



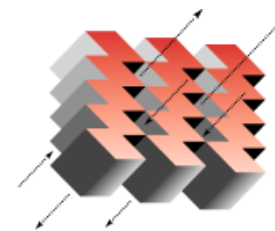
SPOT on!

Accurate Prediction of Electric Lighting Reduction due
to Daylighting using rsensor

Zack Rogers, Integrated Design Associates, Inc



SPOT v4.0



ARCHITECTURAL ENERGY
C O R P O R A T I O N
Integrated Engineered Solutions

Developed by Architectural Energy Corporation

Produced with support from CEC, NEEA, PG&E, SCE
and CIEE

Radiance v3.9

MinGW Radiance Installer by Francesco Anselmo

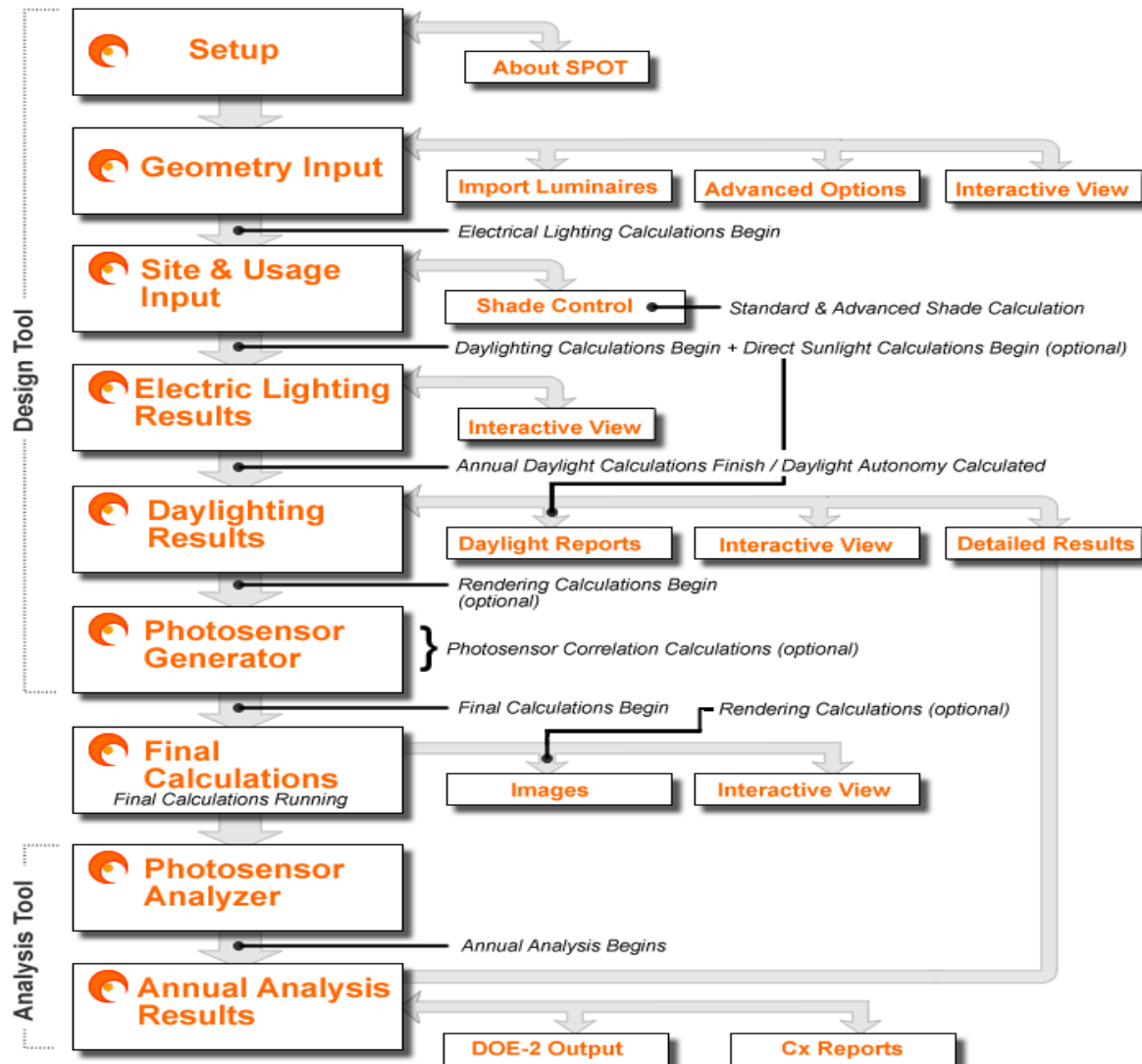
Daylighting Design Pieces

- Daylighting and electric lighting design
- Control system design (assume photosensor)
 - NLPIP Photosensor Report
 - Rsensor
- Account for daylighting in whole building energy use (model)
- Commission photosensor system





Daylighting Design Pieces




Daylighting Design

- What is good design?
- Tools
 - Animations
 - Physical models
 - Annual simulation
- Annual simulation versus key design conditions





Daylighting Design



Geometry Input

[Run Interactive View](#)[Advanced Options](#)[<< BACK](#)[NEXT >>](#)

Spatial Characteristics

Dimensions

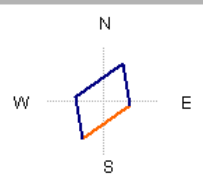
Width	20	ft
Length	45	ft
Height	10	ft
Workplane Height	2.5	ft
Wall Thickness	10	in
Skylight Depth	3	ft
Orientation	-20	deg

Surface Reflectances

Floor	25%	
Walls	60%	
Ceiling	80%	
Ground	20%	
Mullions	50%	
Lightshelves	85%	
Overhangs	75%	

Interactive Display - Overall Space

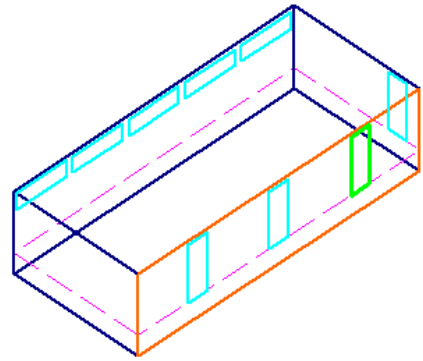
Compass



Legend

- Walls
- South Wall
- Workplane
- Window
- Active Element
- Lightshelf
- Overhang

Space Isometric



Apertures and Overhangs

Architectural Element Specification

Architectural Element: South Wall

Element Type: Window

Window Number: 1 [copy...](#)

Dist From Int. Left Wall: 8

Sill Height: 2.5 ft

Window Height: 7 ft

Window Width: 3 ft

Transmittance: 80 %

Window Treatment: s

Treatment Zone: 1

Interactive Display - Apertures and Overhangs

Legend

- Walls
- South Wall
- Workplane
- Window
- Active Element
- Lightshelf
- Overhang

