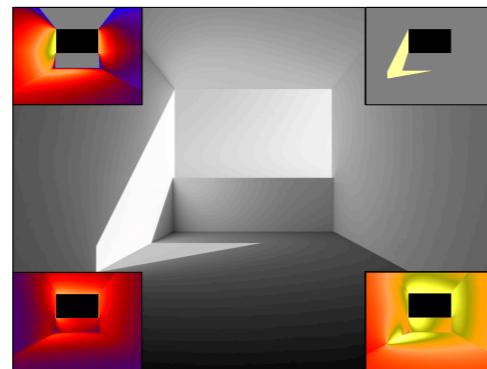


Eleonora Bremilla
John Mardaljevic
Nafissa Drosou

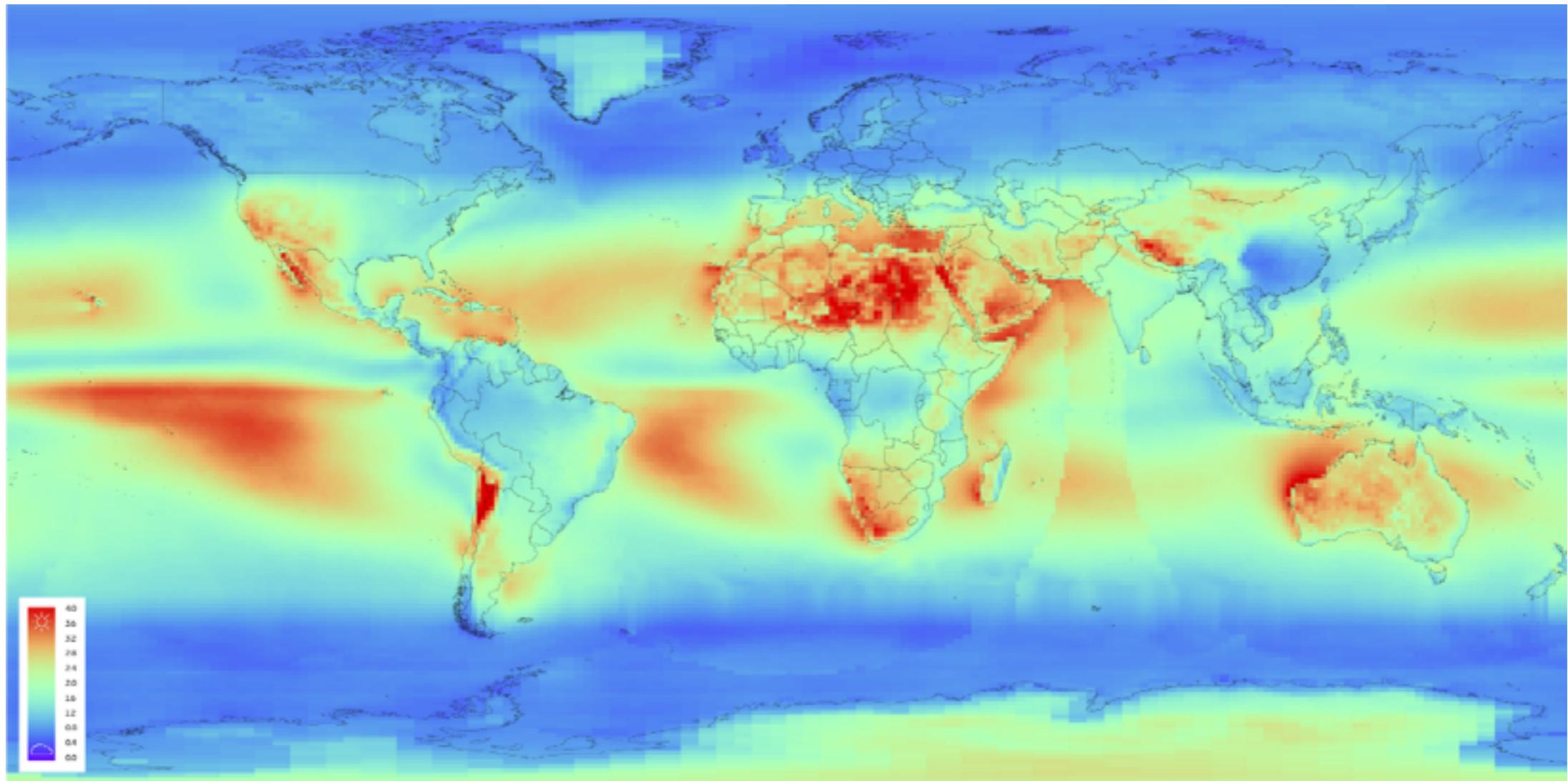
14th Radiance Workshop
19th August 2015

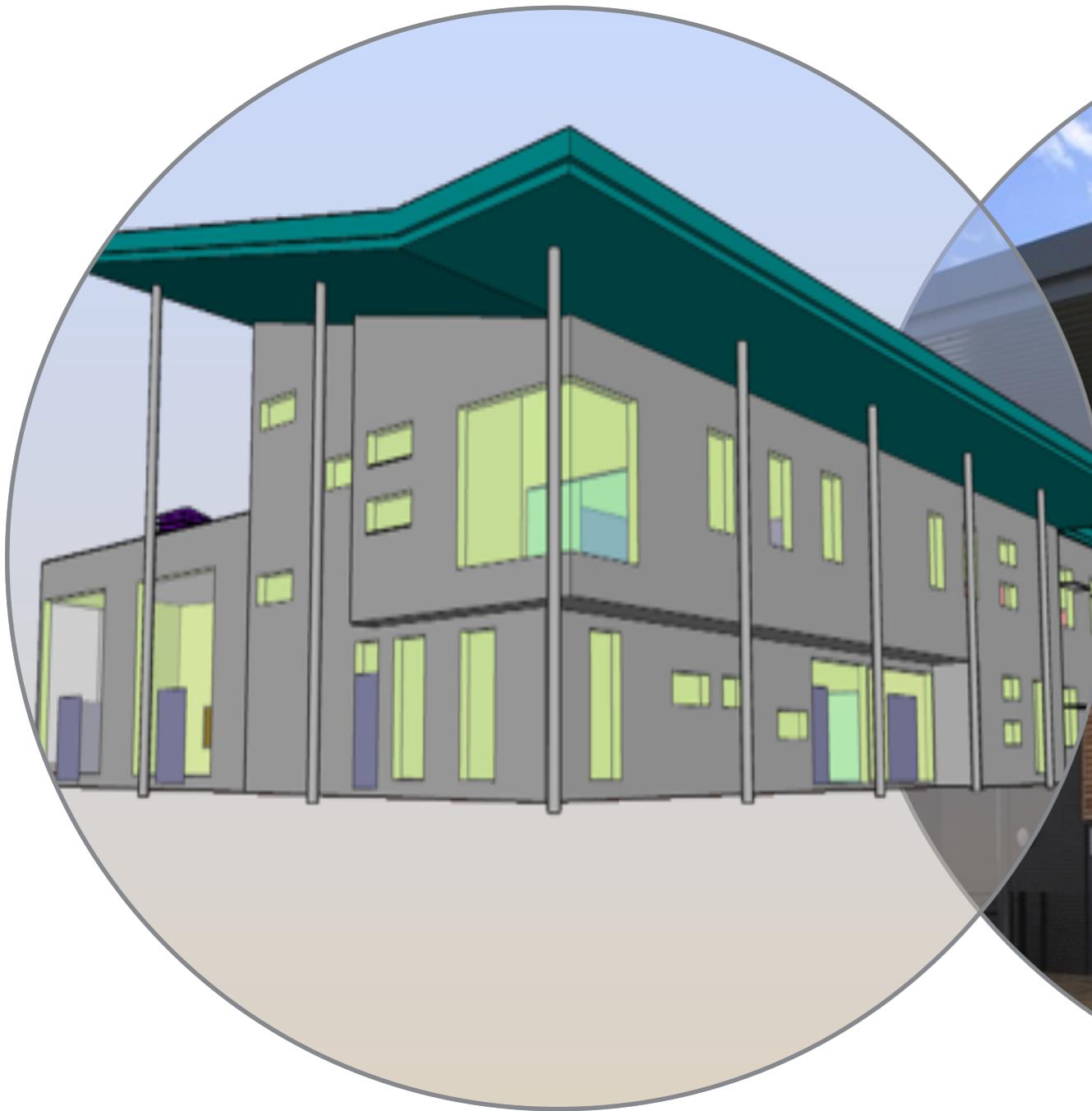
Reflectance: On and Off the Wall

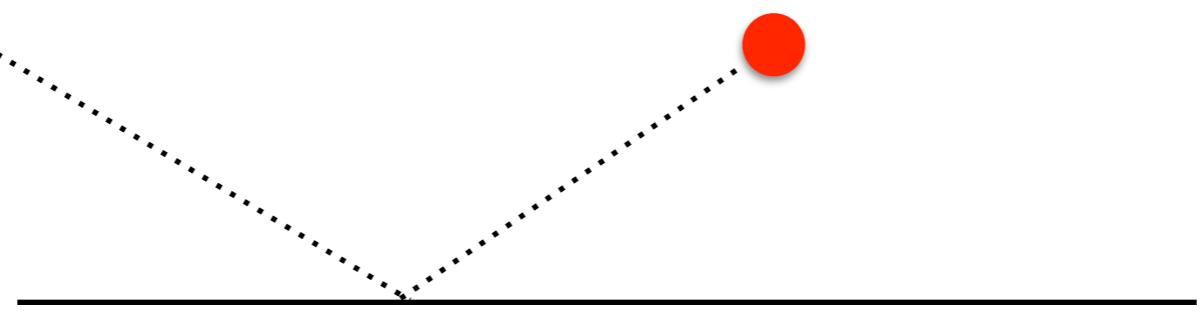
Applicability of Climate-Based Daylight Modelling



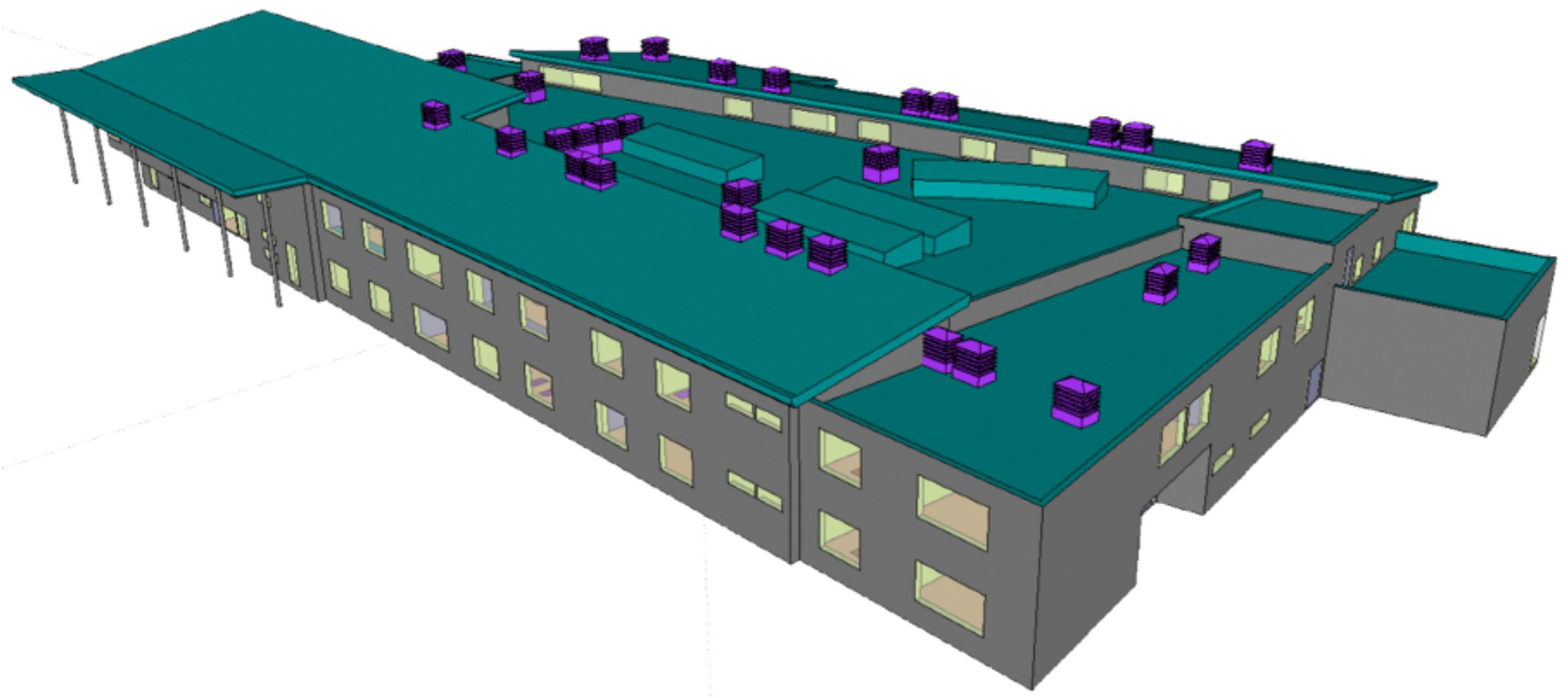
$$\times 365 \times 12 \times \left(\frac{60}{T_{step}} \right) = \text{CBDM}$$







