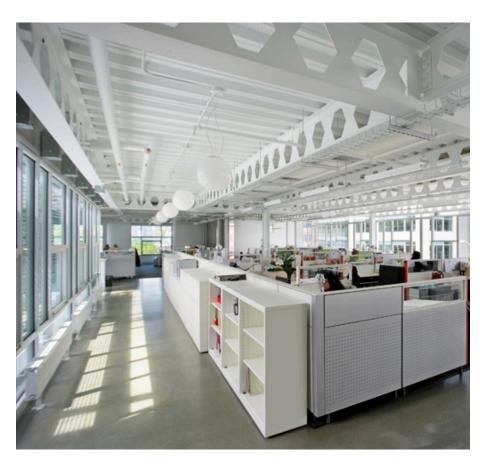
Biology & Built Environment Center
University of Oregon
http://biobe.uoregon.edu/



thank you JGreen



# Dust Microbial Communities have Dosage-Dependent Responses to Daylight





How can architects reshape the microbiome?

thank you Afahimipour & BioBE Team







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Kevin Van Den Wymelenberg







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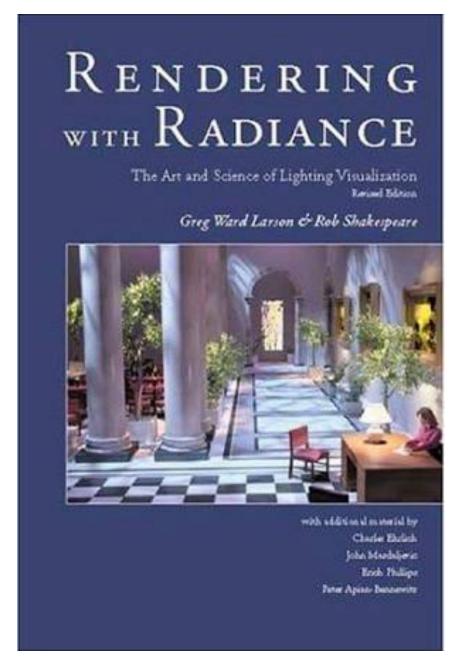
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- 8. Andew Loia
- 9. Ryan McGowan
- 10. Gwynne Mhuireach
- 11. Amir Nezamdoost
- 12. Daniel Roth
- 13. Maria Sarao
- 14. Paul Ward







thank you Chas Ehrlich



Thank you Greg Ward & the Radiance Community!