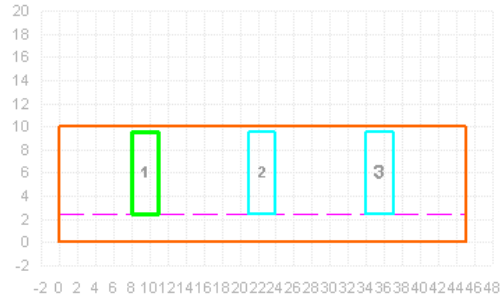
Properties

Wall Area: 450 sf

Glazing Area: 63 sf

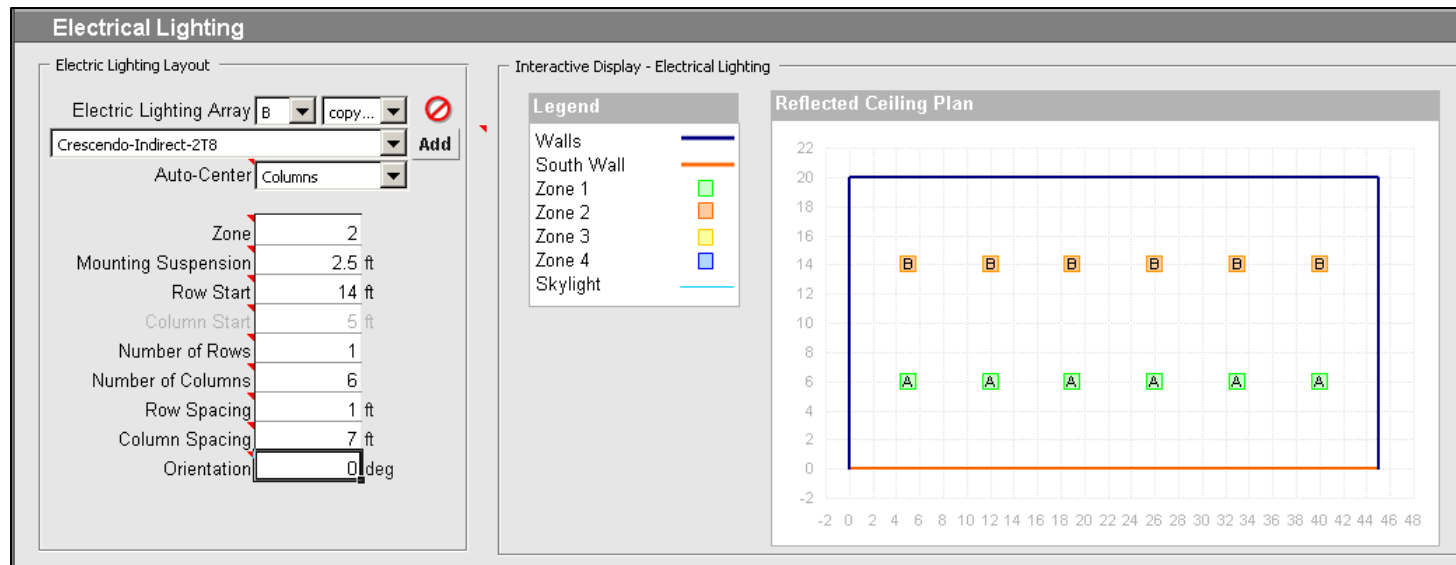
WWR: 14 %

South Wall - Interior Elevation





Electric Lighting Design





Annual Simulation Parameters

Radiance Parameters

	Calcs	
	Defaults	Override
Quality	M	
Detail	M	
Variability	M	
Ambient Value -av Red	0.1	
-av Green	0.1	
-av Blue	0.1	
Ambient Resolution -ar	40	
Ambient Accuracy -aa	0.12	
Ambient Divisions -ad	512	
Ambient Super-samples -as	32	
Ambient Bounces -ab	4	
Direct Sampling Ratio -ds	0.2	
Direct Presampling -dp	512	
Direct Jitter -dj	0	
Direct Threshold -dt	0.2	
Direct Relays -dr	2	
Direct Certainty -dc	0.5	
Specular Jitter -sj	0.7	
Specular Threshold -st	0.1	
Limit Relays -lr	4	
Limit Weight -lw	0.005	

SPOT Site and Usage Input

Site Information

State: Montana Latitude: 47.5°
City: Great_Falls Longitude: 111
Prime Meridian: 105
Elevation: 3661 ft

Weekly Schedule

Hour	Mon	Tues	Wed	Thurs	Fri	Sat	Sun
1am	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2am	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
3am	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
4am	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5am	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
6am	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
7am	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.0
8am	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
9am	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.2	0.0
10am	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.2	0.0
11am	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.2	0.0
12pm	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.2	0.0
1pm	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.2	0.0
2pm	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.2	0.0
3pm	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.2	0.0
4pm	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.2	0.0
5pm	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.0
6pm	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.0
7pm	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.0
8pm	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
9pm	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
10pm	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
11pm	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
12am	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

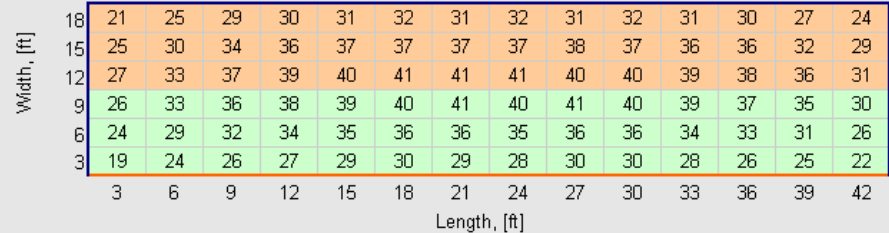


Illuminance Results

Nighttime Workplane Illuminance, [fc]

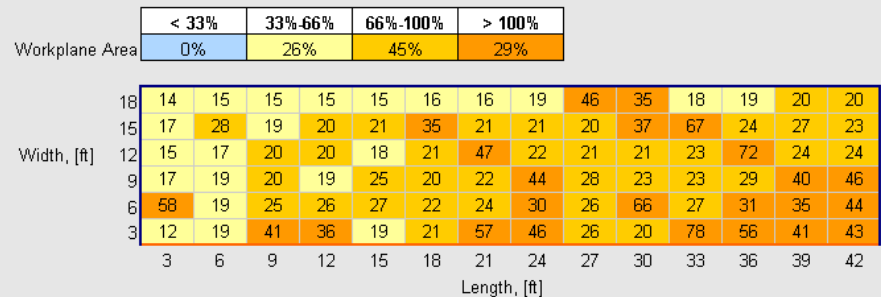
	Average	Max	Min	Max/Min	LPD
Zone 1	32.0	40.9	19.4	2.1	0.75
Zone 2	33.6	41.2	21.3	1.9	0.75
Total	32.8	41.2	19.4	2.1	0.75