REFLECTANCE

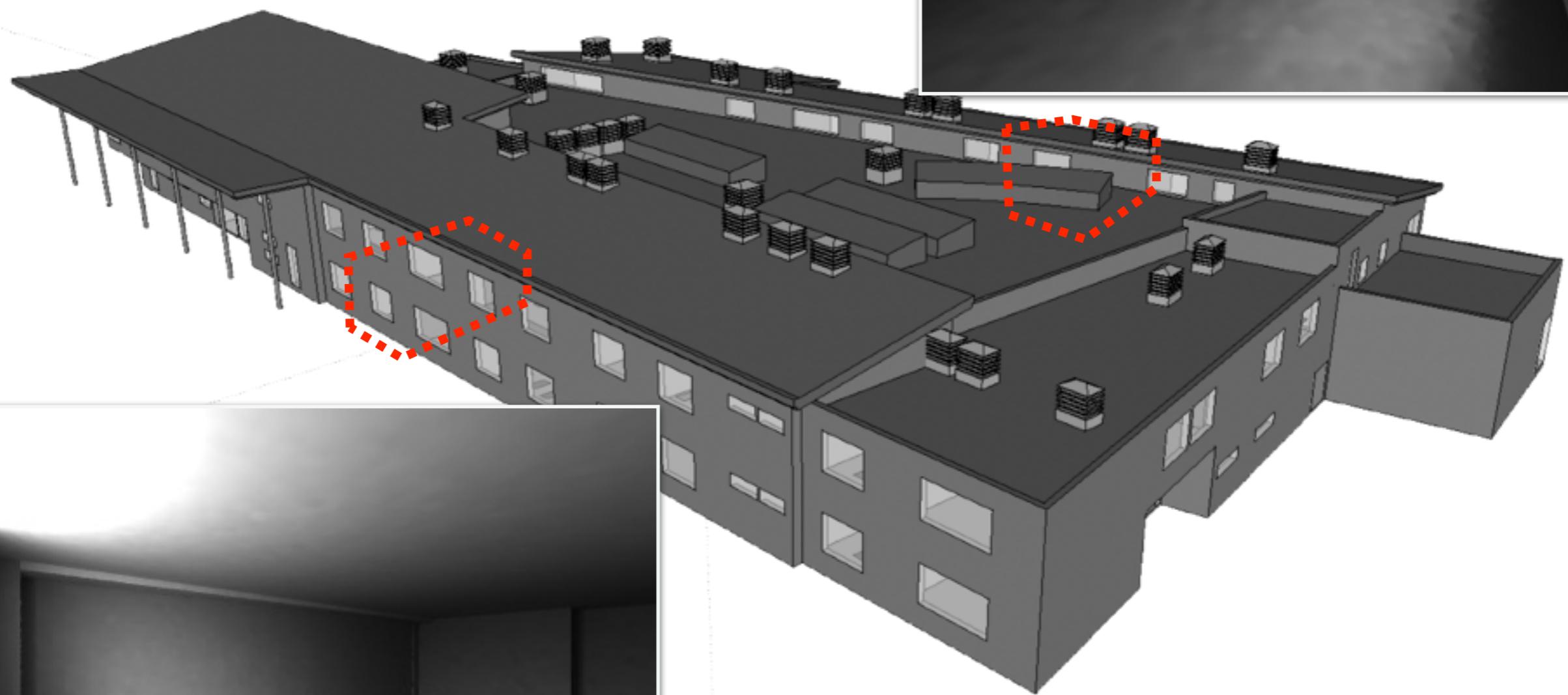


Intro

$\rho_{\text{floor}} = 0.2$

$\rho_{\text{walls}} = 0.5$

$\rho_{\text{ceiling}} = 0.7$

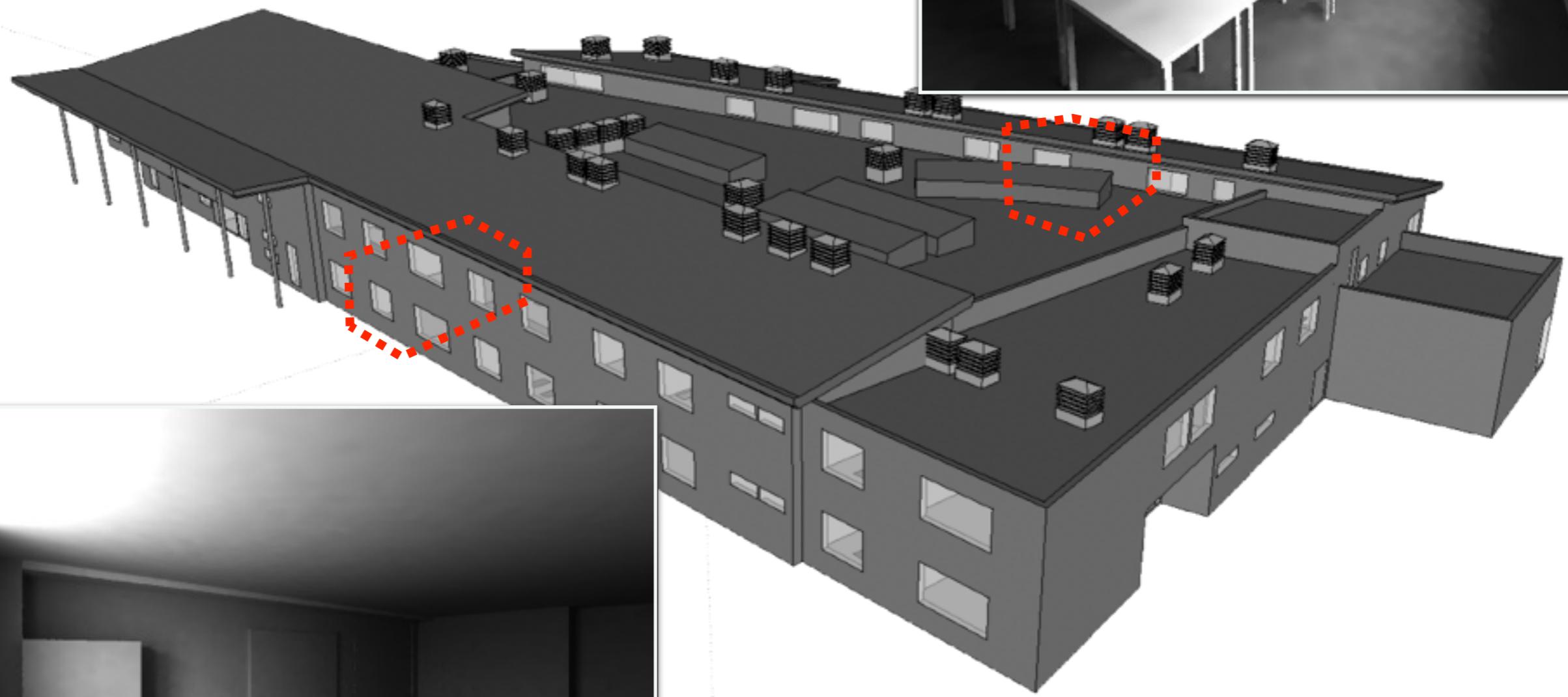


Intro

$\rho_{\text{floor}} = ?$

$\rho_{\text{walls}} = ?$

$\rho_{\text{ceiling}} = ?$

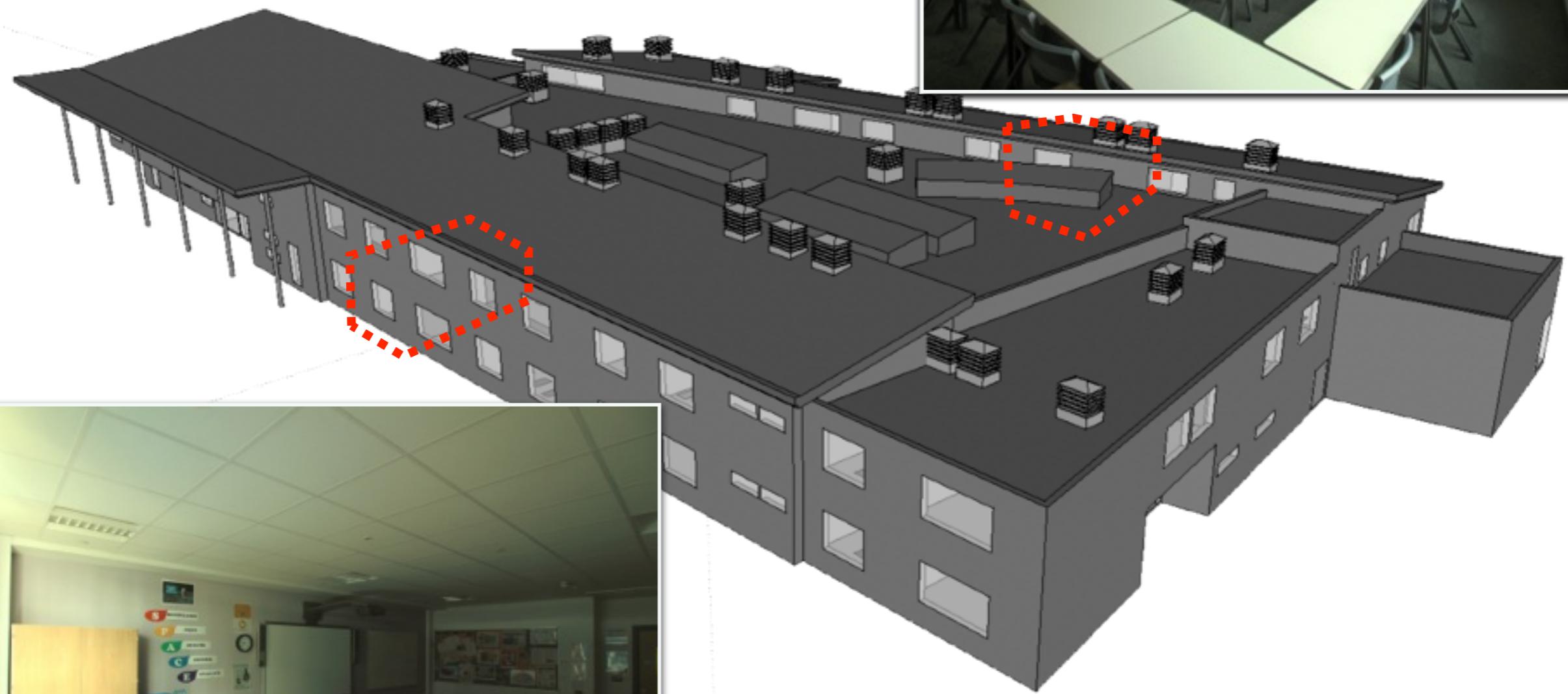


Intro

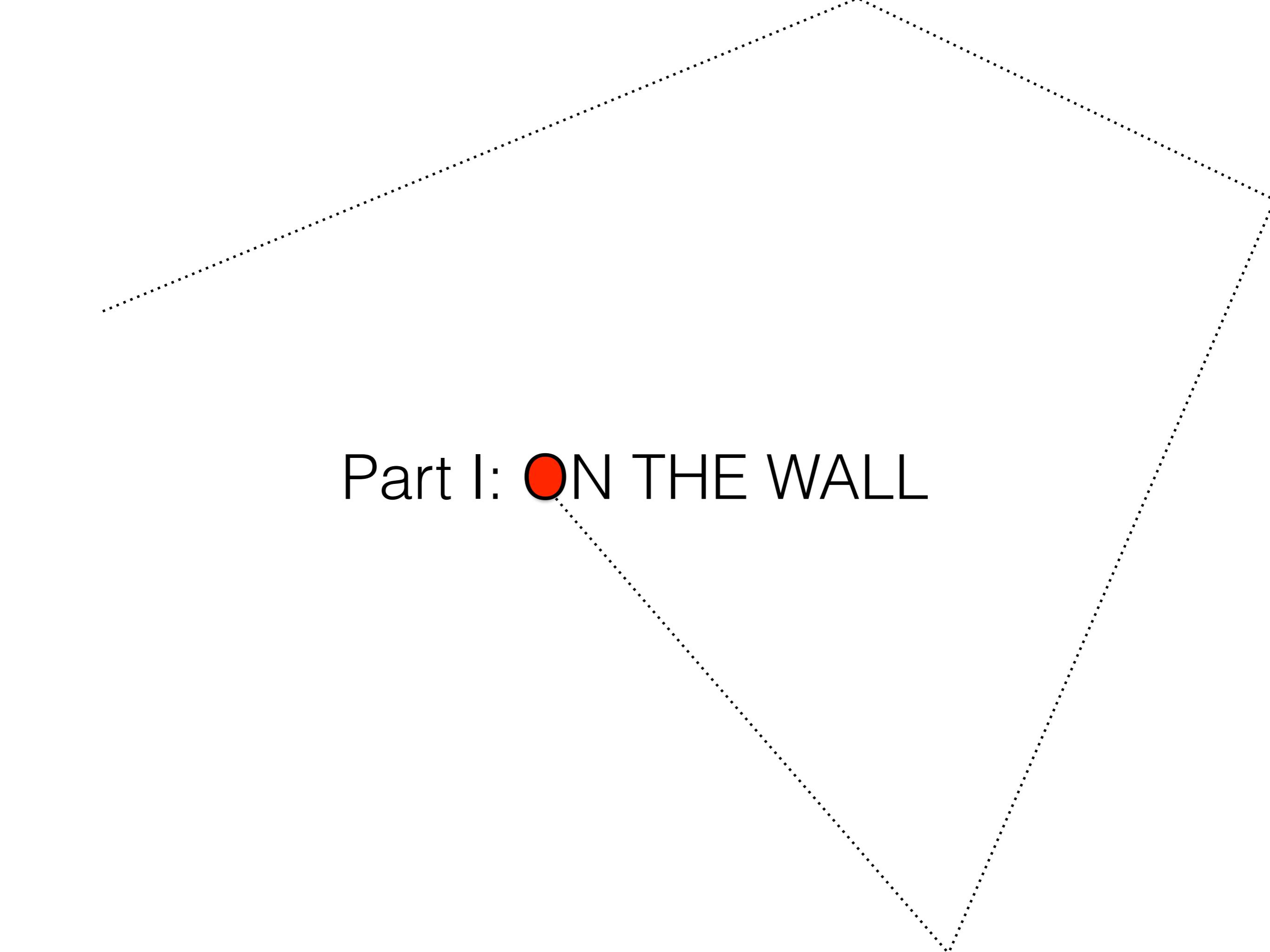
$\rho_{\text{floor}} = ???$

$\rho_{\text{walls}} = ???$

$\rho_{\text{ceiling}} = ???$



Intro



Part I: **ON THE WALL**

2-phase method



3-phase method

4-component method

Daysim

External ground