Light Loss Factor
Design Illuminance 30 fc



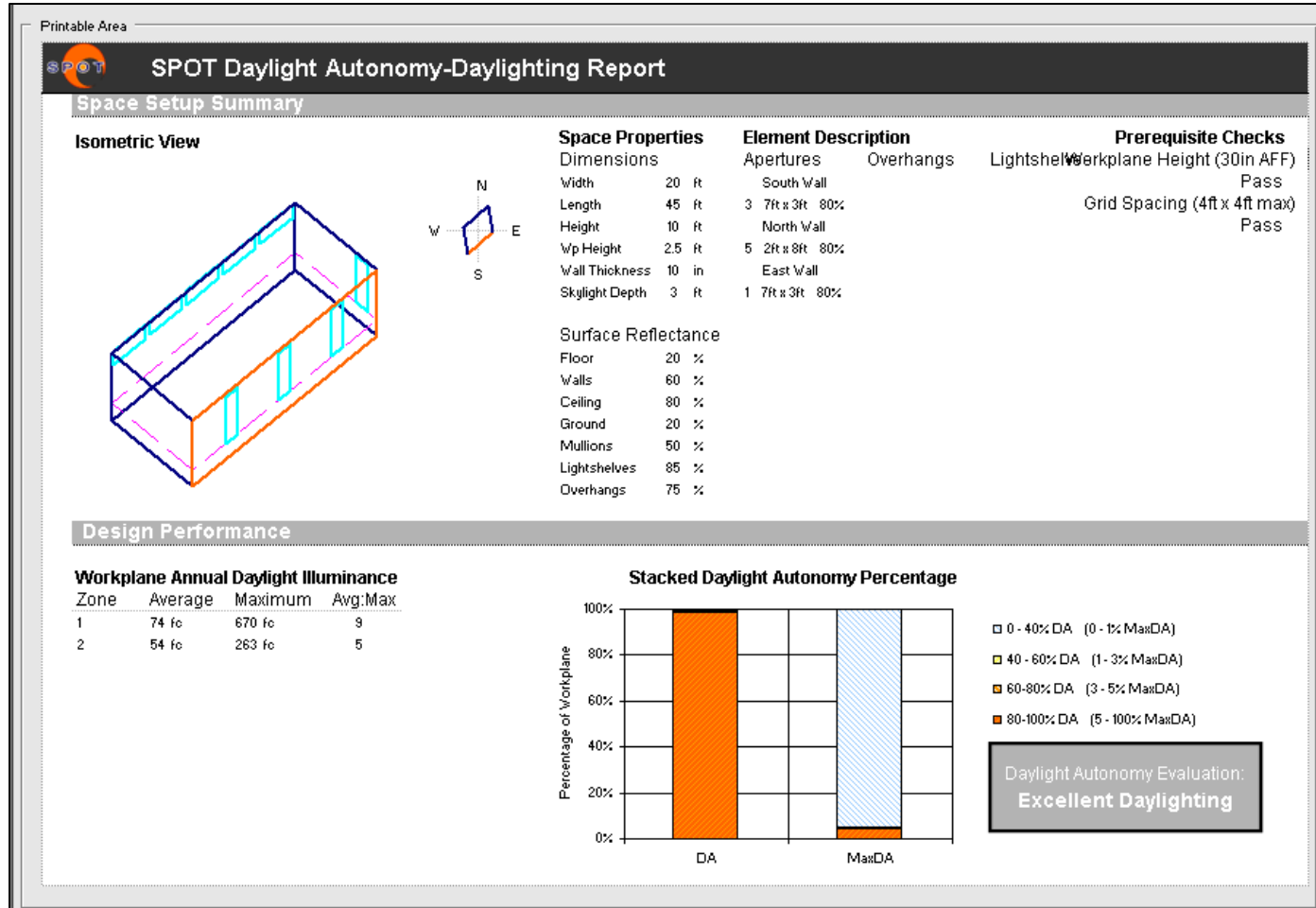
Annual Daylight Workplane Illuminance, [fc]

Design Condition		Zone 1			Zone 2			Shades?
		Avg	Max	Min	Avg	Max	Min	
Clear Sky								
○ Winter	9:00 AM	17	33	8	12	17	8	Z1Z2
○	12:00 PM	58	193	17	38	115	19	Z1Z2
○	4:00 PM	27	58	10	16	51	10	Z2
● Equinox	8:00 AM	32	78	12	24	72	14	Z1Z2
○	12:00 PM	75	342	23	44	49	32	Z1Z2
○	4:00 PM	23	34	13	31	38	20	Z1Z2
○ Summer	8:00 AM	40	157	20	38	45	28	Z1Z2
○	12:00 PM	64	374	21	58	71	39	Z1Z2
○	4:00 PM	34	43	18	60	74	35	Z1Z2





Metric Comparison

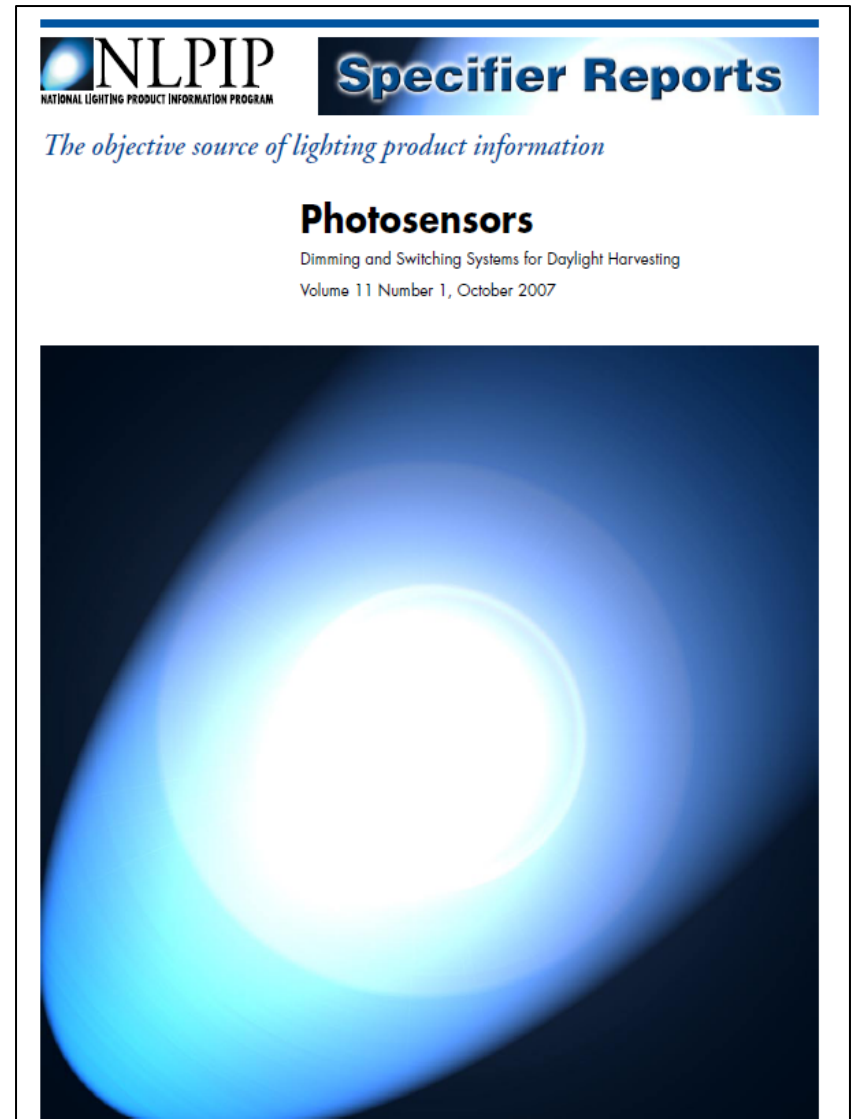


Tools and Current Methods

- Rules of thumb (Mistrick, Rubenstein)
 - Sensor location and spatial sensitivity to avoid view of glazing
- EnergyPlus and DOE-2
 - Split flux methods
 - Assume photosensor signal is proportional to workplane illuminance
- SPOT and other tools
 - Radiance
 - Accurately represent photosensor signal

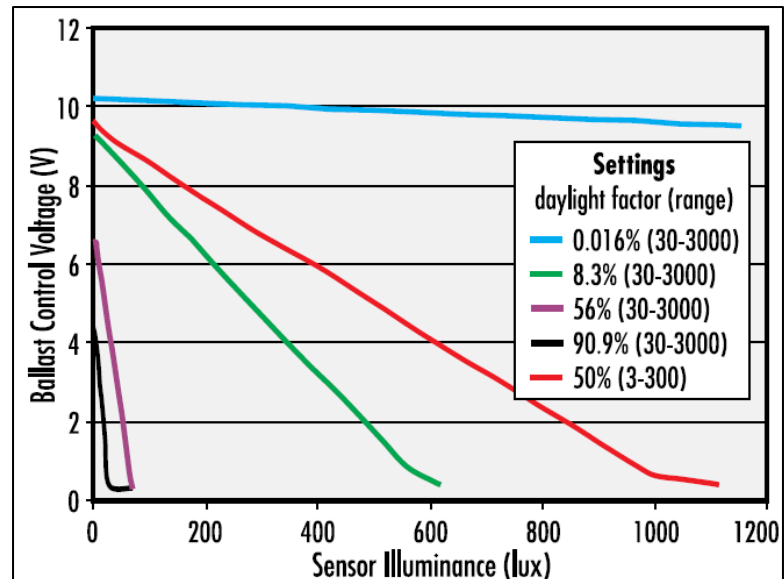
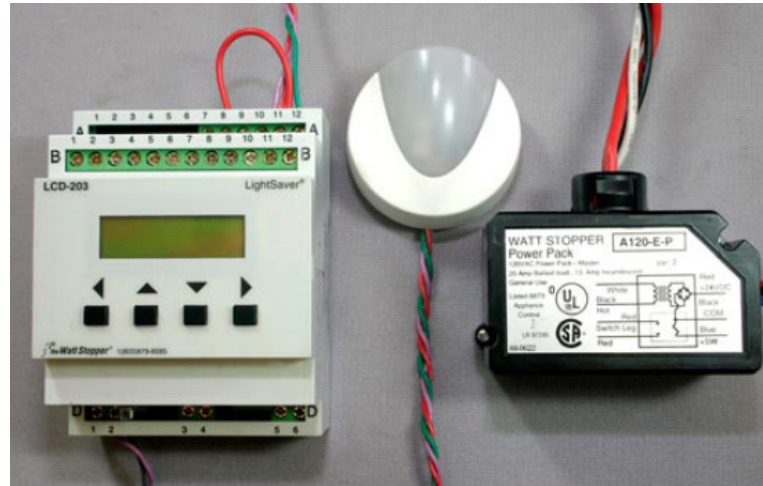
NLPIP Report

- Sponsored by CEC et al.
- Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute's Lighting Research Center performed photosensor testing
- Spatial, spectral and control response

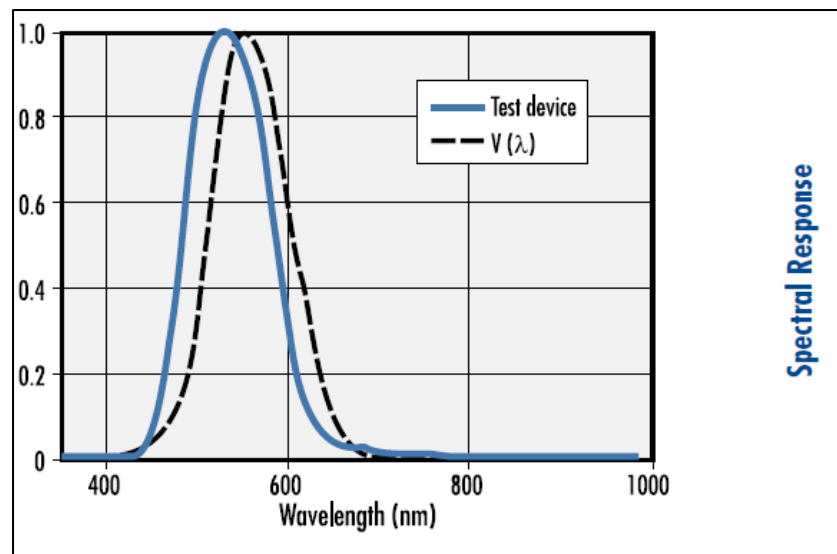
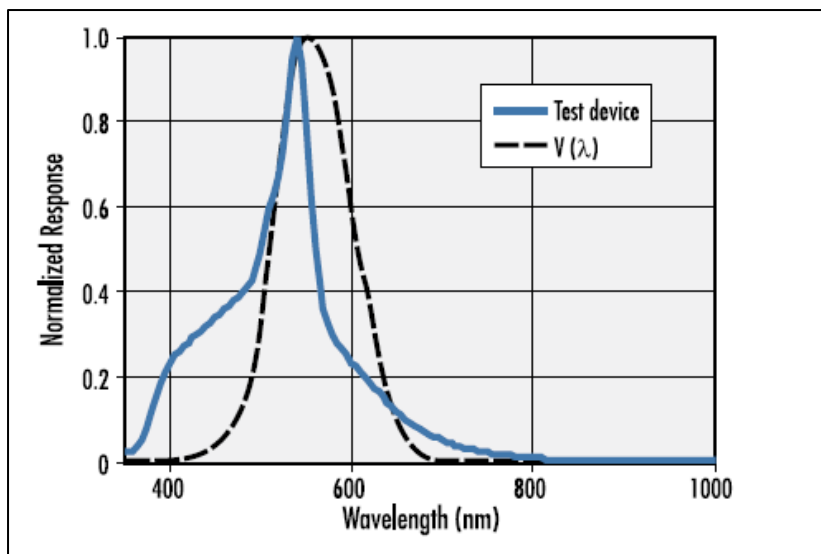


NLPIP Report

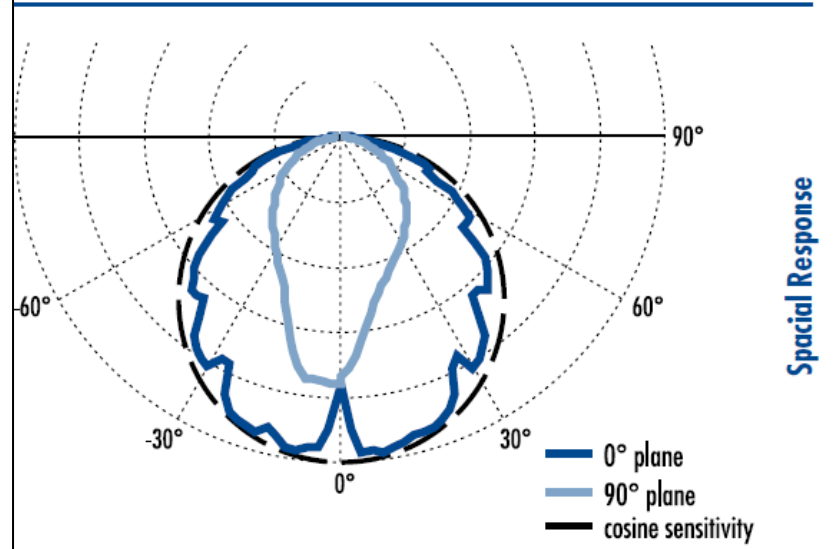
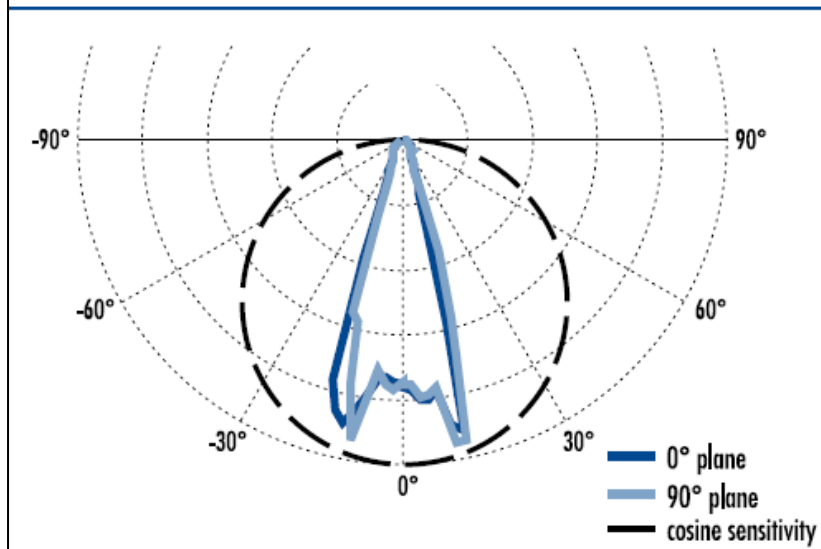
Company
Axis Technologies, Inc.
Douglas Lighting Controls, Inc.
Easylite Lighting Systems
Leviton Manufacturing Co.
Lithonia Lighting - Acuity Brands
Lutron Electronics Co., Inc.
Novitas
PLC-Multipoint, Inc.
Sensor Switch, Inc.
Watt Stopper/LeGrand