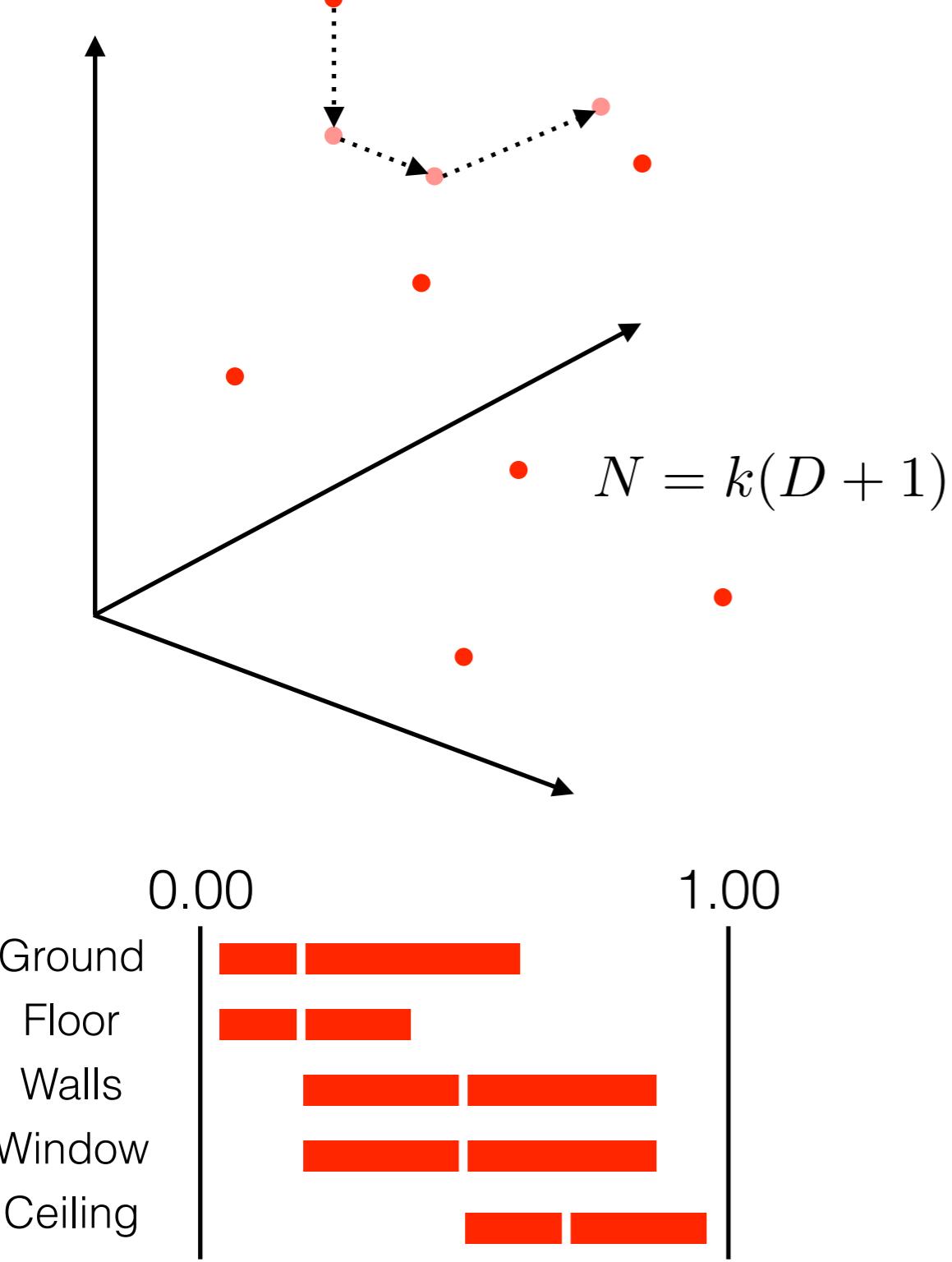
Floor

Walls

Window frames

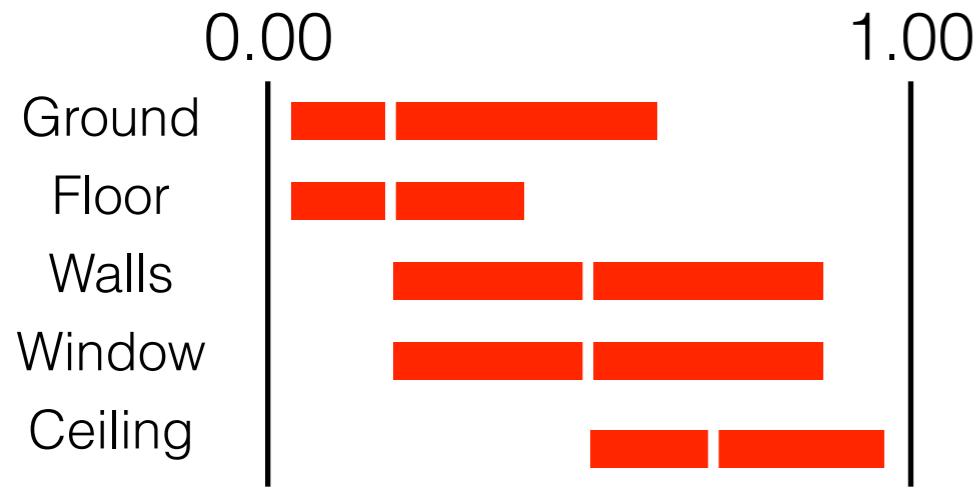
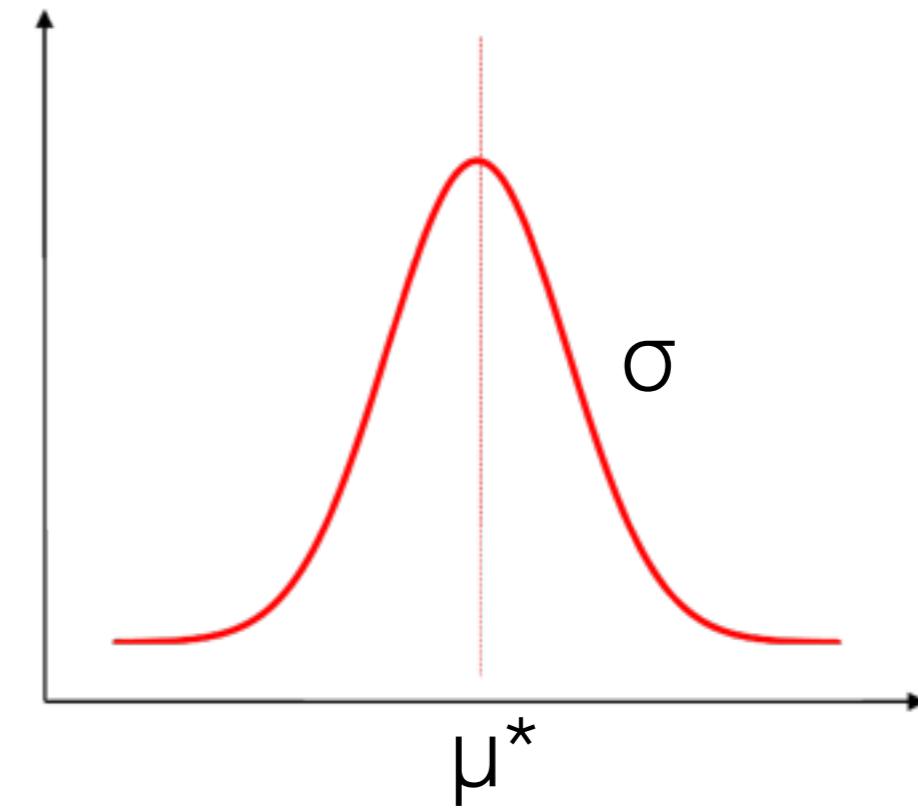
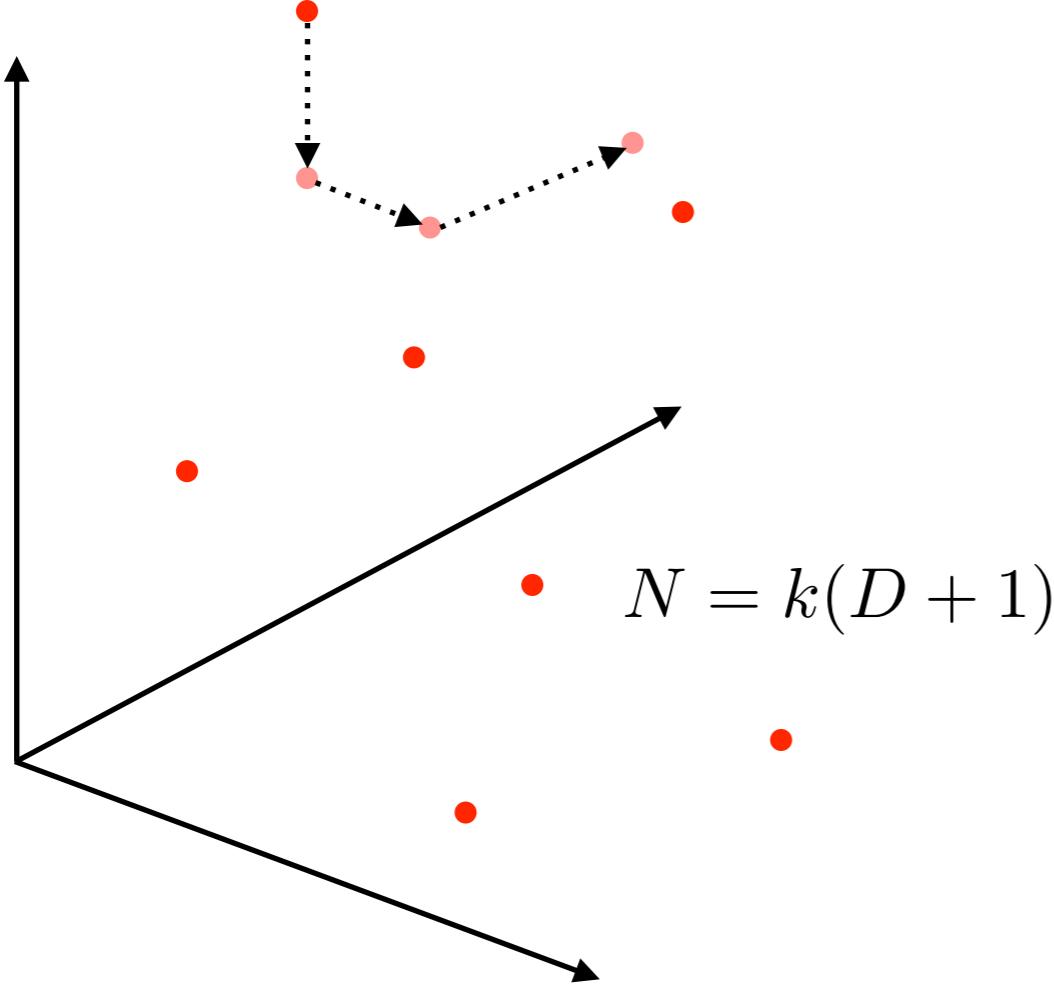
Ceiling

Morris Sensitivity Analysis (or Elementary Effects method)



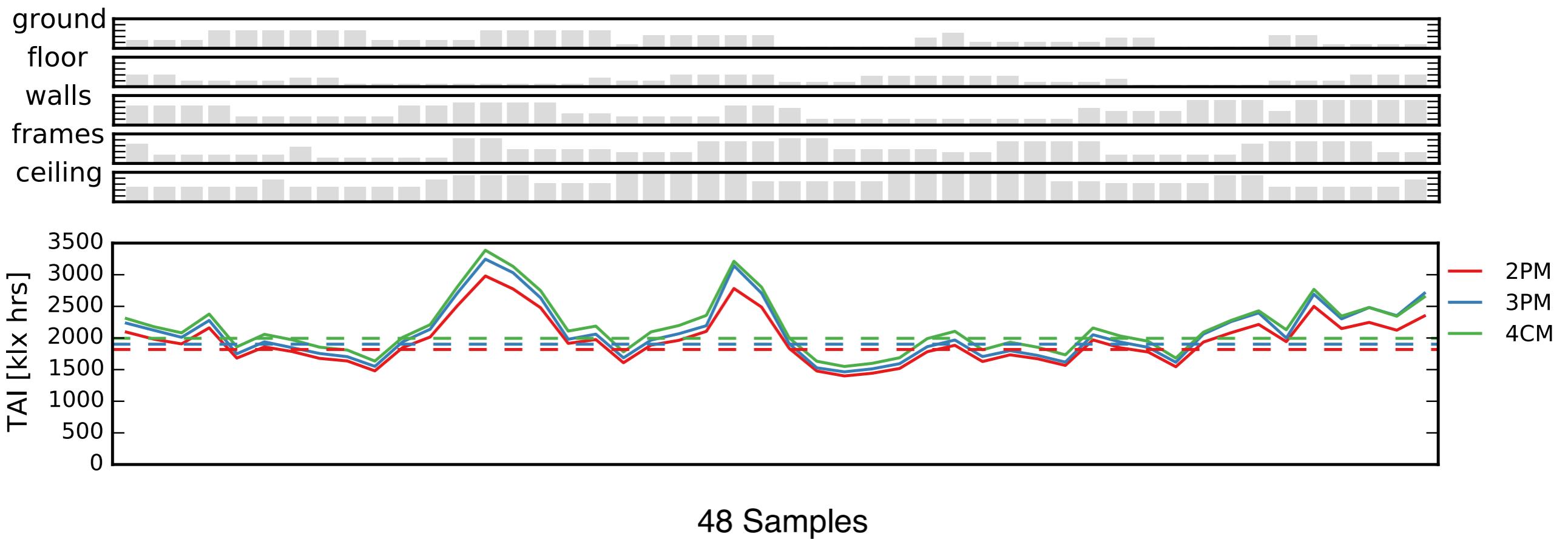
Part I

Morris Sensitivity Analysis (or Elementary Effects method)

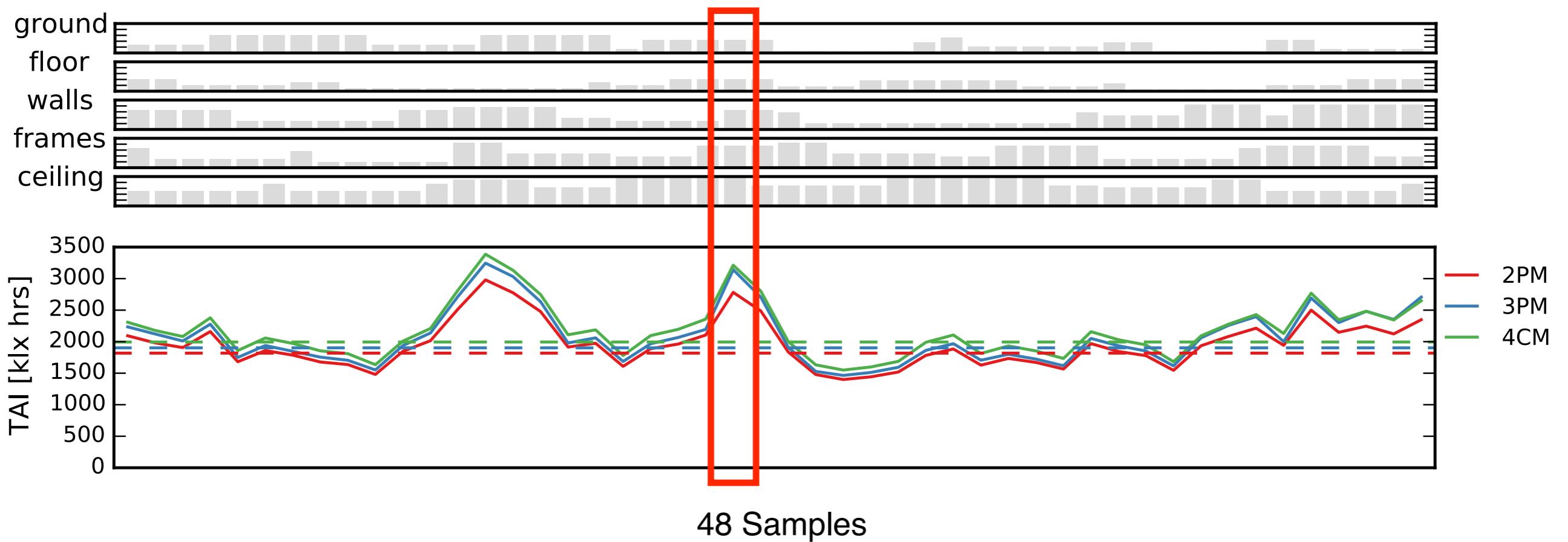


$$d_i(X) = \frac{y(X_1, \dots, X_{i-1}, X_i + \Delta, X_{i+1}, \dots, X_k) - y(X)}{\Delta}$$

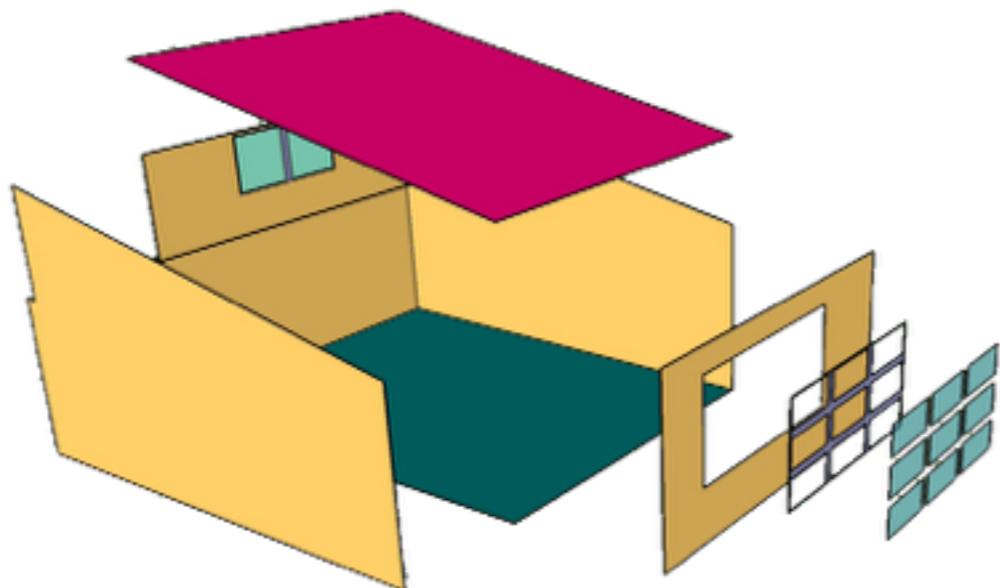
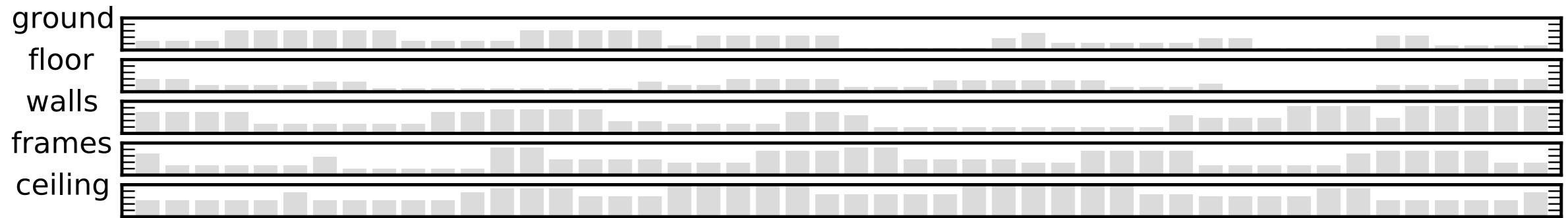
Part I