NLPIP Report



Spectral Response



Spatial Response

Lighting Design

Control Design

Energy Model

Commissioning

rsensor

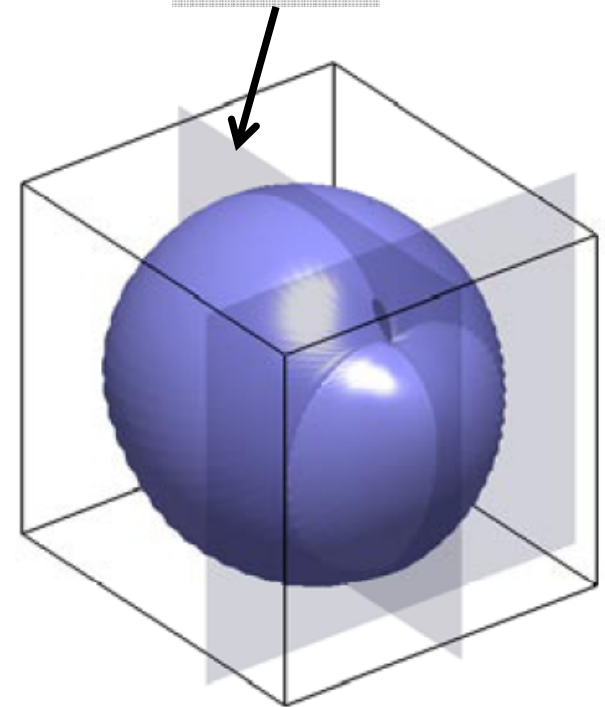
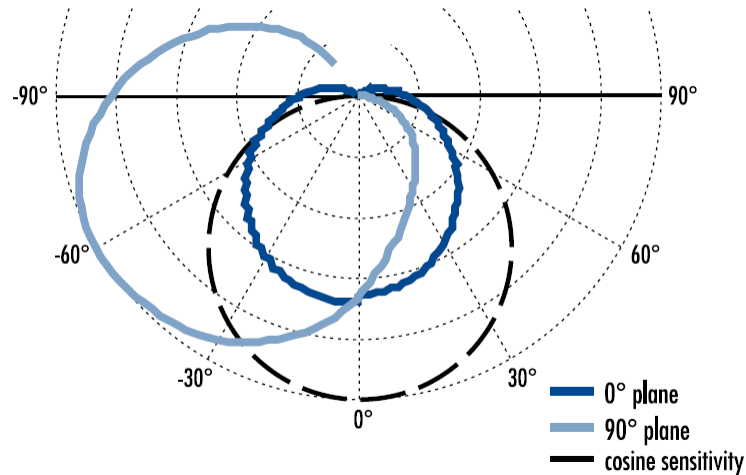
- Developed by Greg Ward for SPOT v4.0 and compiled using MinGW by Francesco Anselmo
- Differs from psens (written by Ehrlich, et al.)
 - psens uses pic
 - psens applies square projected pixel shape
 - rsensor acts like rtrace
 - rsensor allows calculation of multiple sensors
 - rsensor cross-platform

rsensor Input

- -rd, -dn, -h, -n and other render options
- View origin (-vp), orientation (-vd) and rotation (-vu), where rotation gives zero azimuthal direction
- Sensor file (one per view)
 - Evenly spaced data
 - Rows give polar angle, columns give azimuth angle

rsensor Input

degrees	0	90	180	270
0	0.66	0.66	0.68	0.67
44	0.48	0.28	0.52	0.98
90	0.16	0.02	0.19	0.81



Lighting Design

Control Design

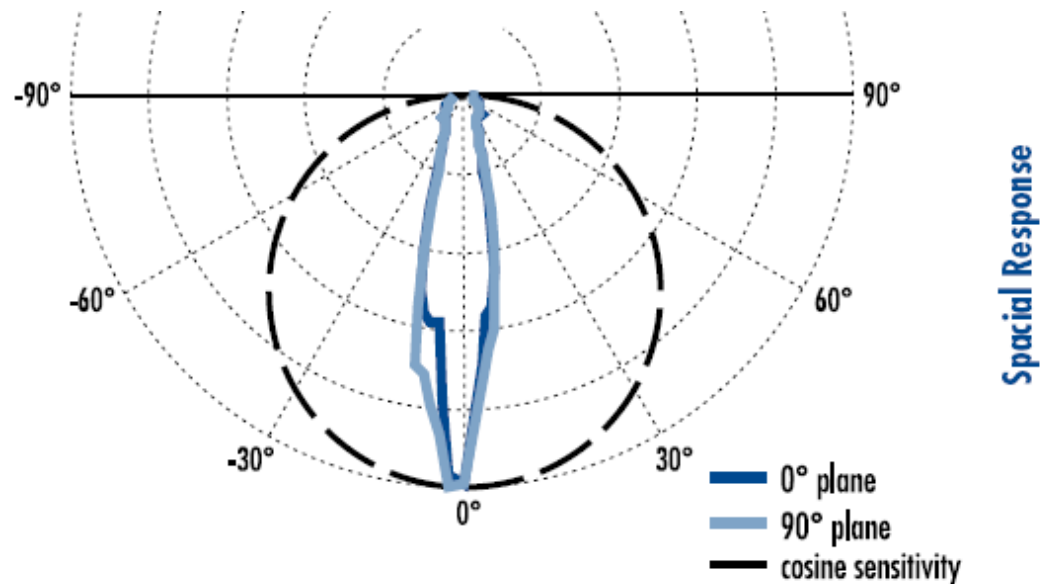
Energy Model

Commissioning

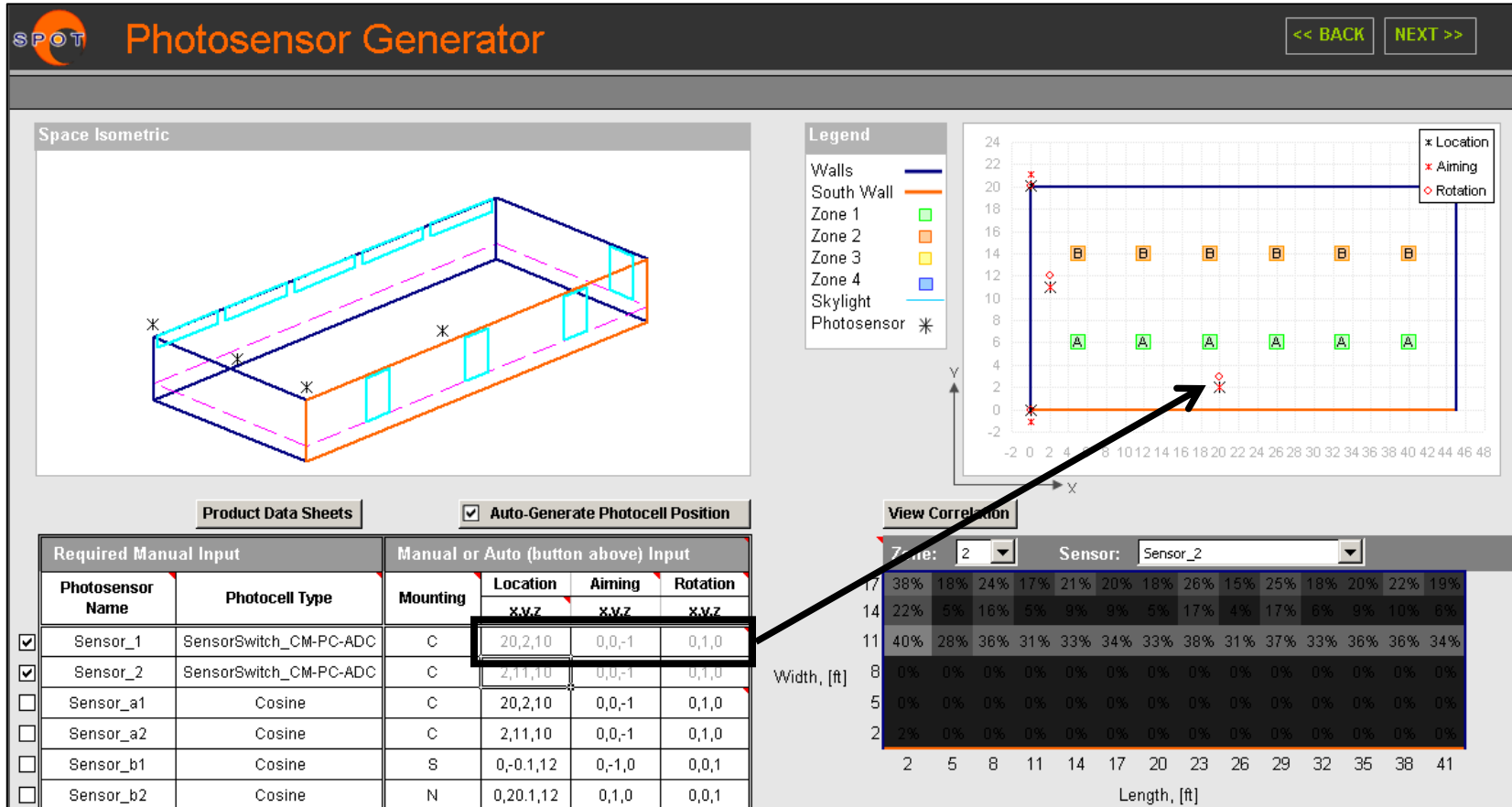
rsensor Output

- RGB values for use with human visual system or sensor spectral weights
- Example output with standard photometric RGB weights:

- Cosine
 - 35
 - **fc**
- Product
 - 3
 - **relative signal**



Photocell Correlation



-vp 20 2 10

-vd 0 0 -1

-vu 0 1 0

Photosensor Comparison

Luminaire Zone

Zone I

Zone I

Photocell Type

Product Specific

Generic Cosine

Controller Algorithm

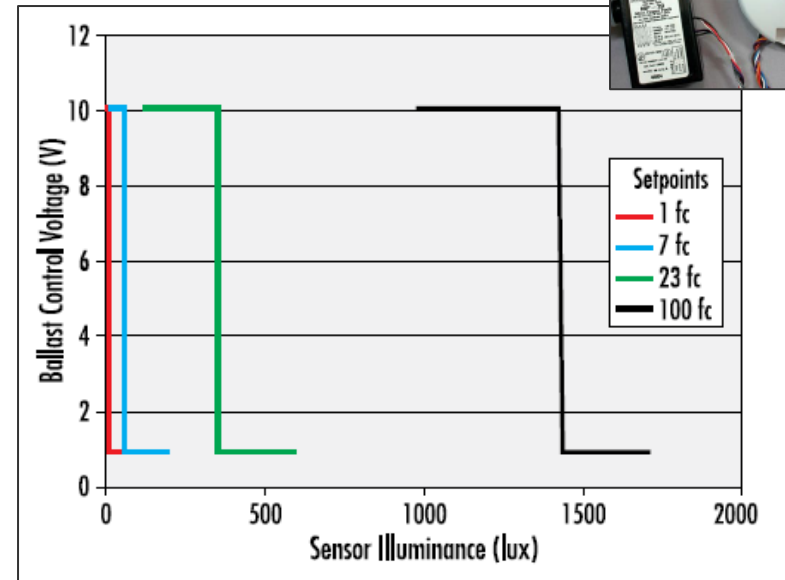
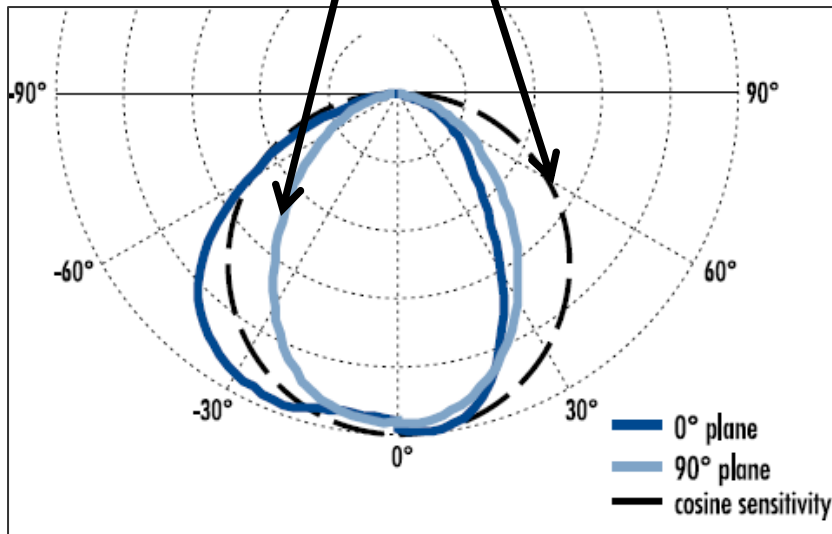
Continuous Dimming, Constant Setpoint