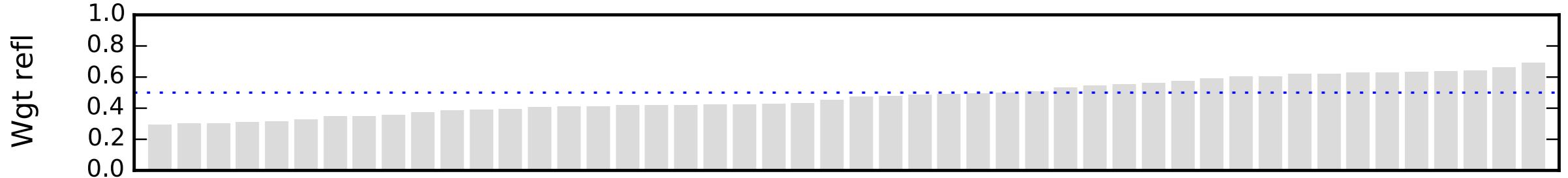
Part I



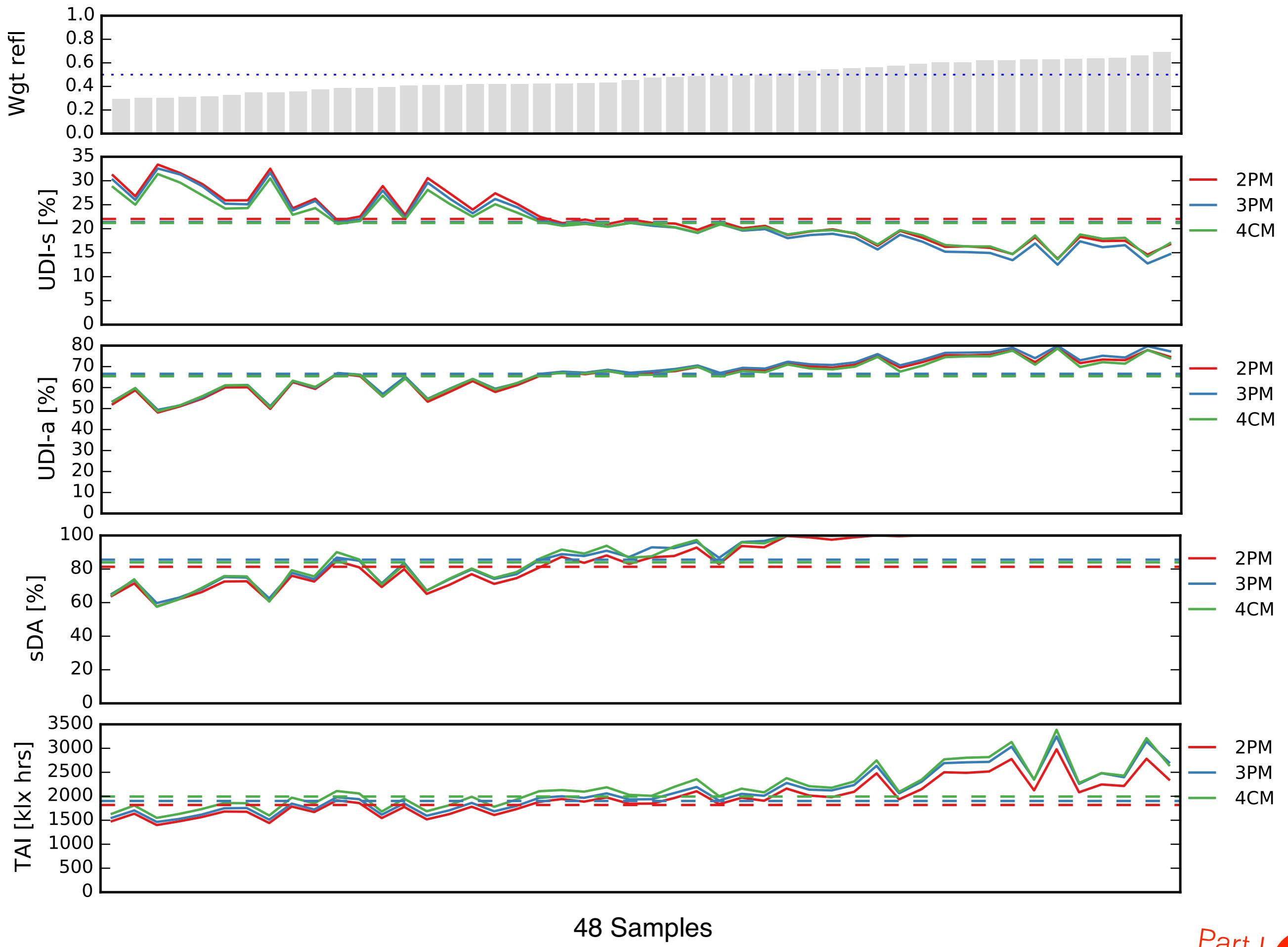
Part I

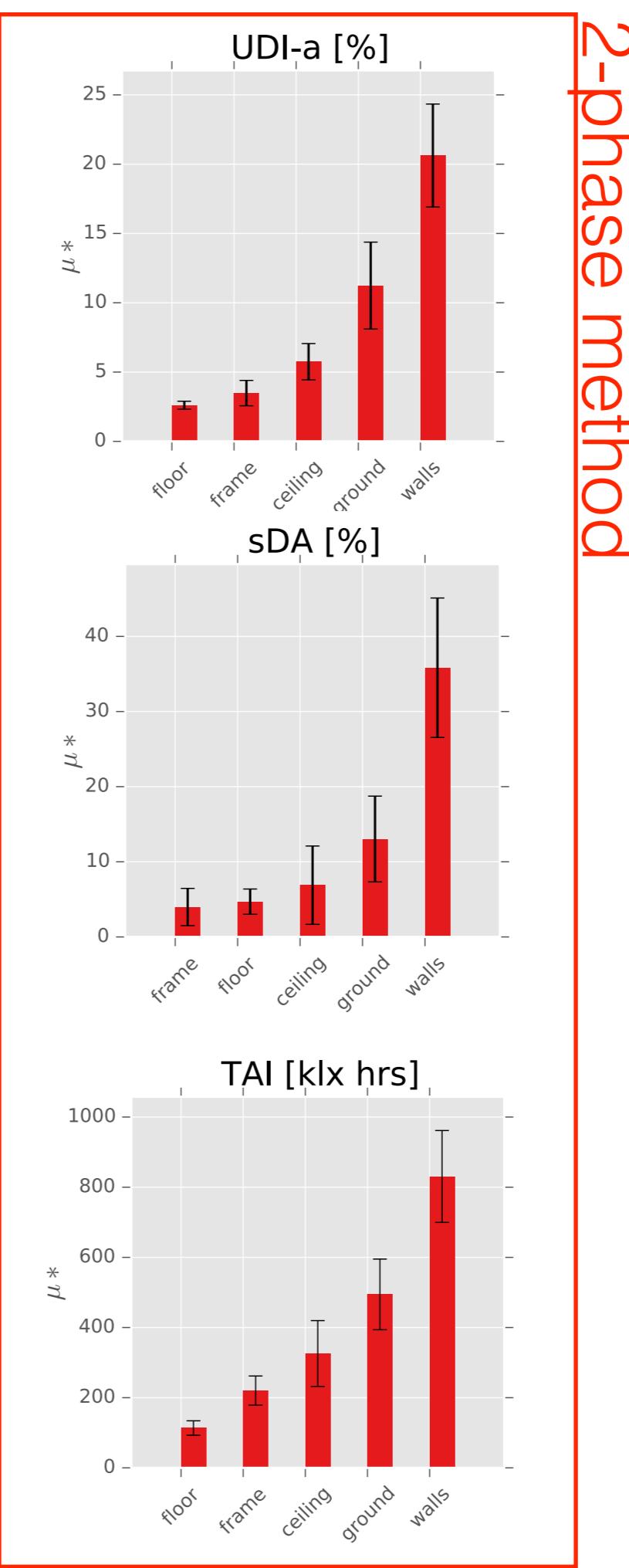
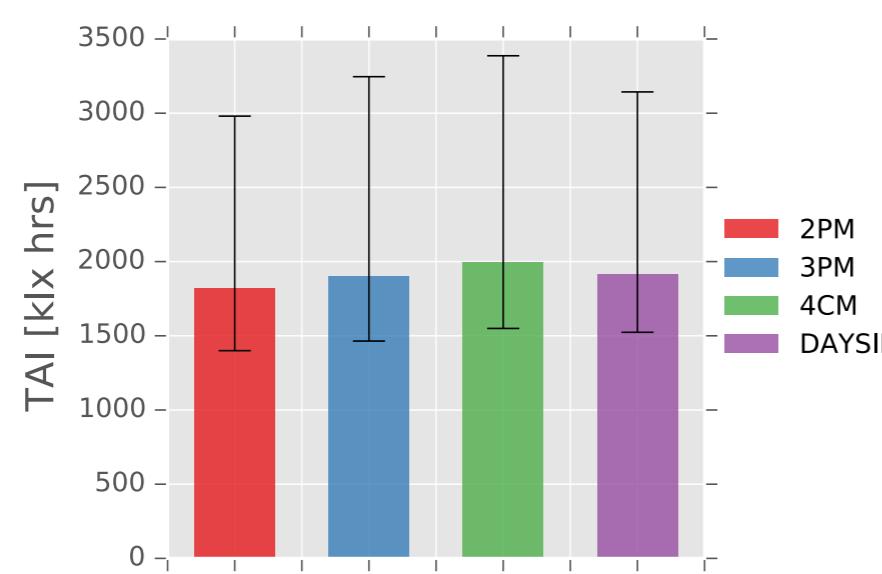
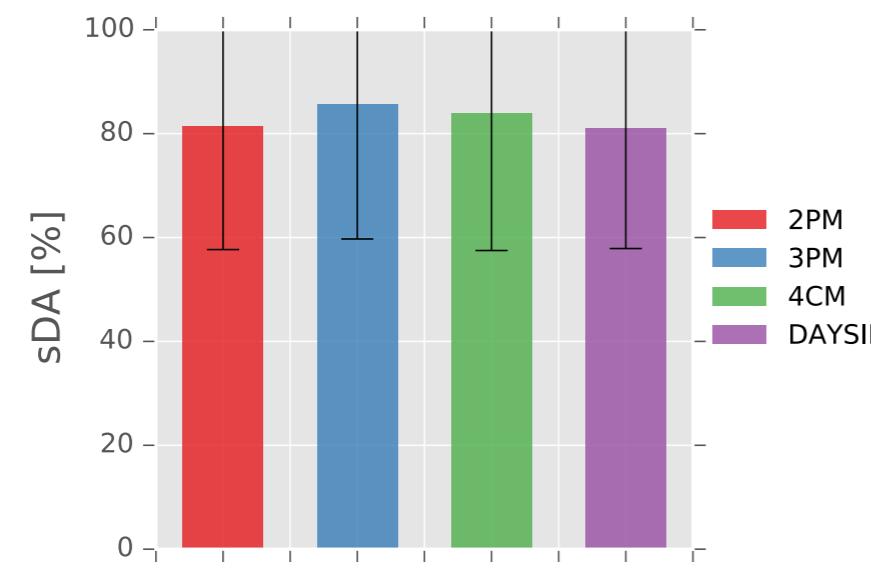
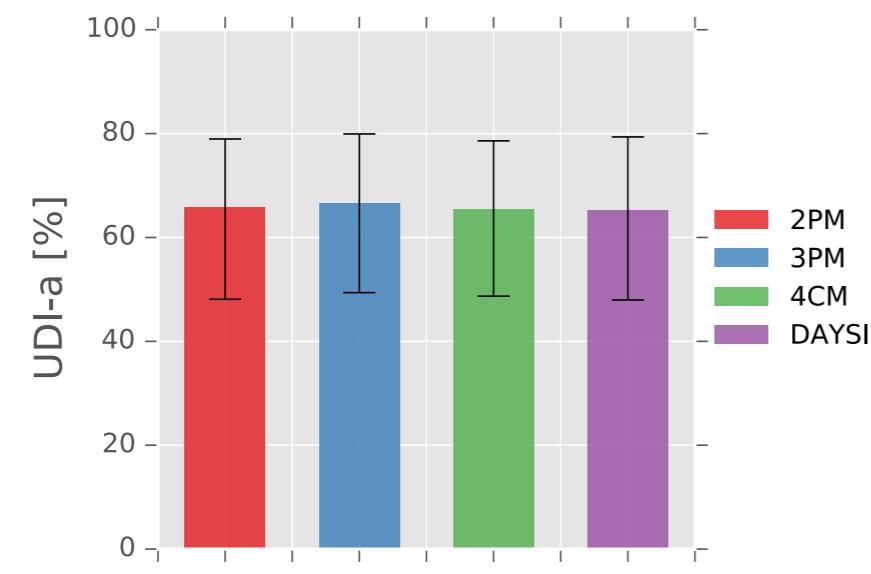


$$\bar{\rho}_w = \frac{a_1\rho_1 + a_2\rho_2 + \dots + a_n\rho_n}{a_1 + a_2 + \dots + a_n} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n a_i\rho_i}{A}$$



Part I





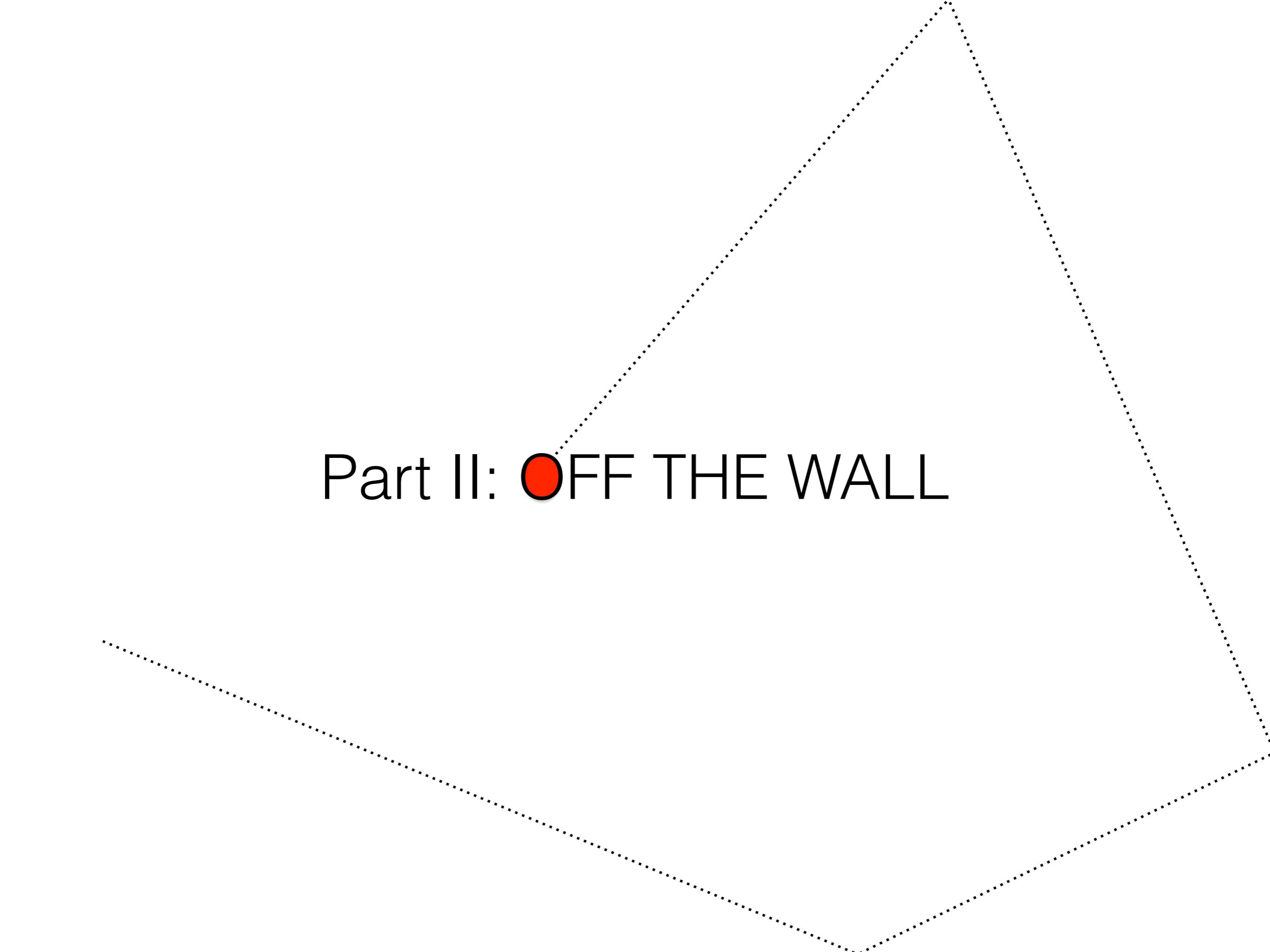
2-phase method

Part I

There is good agreement between methods
(using clear glazing)

The reflectance applied to the modelled elements **affects the annual results**, especially exposure values

For typical classroom spaces, the **walls reflectance** is particularly important to determine the performance

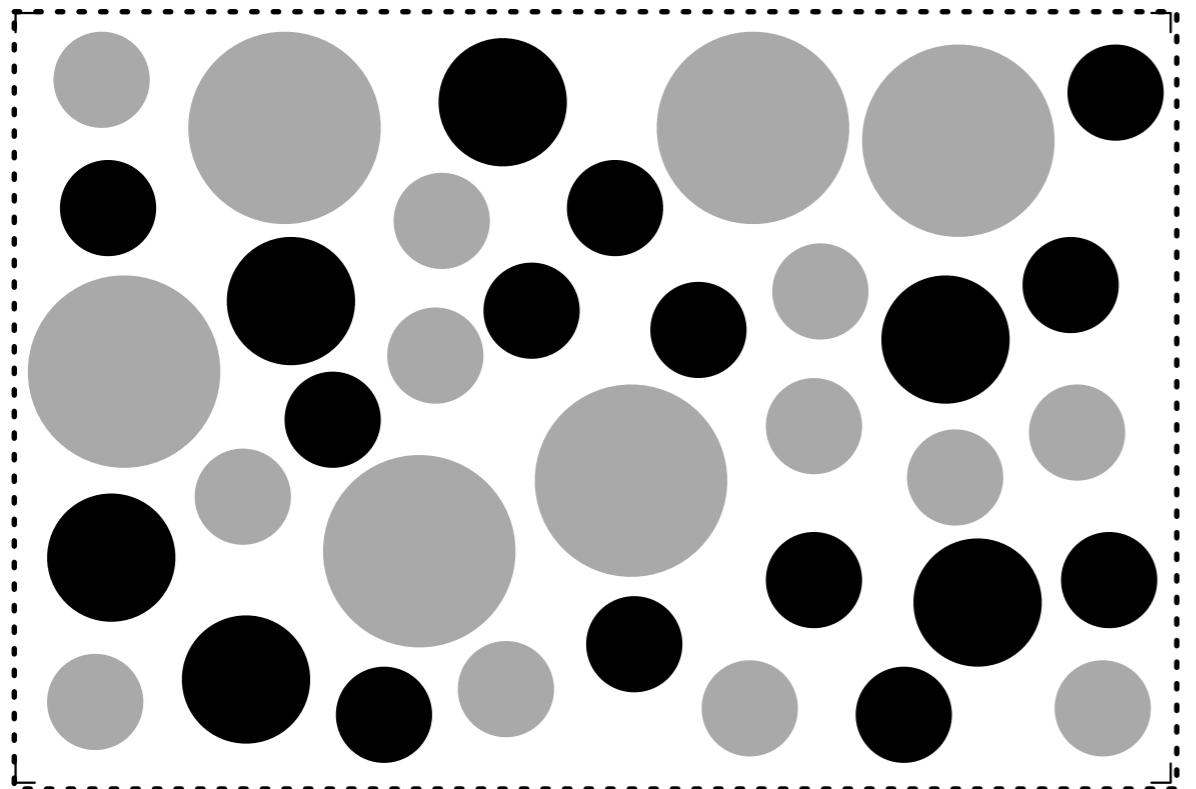


Part II: OFF THE WALL

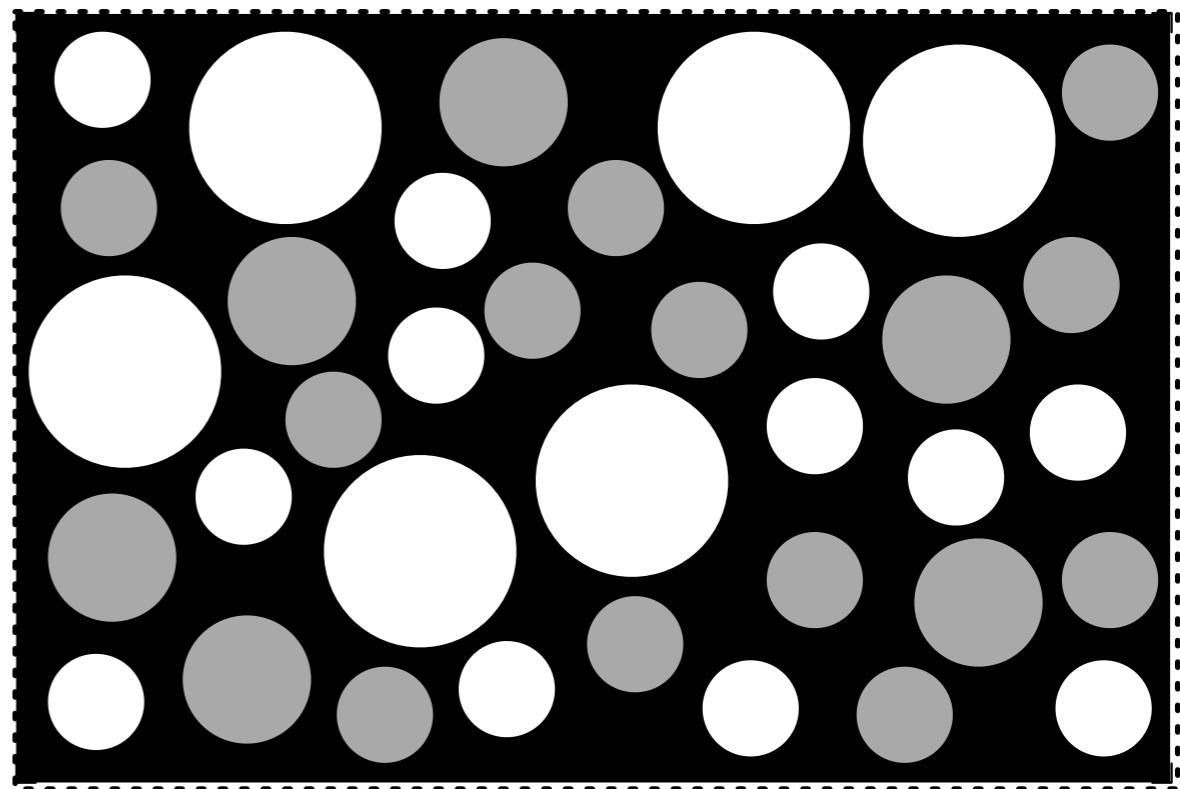


Apply **averages** or **interpolation** to
estimate the illumination field across
the HDR image