Continuous Dimming, Constant Setpoint

Nighttime Signal

14

26



Lighting Design

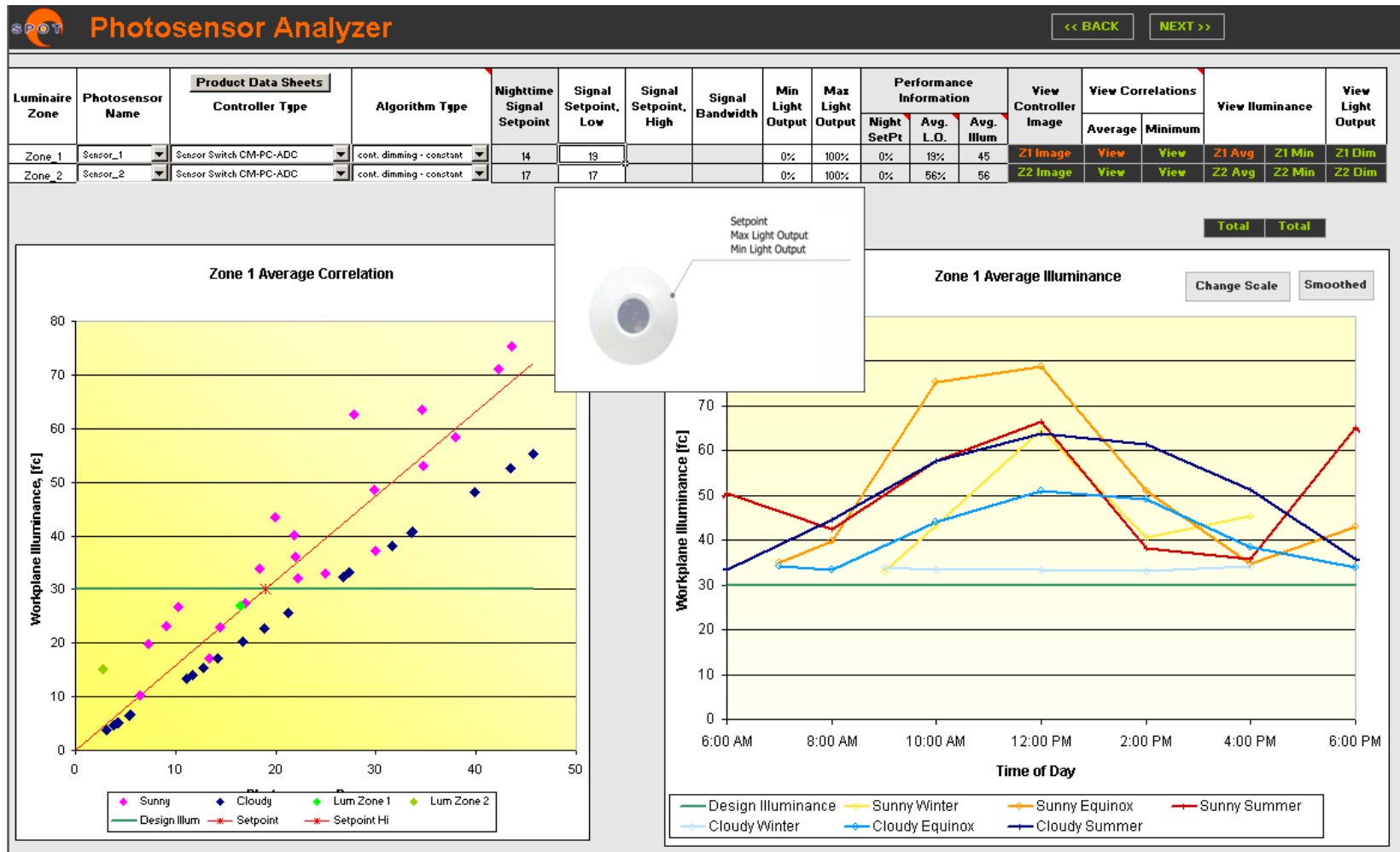
Control Design

Energy Model

Commissioning

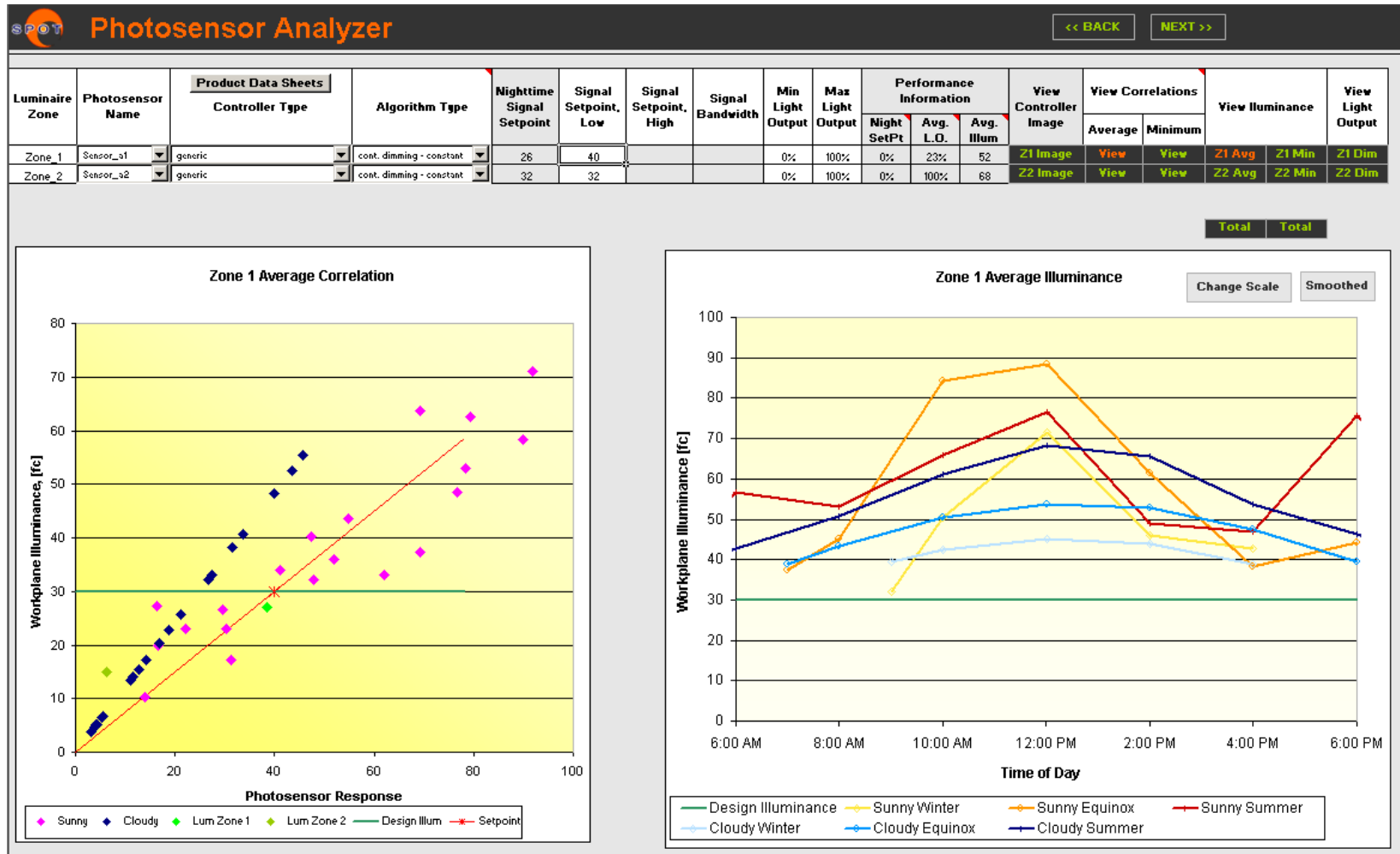


Photosensor Analyzer - Product






Photosensor Analyzer - Generic





Annual Results

- Product – 30% output



Analysis Tool - Annual Analysis

CX Report

DOE-2 Schedule

<< BACK

Annual Results

	Zone1	Zone2	Zone3	Zone4	Total
Average Light Output	0.13	0.47			0.30
Electric Savings, [kWh/yr]	546	317			863
Heating Load, [kBtu/yr]	501	238			739
Cooling Load, [kWh/yr]	149	105			254
Average Illuminance, [fc]	65	59			62
Minimum Illuminance, [fc]	11	18			11
Maximum Illuminance, [fc]	670	2129			2129

Building / Campus Information

Number of Similar Spaces

1

Average Electricity Price

0.08 \$/kWh

Average Heating Price

0.89 \$/Therm

Building-Wide Results

	Total	Costs
Electric Savings, [kWh/yr]	863	\$ 69
Additional Heating Load, [kBtu/yr]	739	\$ 7
Cooling Load Savings, [kWh/yr]	254	\$ 20
	Total	\$ 83

- Generic – 58% output

SPOT

Analysis Tool - Annual Analysis

CX Report

DOE-2 Schedule

<< BACK

Annual Results

	Zone1	Zone2	Zone3	Zone4	Total
Average Light Output	0.16	0.99			0.58
Electric Savings, [kWh/yr]	530	5			534
Heating Load, [kBtu/yr]	474	0			474
Cooling Load, [kWh/yr]	148	3			151
Average Illuminance, [fc]	70	70			70
Minimum Illuminance, [fc]	14	21			14
Maximum Illuminance, [fc]	670	2144			2144