Averages → basic method



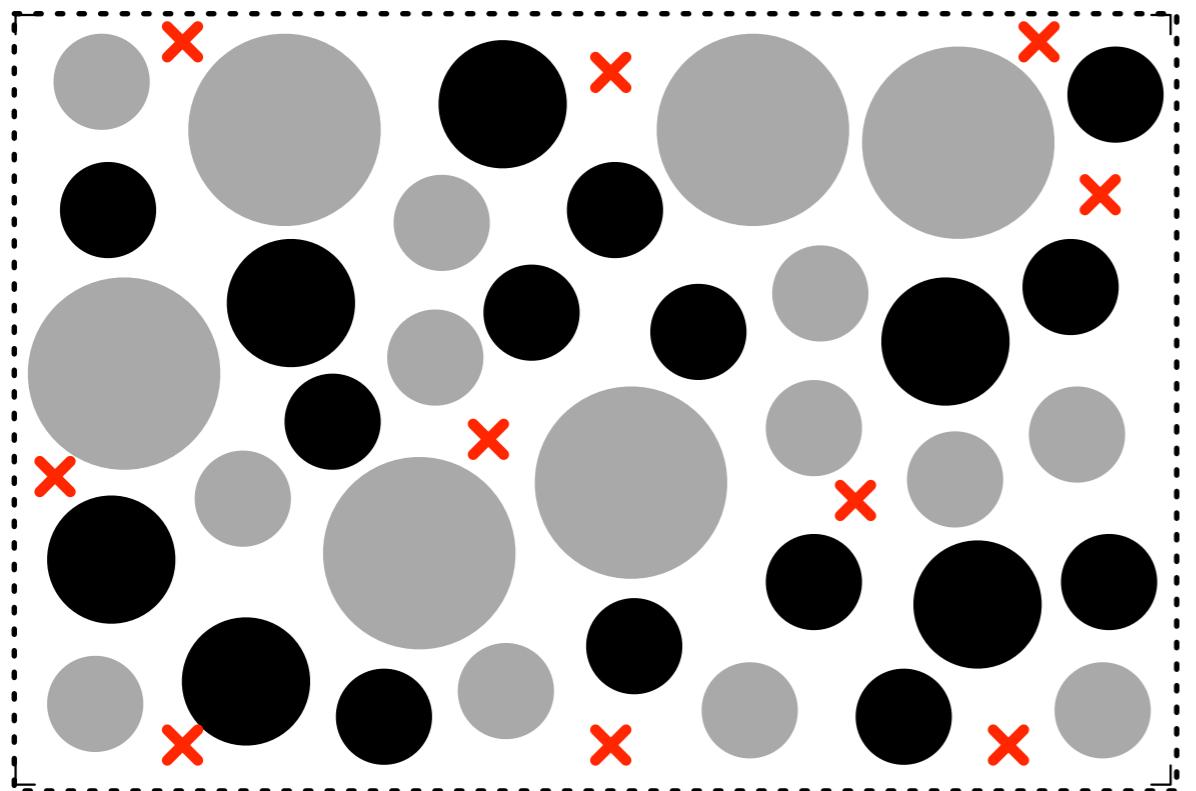
$$\bar{\rho}_w = 0.484$$



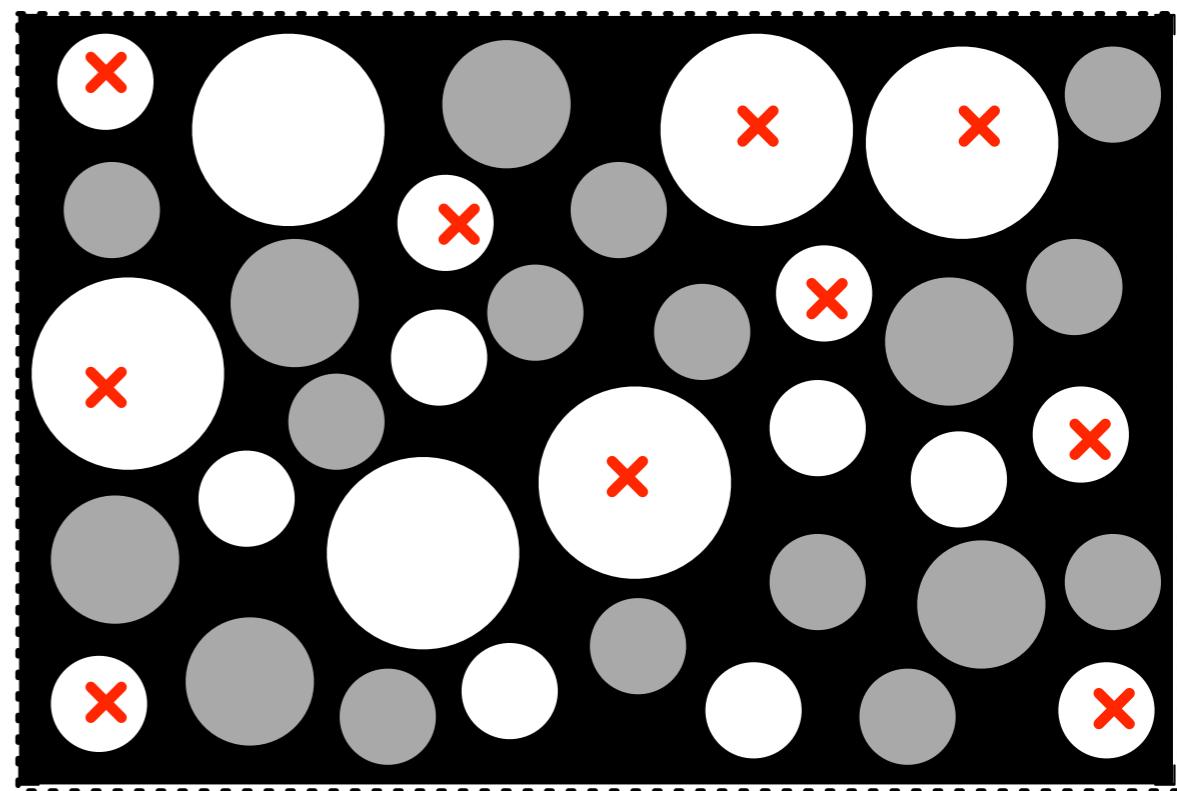
$$\bar{\rho}_w = 0.296$$

$$\bar{\rho}_w = \frac{a_1\rho_1 + a_2\rho_2 + \dots + a_n\rho_n}{a_1 + a_2 + \dots + a_n} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n a_i\rho_i}{A}$$

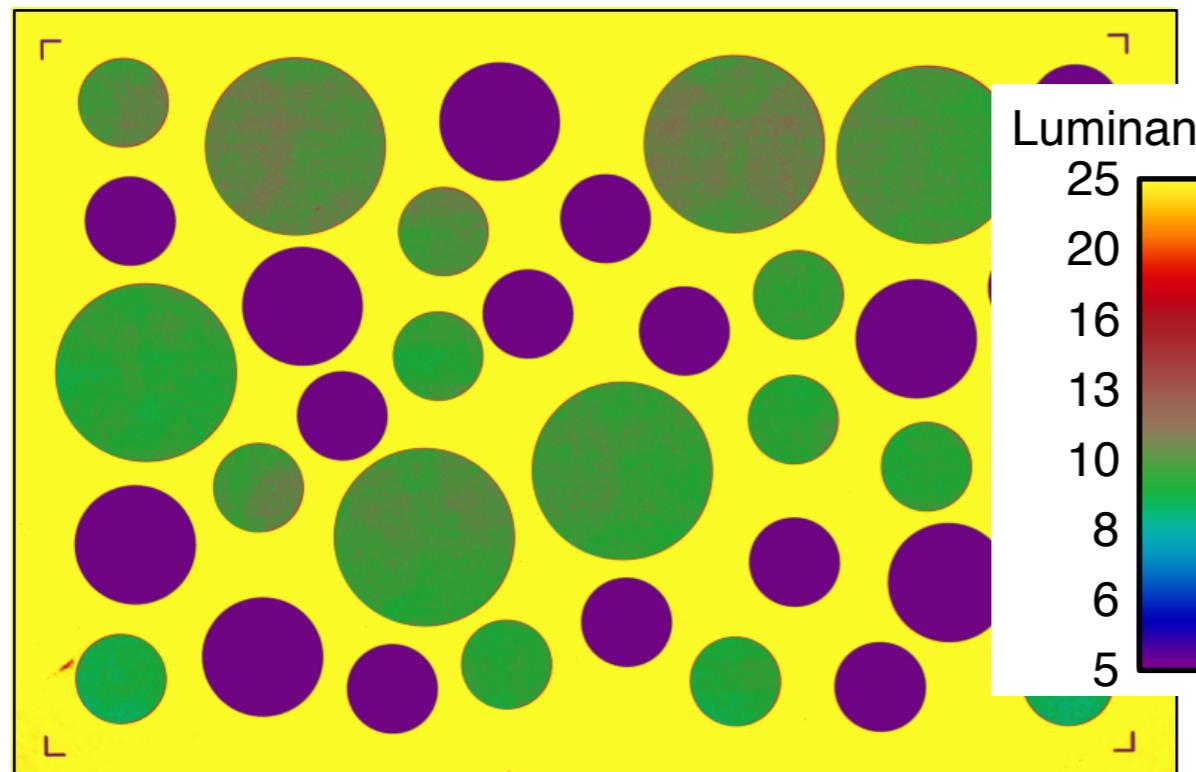
Part II



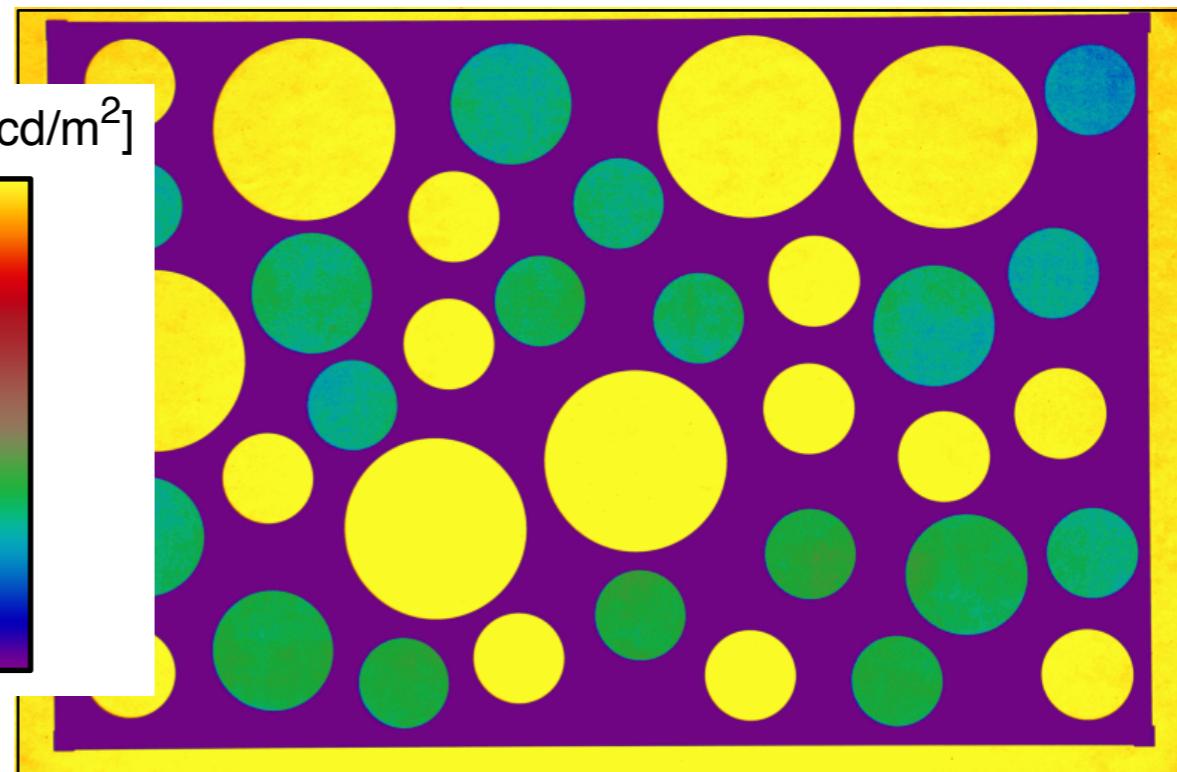
$$\bar{\rho}_w = 0.484$$



$$\bar{\rho}_w = 0.296$$



$$\bar{\rho}_{hdr} = 0.497$$

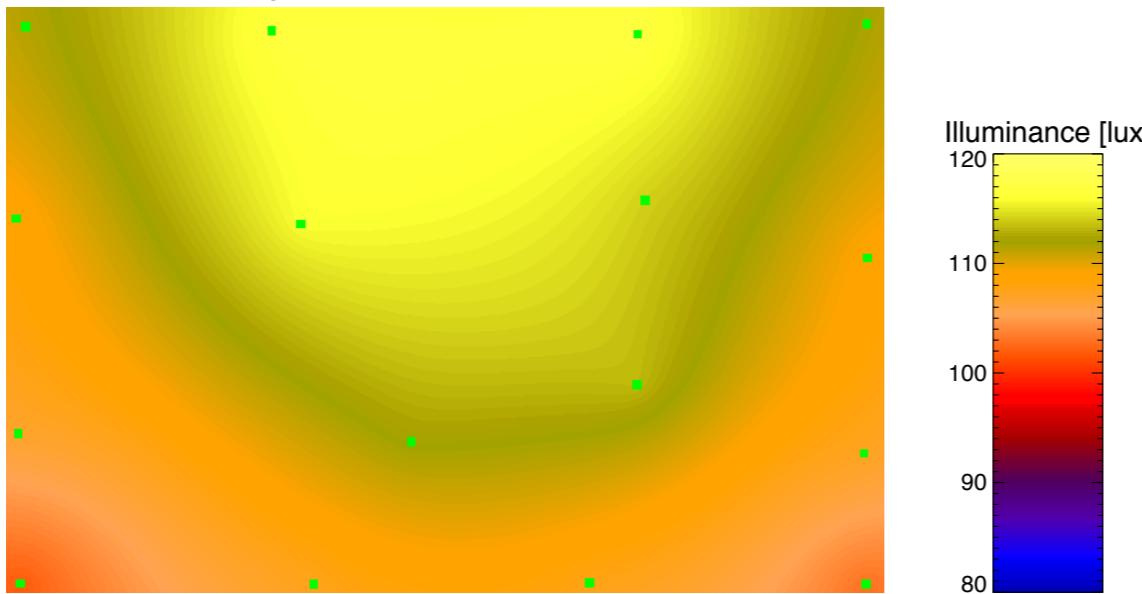


$$\bar{\rho}_{hdr} = 0.312$$

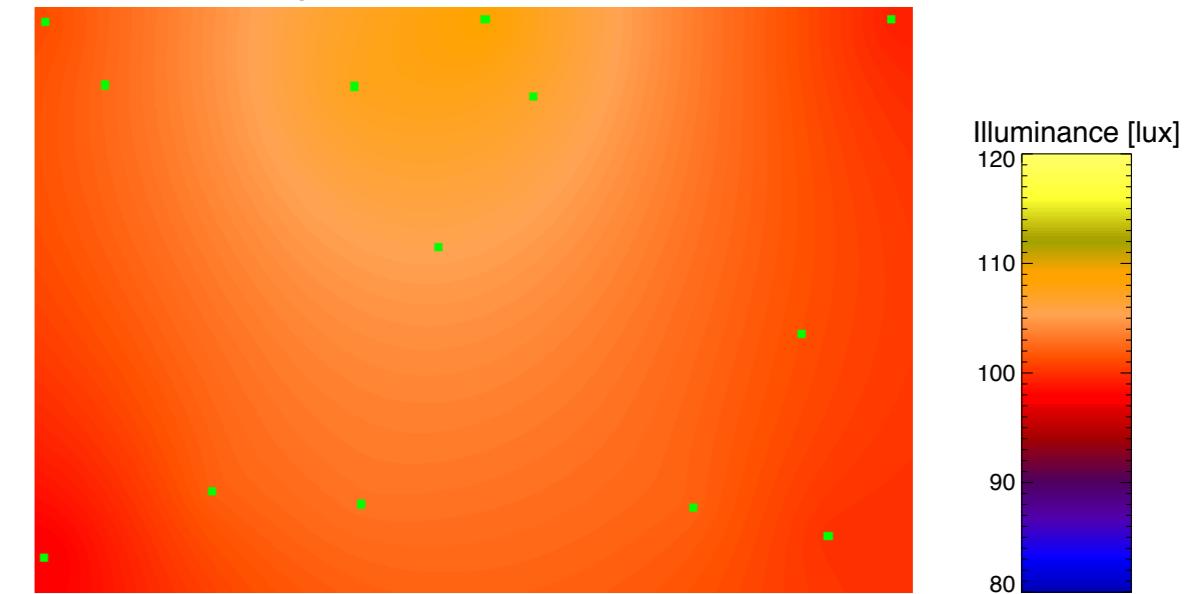
Part II

Gridding → refined method

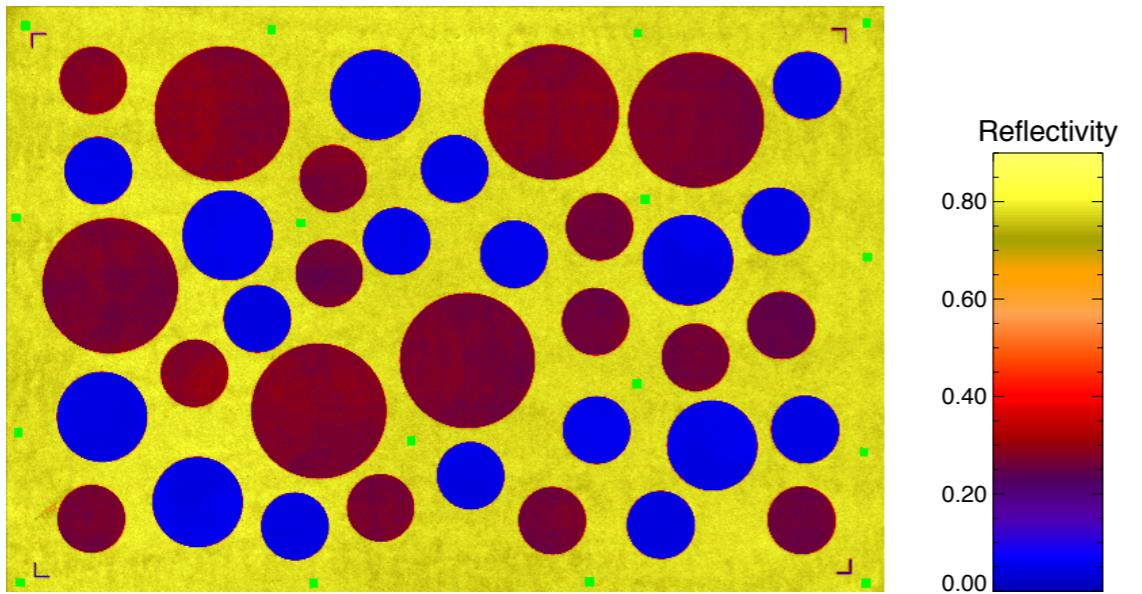
Interpolated illuminance field



Interpolated illuminance field

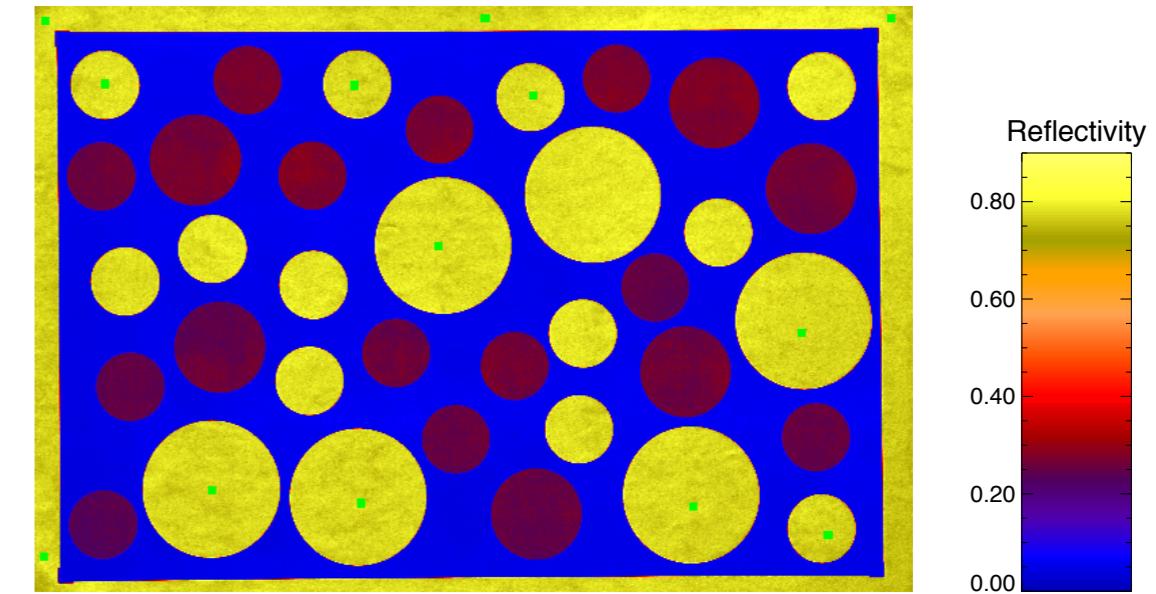


Reflectance map



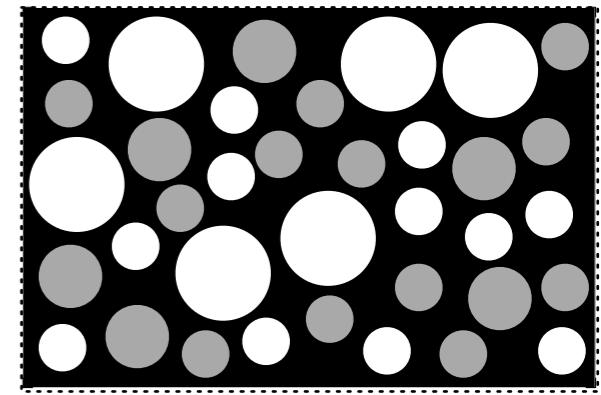
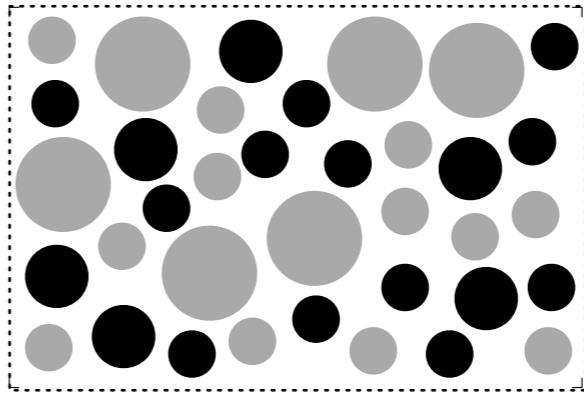
$$\bar{\rho}_{map} = 0.488$$

Reflectance map



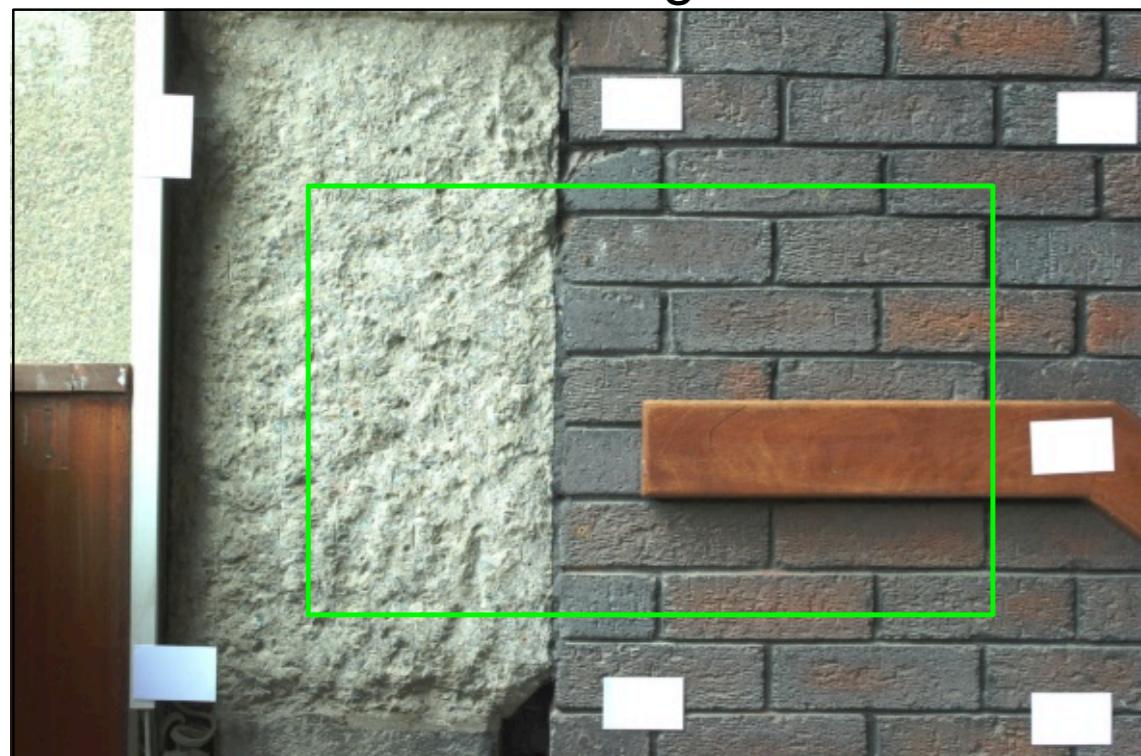
$$\bar{\rho}_{map} = 0.314$$

Part II

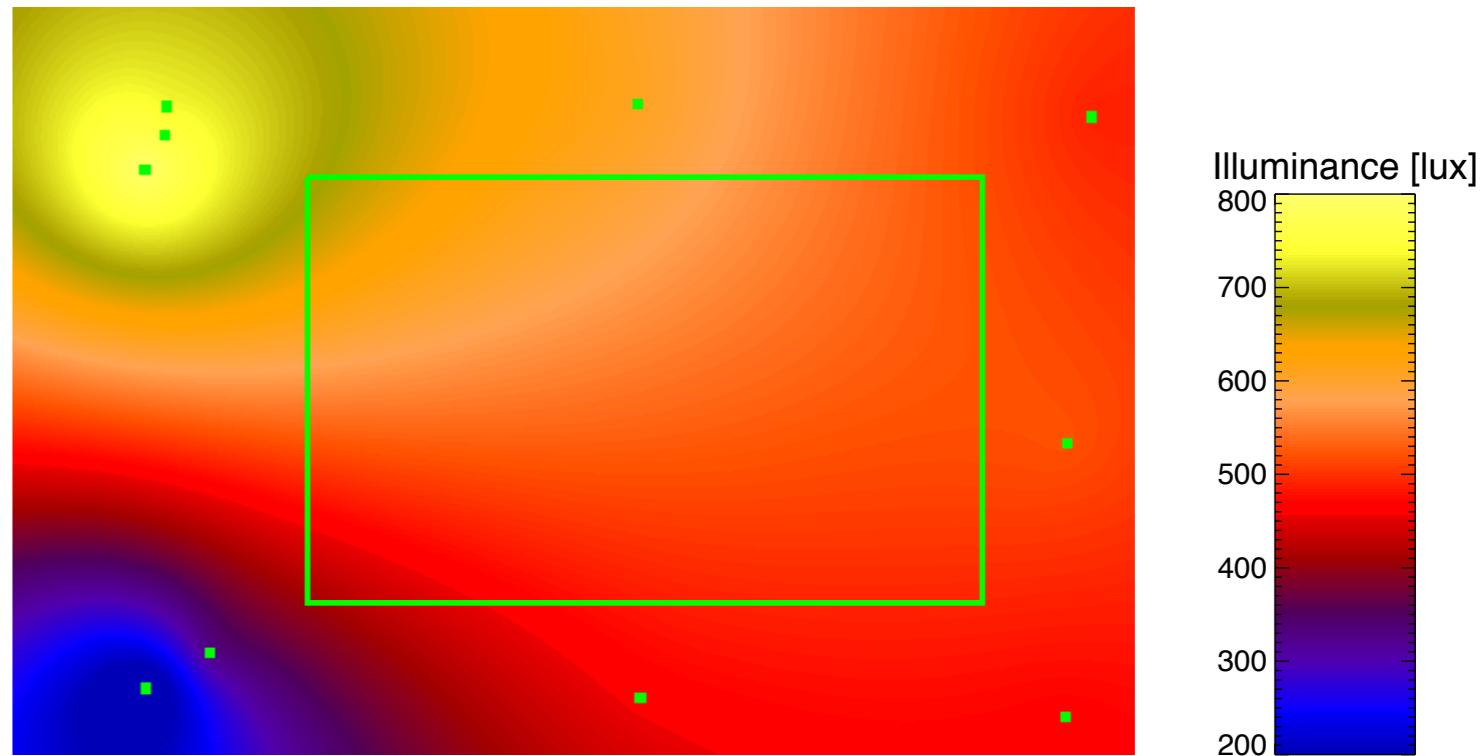


Quantity	White background	Black background
Calculated AWMR	0.484	0.296
Mean of 10 luminance values (white)	27.13 cd/m ²	24.95 cd/m ²
Mean illuminance across image	111 lx	102 lx
Mean luminance of HDR pixels	17.5 cd/m ²	10.1 cd/m ²
HDR derived AWMR - simple	0.497	0.312
Percentage divergence in AWMR	2.7%	5.4%
HDR derived AWMR - grid	0.488	0.314
Percentage divergence in AWMR	0.8%	6.1%