Building / Campus Information

Number of Similar Spaces

1

Average Electricity Price

0.08 \$/kWh

Average Heating Price

0.89 \$/Therm

Building-Wide Results

	Total	Costs
Electric Savings, [kWh/yr]	534	\$ 43
Additional Heating Load, [kBtu/yr]	474	\$ 4
Cooling Load Savings, [kWh/yr]	151	\$ 12
	Total	\$ 51

Energy Model Integration

- Hourly LPD multiplier schedule
- Account for power curve of dimming ballasts
- Must match other schedules in energy and SPOT models
 - Weather file
 - Occupancy schedule
 - SHGC due to active daylighting device



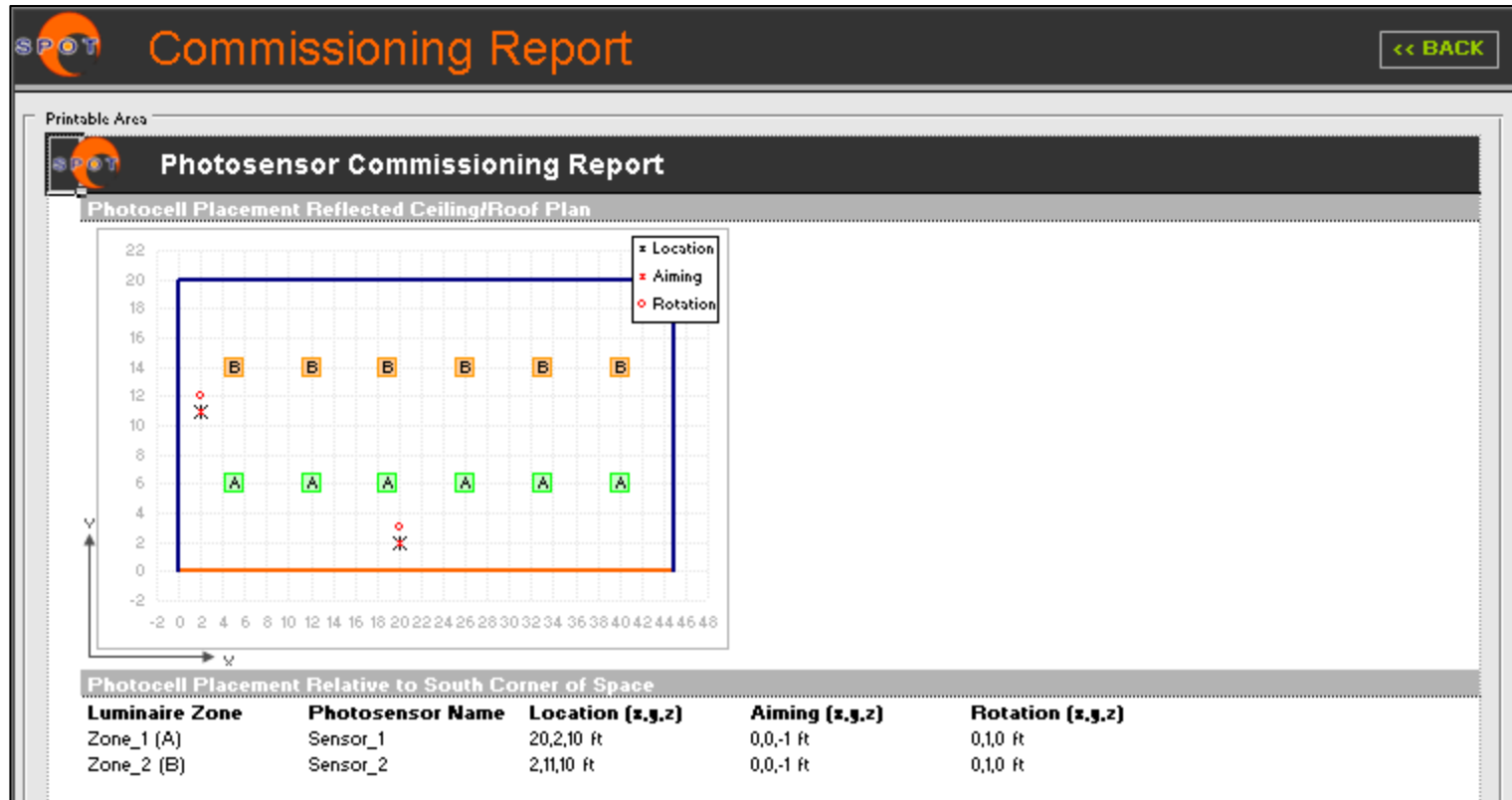
Annual Lighting Schedule

LPD Fraction in DOE-2 Format

```
spot_2 = SCHEDULE
TYPE = FRACTION
THRU JAN 7
(MON) (1,24) (0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.18 0.46 0.36 0.44 0.38
0.18 0.18 0.04 0.00 0.02 0.18 0.12 0.12 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 )
(TUE) (1,24) (0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.18 0.45 0.19 0.43 0.38
0.18 0.12 0.07 0.02 0.14 0.18 0.12 0.12 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 )
(WED) (1,24) (0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.18 0.39 0.15 0.41 0.37
0.08 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.15 0.18 0.12 0.12 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 )
(THU) (1,24) (0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.18 0.38 0.17 0.30 0.24
0.10 0.02 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.18 0.12 0.12 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 )
(FRI) (1,24) (0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.18 0.39 0.07 0.17 0.00
0.07 0.01 0.00 0.00 0.03 0.18 0.12 0.12 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 )
(SAT) (1,24) (0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00
0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 )
(SUN) (1,24) (0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00
0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 )
(HOL) (1,24) (0.0)
```



Commissioning Report - Position





Commissioning Report - Settings

Printable Area

Photosensor Commissioning Report

TestClass_1, Zone 1 Sensor Switch CM-PC-ADC

Summary

Controller Image

Setpoint
Max Light Output
Min Light Output

CX Settings

"fc" Setpoint: 19

Notes

All sensor programming is done by pressing the button on the side of the unit the number of times corresponding to the function. LED will blink back the current FN setting. Press button number of times for new desired setting

Setpoint
(Use FN #5 to set the ten's digit and FN #6 to set the one's digit of the setpoint given in the top of the CX report.)
(Use FN #5 to set the ten's digit and FN #6 to set the one's digit of the setpoint given in the top of the CX report.)

Dimming Limits
(Use FN #15 to set the upper dimming level limit.)
(Use FN #16 to set the lower dimming level limit.)
(The percent levels given above should be related to volts using a power curve of the ballast used.)

Notes taken directly from the Sensor Switch Programming Instructions and Application Notes

Future of Daylighting Controls...

- Modeling
 - Photosensor report standard (Ian Ashdown – IESNA LM-74-05 XML)
 - Different design workflows
 - Optimization software
 - PIDO (Stanford) and OptE-Plus (NREL)
 - Others?
- System Design
 - Sensors optimized using rsensor
 - Smart sensors
 - Closed vs open vs dual loop

Future SPOT Development

- Integrate annual simulation of optical daylighting systems
- Validate annual sky approach and control algorithms?
- Include Energy + annual lighting reduction schedule format?
- Annual simulation for complex fenestration?
- Cross-platform?
- Plugin to Sketchup, revit, rhino?
- Importing of .rif files, dwg, obj, other?

References

- Download SPOT and other info at:
 - www.archenergy.com/SPOT
- SPOT support e-mail:
 - spotsupport@archenergy.com
- SPOT Users forum
 - <http://community.archenergy.com/mailman/listinfo/spot>
- NLPIP Photosensor Report
 - <http://www.lrc.rpi.edu/nlpip/publicationDetails.asp?id=916&type=1>

Questions?

Thoughts on
SPOT,
uses of rsensor or
the future of daylighting controls?