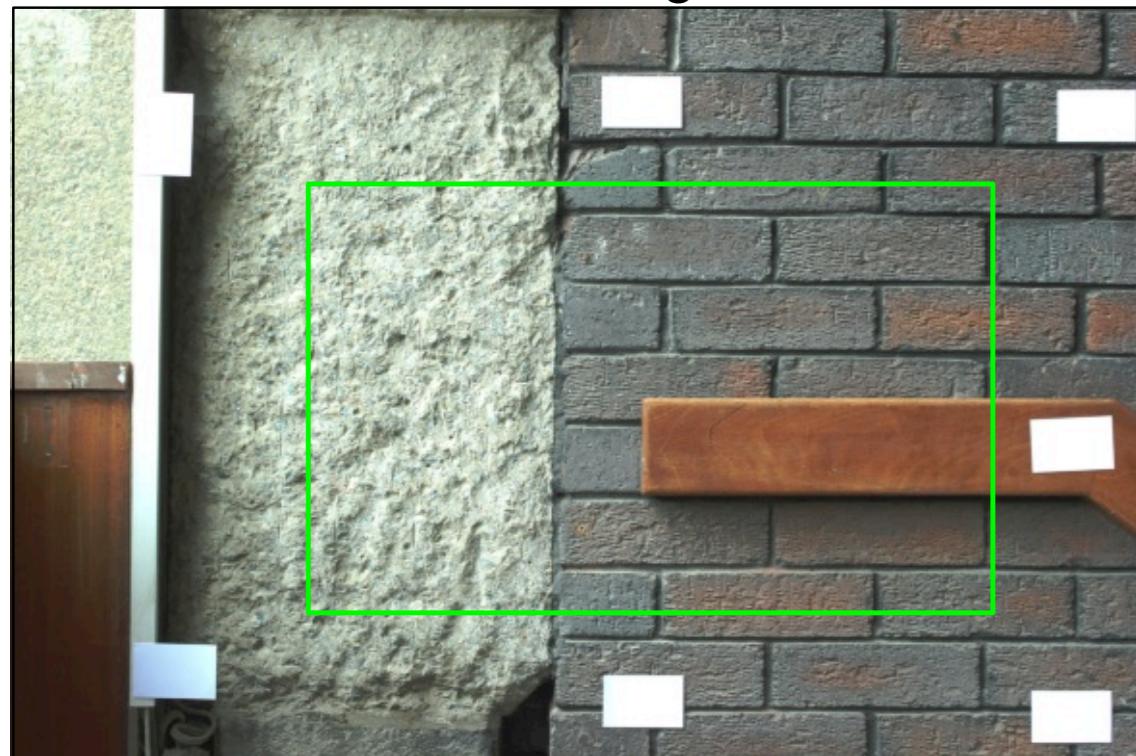
HDR image



Interpolated illuminance field

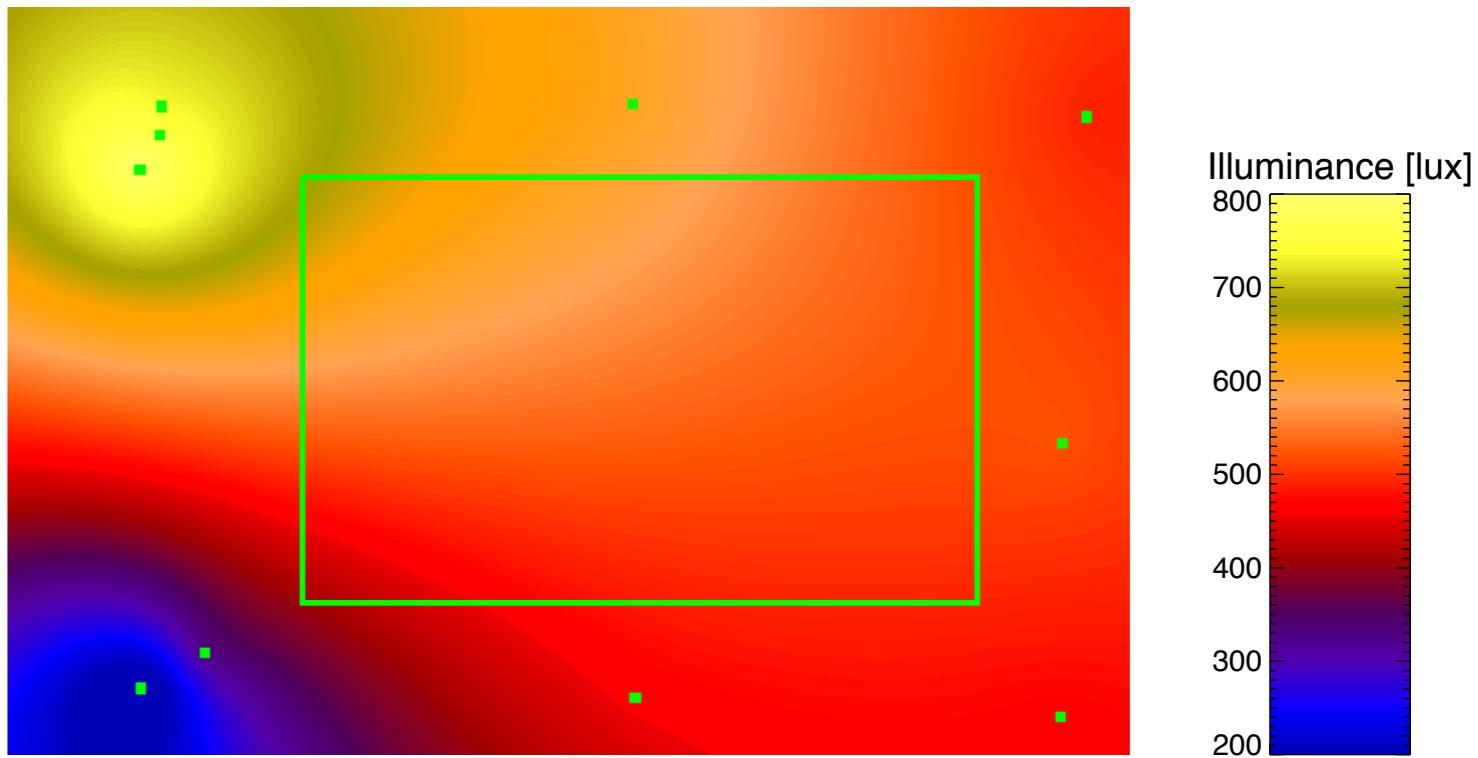


HDR image

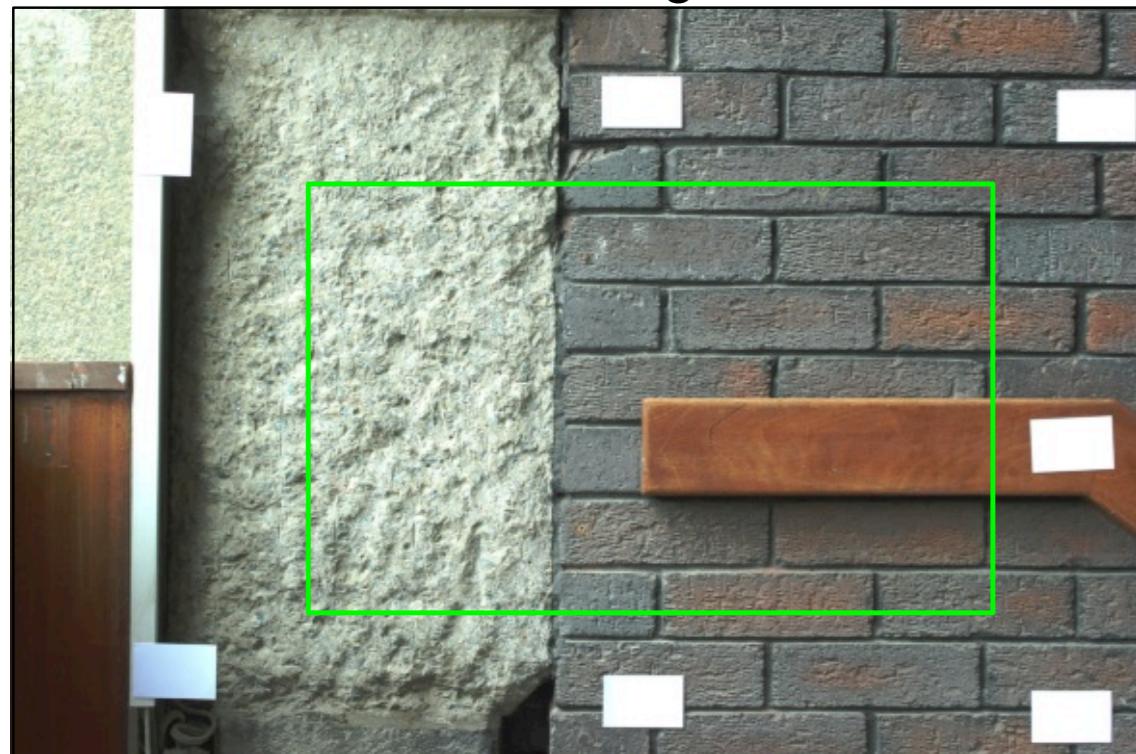


Part II

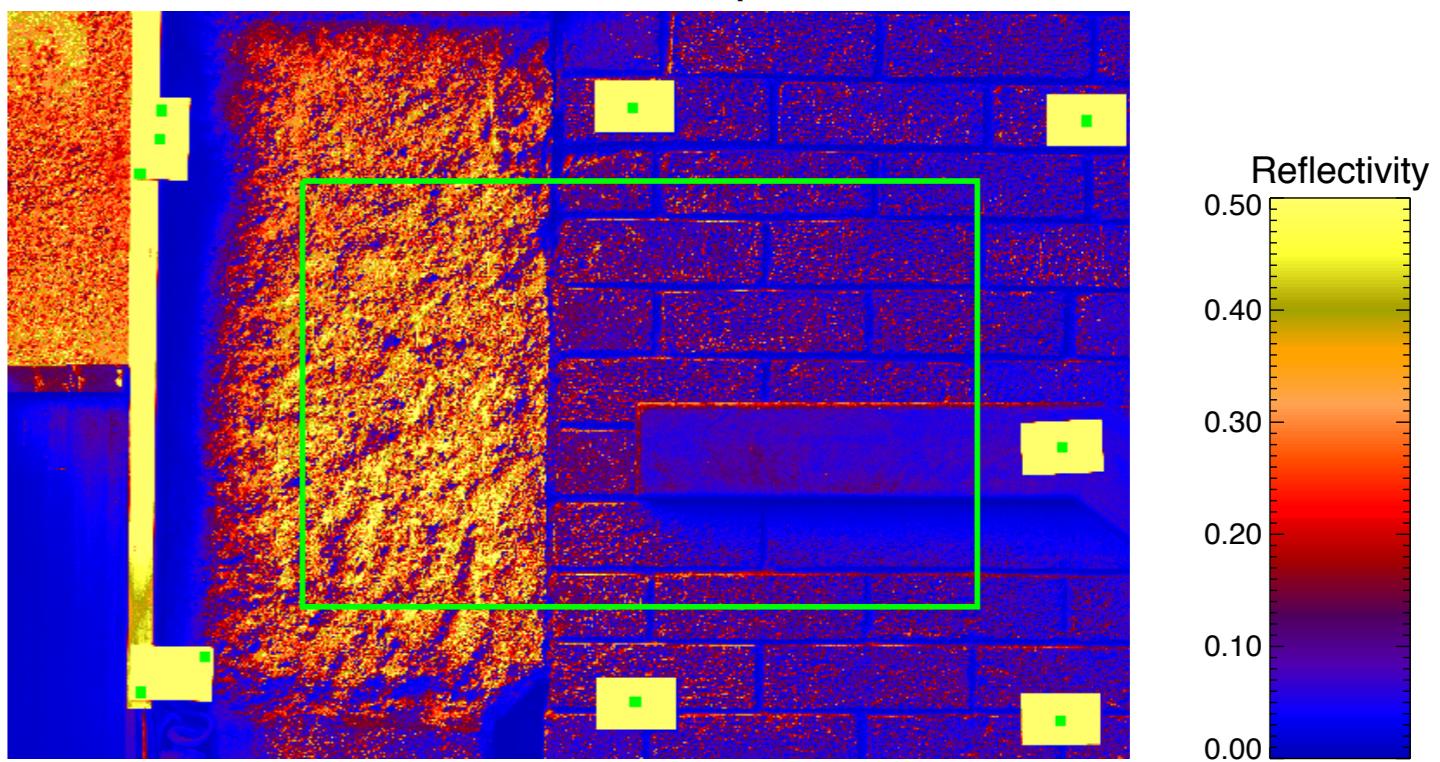
Interpolated illuminance field



HDR image



Reflectance map



$$\bar{\rho}_{map} = 0.159$$

Part II

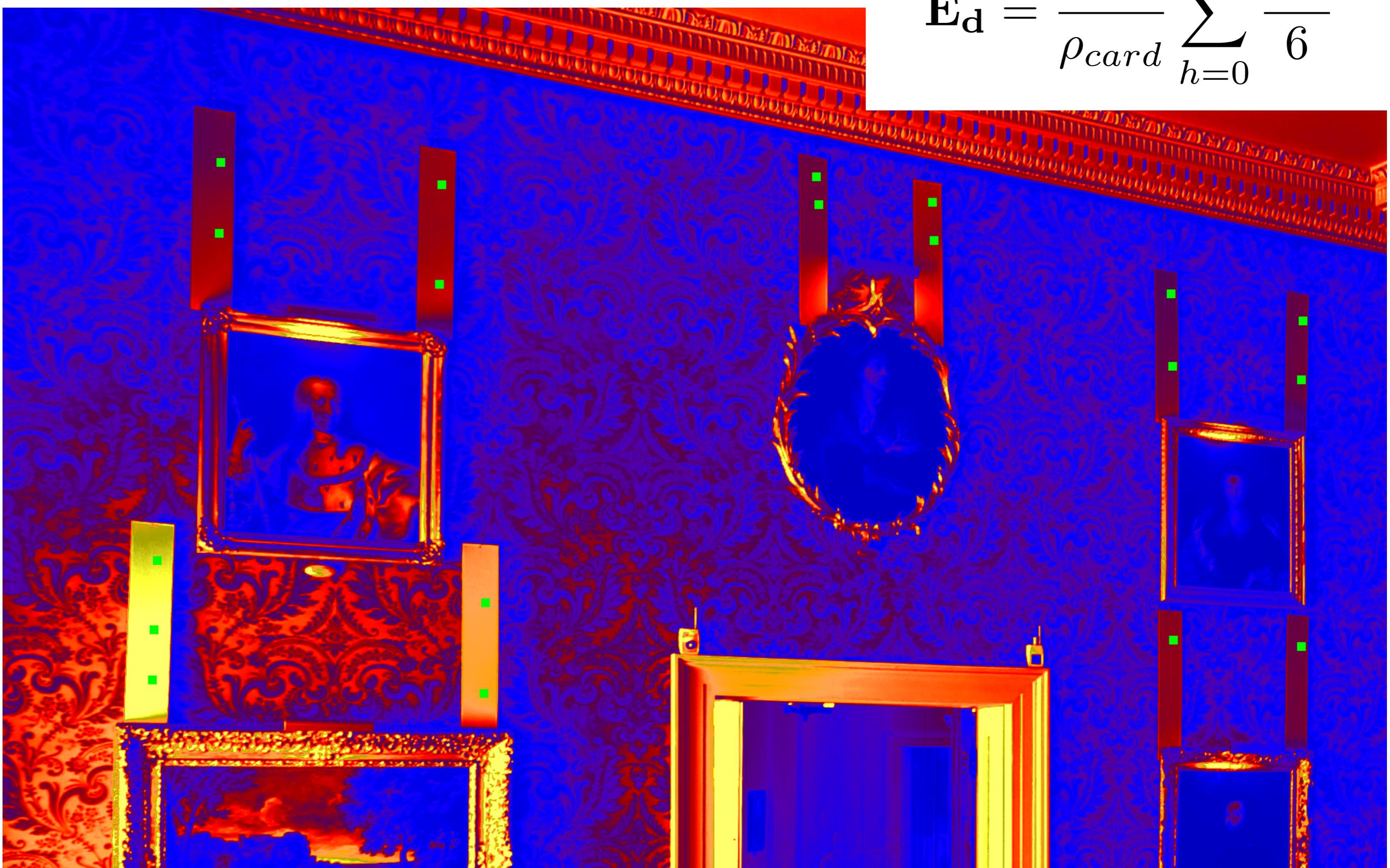
Long term exposure

08h10	08h10	08h30	08h30	08h40	08h40	08h50	08h50	09h00	09h00	09h10	09h10		10/5/14 9:00	0
09h20	09h20	09h30	09h30	09h40	09h40	09h50	09h50	10h00	10h00	10h10	10h10		10/5/14 9:15	0
10h20	10h20	10h30	10h30	10h40	10h40	10h50	10h50	11h00	11h00	11h10	11h10		10/5/14 9:30	0
11h20	11h20	11h30	11h30	11h40	11h40	11h50	11h50	12h00	12h00	12h10	12h10		10/5/14 9:45	0
12h20	12h20	12h30	12h30	12h40	12h40	12h50	12h50	13h00	13h00	13h10	13h10		10/5/14 10:00	0
13h20	13h20	13h30	13h30	13h40	13h40	13h50	13h50	14h00	14h00	14h10	14h10		10/5/14 10:15	0
14h20	14h20	14h30	14h30	14h40	14h40	14h50	14h50	15h00	15h00	15h10	15h10		10/5/14 10:30	0
15h20	15h20	15h30	15h30	15h40	15h40	15h50	15h50	16h00	16h00	16h10	16h10		10/5/14 10:45	0
16h20	16h20	16h30	16h30	16h40	16h40	18h30	18h30						10/5/14 11:00	427
													10/5/14 11:15	494.8
													10/5/14 11:30	494.8
													10/5/14 11:45	494.8
													10/5/14 12:00	491.8
													10/5/14 12:15	462.4
													10/5/14 12:30	450.6
													10/5/14 12:45	450.6
													10/5/14 13:00	465.3
													10/5/14 13:15	459.4
													10/5/14 13:30	494.8
													10/5/14 13:45	494.8
													10/5/14 14:00	223.8
													10/5/14 14:15	397.6
													10/5/14 14:30	427
													10/5/14 14:45	427
													10/5/14 15:00	353.4
													10/5/14 15:15	262.1
													10/5/14 15:30	67.7
													10/5/14 15:45	67.7
													10/5/14 16:00	64.8
													10/5/14 16:15	41.2
													10/5/14 16:30	32.4
													10/5/14 16:45	32.4
													10/5/14 17:00	0

Part II

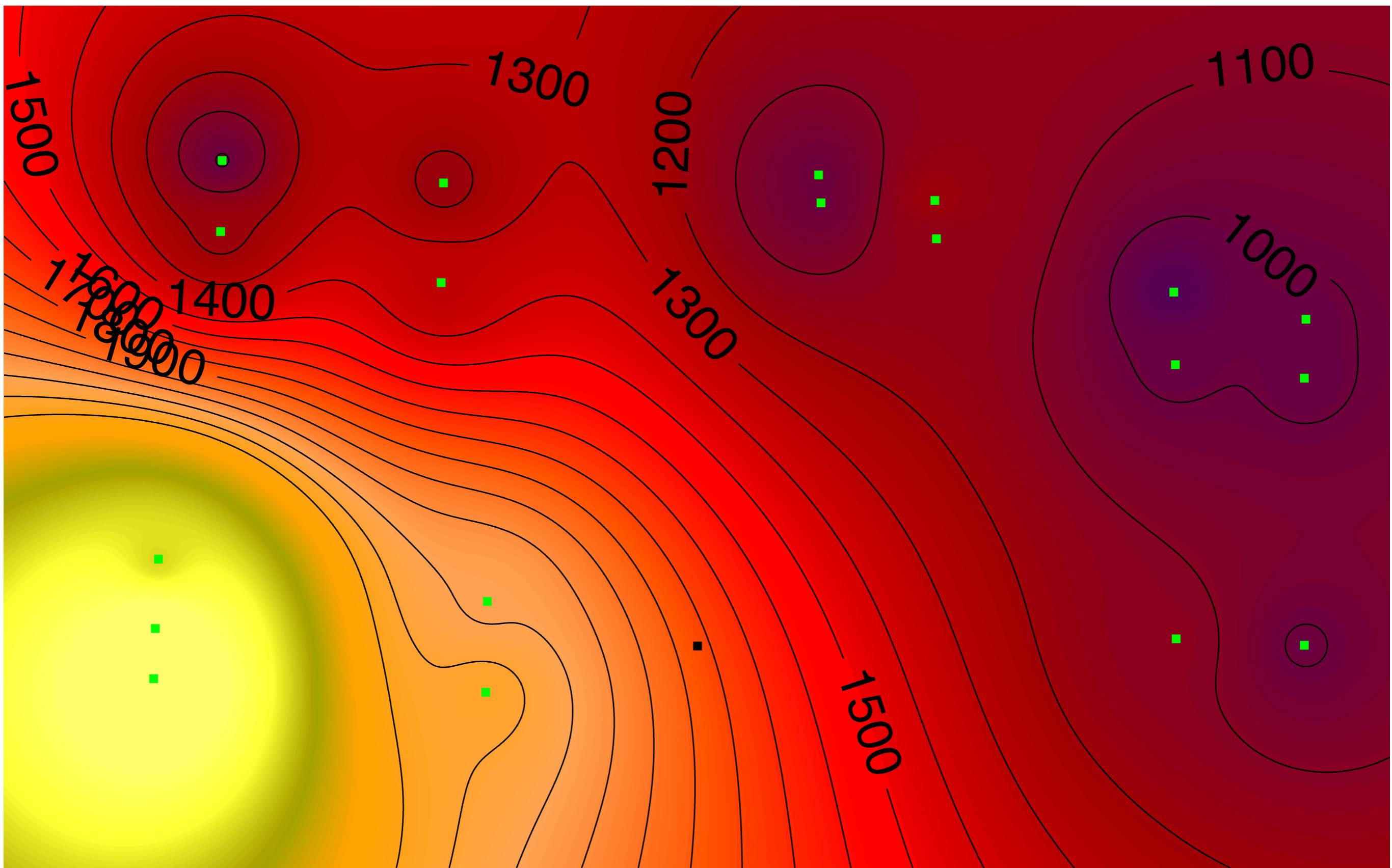
14-10-05

$$E_d = \frac{\pi}{\rho_{card}} \sum_{h=0}^{24} \frac{H_c}{6}$$



Part II

Interpolated illumination field [lux hours]



Part II

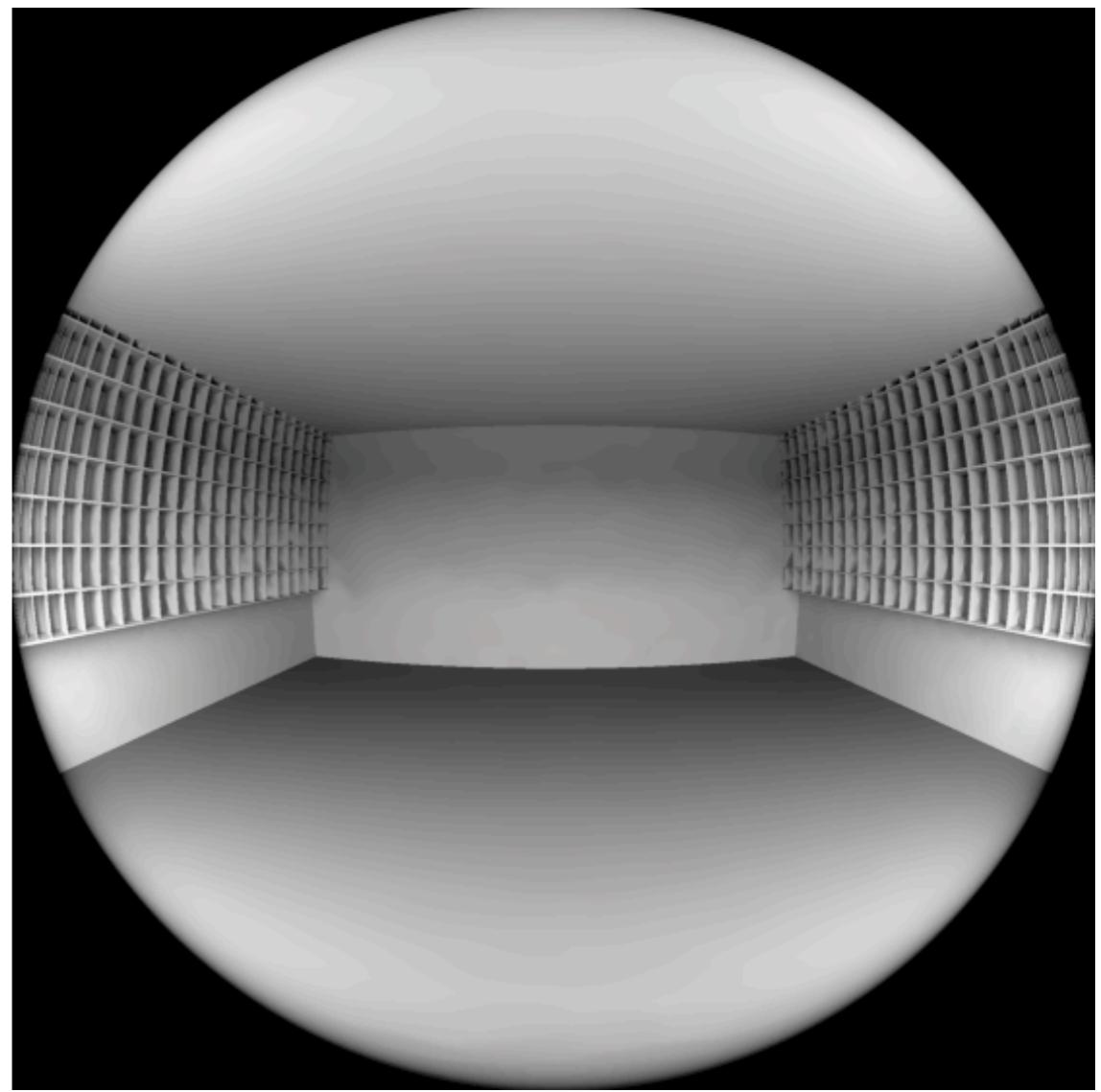
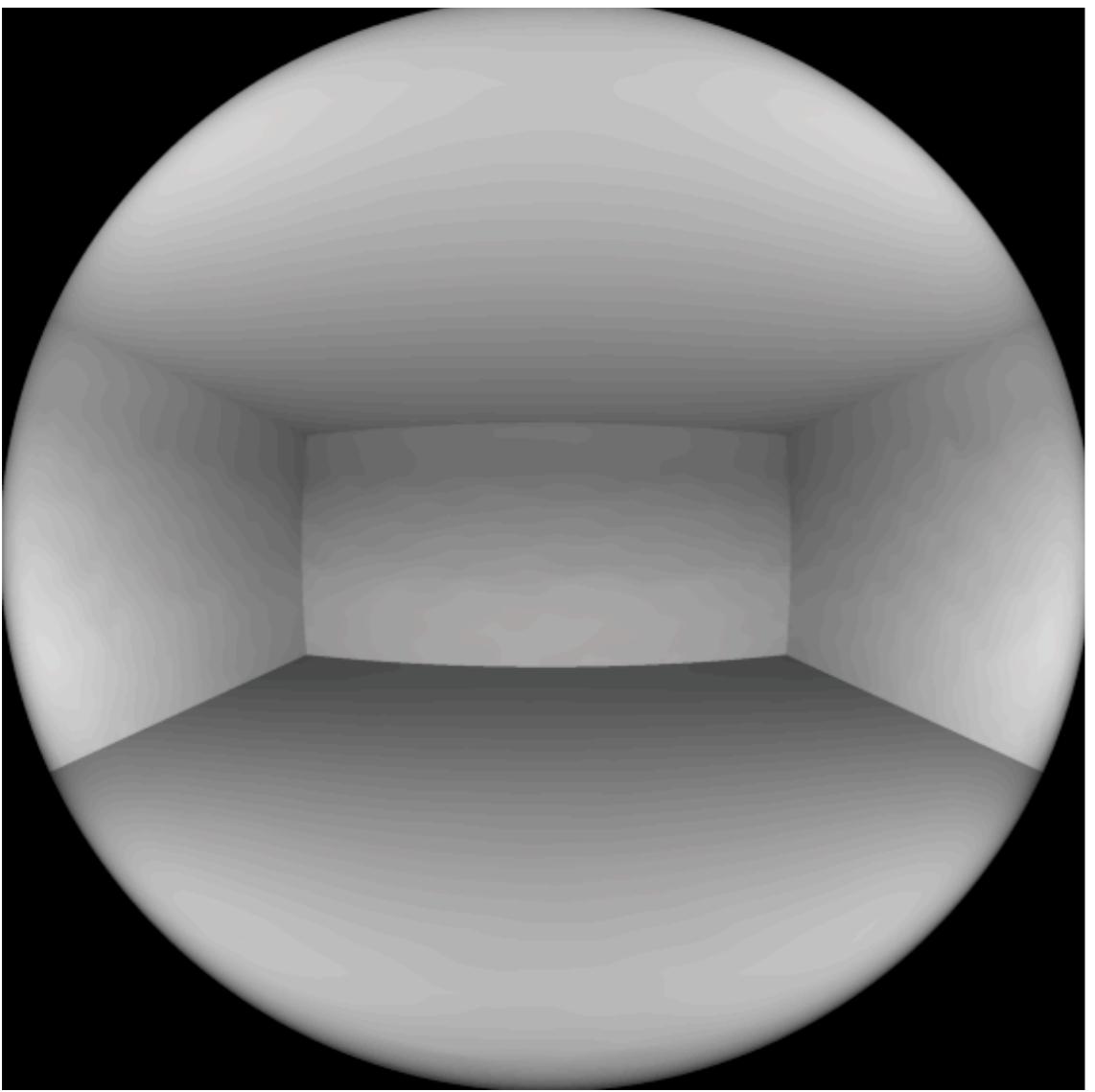
Surface texture



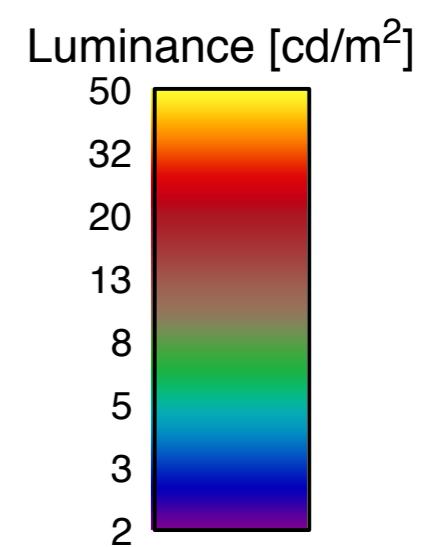
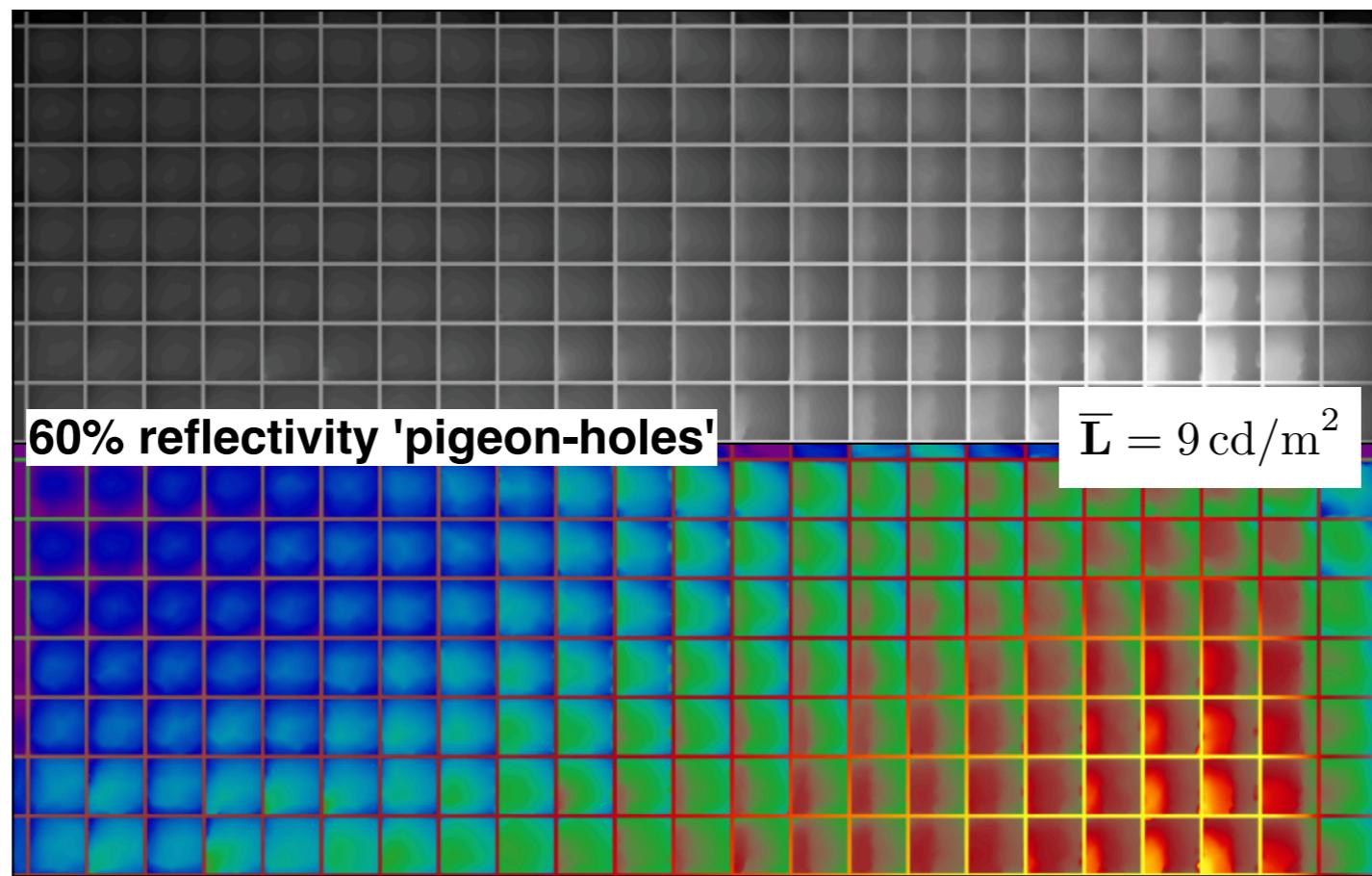
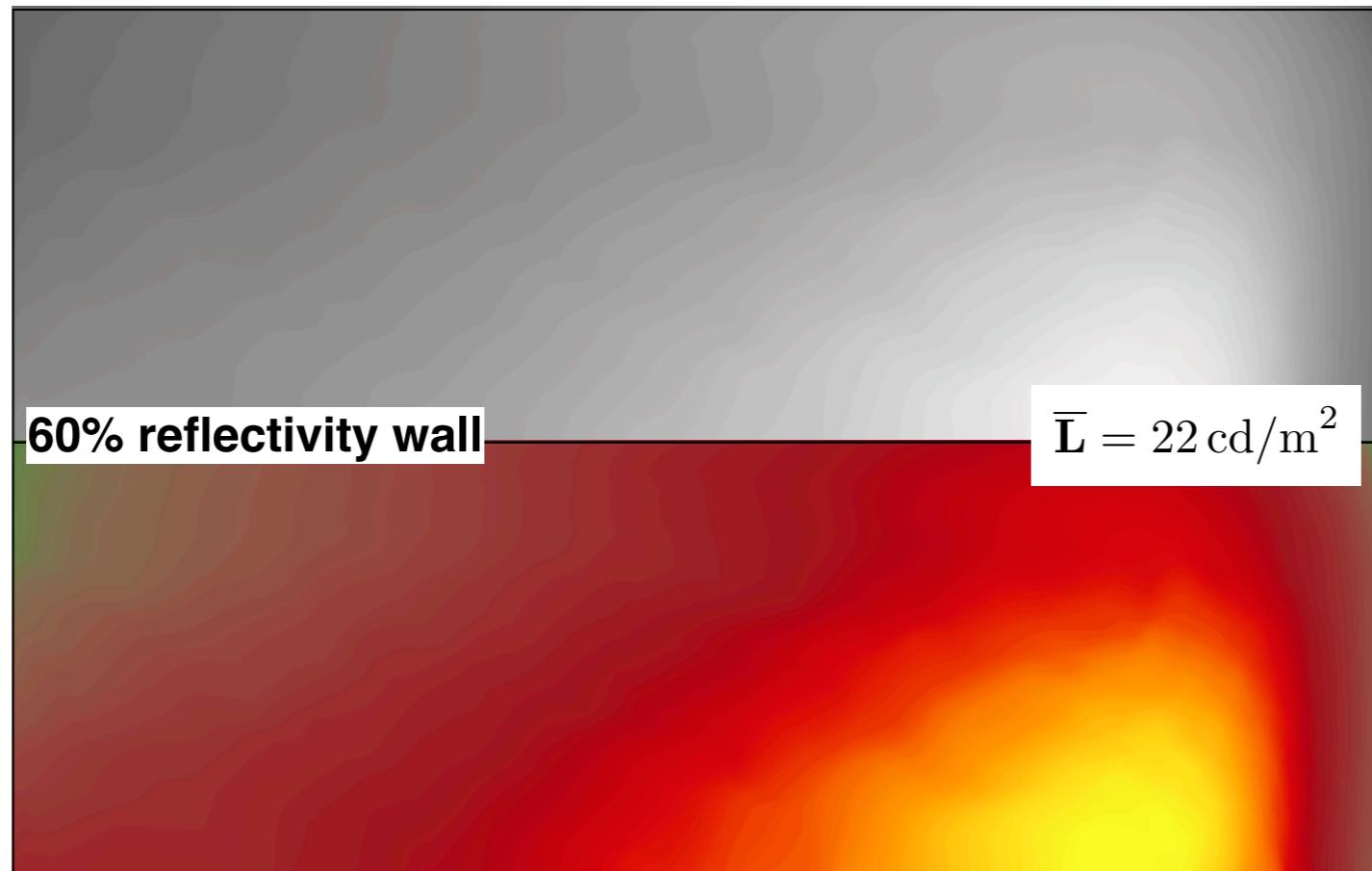
Part II



Part II



Part II



Part II

A big thank to Francesco Anselmo and Christina Hopfe
for their collaboration and support!

References:

- Mardaljevic, J., Bremilla, E. & Drosou, N., 2015. Illuminance-proxy high dynamic range imaging: A simple method to measure surface reflectance. In Proceedings of 28th CIE Session 2015. Manchester, UK, pp. 363–372.
- Bremilla, E., Mardaljevic, J. & Hopfe, C.J., 2015. Sensitivity Analysis studying the impact of reflectance values assigned in Climate-Based Daylight Modelling. In Building Simulation Conference. Hyderabad. (accepted)
- Drosou, N., Mardaljevic, J. & Haines, V., 2015. Unchartered territory: Daylight performance and occupant behaviour in a live classroom environment. In VELUX Daylight Symposium. London, UK. (accepted)

Thank you!

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